

Operation Manual for Hydraulic System

SunSource Fluid Power Systems 5750 Hillside Avenue Cincinnati OH 45233 (800) 289-7770

Customer Purchase Order Number 4382

SunSource Job Number PJ43A

AFS TECHNOLOGY

ISO 9001:2015 Certified

Your Partner in Fluid Power

Dear Valued Customer,

SunSource is pleased to provide your custom made hydraulic system.

Our Quality Statement is as follows: SunSource will provide our customers with the highest quality products and services focused on continuous improvement of our processes to provide on-time and errorfree product and performance.

We are happy to meet your needs and are looking forward to continuing an ongoing partnership in the future

.

The following page is an ISO-Customer Complaint form. If there is anything that you are not satisfied with — either in the product or service, it is vital that you we receive your feedback. Please complete the following customer complaint document and fax or mail to:

SunSource Fluid Power Systems Group

5750 Hillside Ave.

Cincinnati. OH 45233

Cincinnati, OH 45233 Fax#: 513-941-0583

Your feedback is needed not only to rectify the current situation, but to also ensure we meet all your future needs.



ISO-Customer Complaint Form

Documenting Complaint:	Date:
WHEN COMPLETED	
FAX TO: 513-941-0583	
Customer Name, Phone, etc.:	
Description of Problem/Complaint:	
Next Step:	

Preface

Hydraulic systems cannot be operated and maintained without following certain guidelines. We have attempted to compile a list of the most common precautions in use today.

This information is not intended as being all inclusive of recommended hydraulic practices, however the data provided should be considered general good practices to facilitate operation of your hydraulic equipment.

Installation

- 1. The most important practice to observe in assembling hydraulic systems is cleanliness. Serious damage can result quickly from foreign material in the system.
- 2. While in transit or during installation, both hydraulic units and hydraulic components may be subject to many usual conditions. Always inspect for damage or contamination (open ports, cracked or missing plugs, etc.) All hydraulic unit or component parts must be kept tightly plugged until final system connections are made.
- 3. Install components with secure mounting as required. Follow the schematic provided for piping. A pipe-sizing data sheet is enclosed for reference. Please refer to the chart located in the Flushing Procedures section. Careful attention must be paid to sizing and layout of hydraulic piping. Improper sizing or an excessive number of fittings can lead to loss of power and overheating. Additions to and deletions from the system must be designed into the system. A hydraulic system cannot be added to or capped off like a water system.
- 4. The importance of cleanliness in installations cannot be overemphasized. Be sure that all pipes are free of dirt, scale and rust. Field-fabricated reservoirs should be wiped down with an oiled, lint-free rag. No visible contaminants should remain in the reservoir. All pipes should be capped during installation to prevent sand and weld spatter from getting into the system.
- 5. Piping Recommendations: Hydraulic system piping must be clean and adequately sized for satisfactory system operation. If a schematic is provided, it will probably show suggested minimum sizing. Length of runs and practical experience should also be considered. Piping materials such as tubes, hoses and fittings must be clean. Iron pipe is usually the most troublesome. The best way to ensure you are starting with clean pipe is to use pipe that has been cleaned, pickled, lightly oiled and capped. Galvanized pipe should not be used. Be sure to use the proper tubing for your system pressure and pipe rating. Note: All hydraulic lines must be thoroughly flushed prior to connection of the components to the system.
- 6. Use compressed air to clean fittings as required in accordance with applicable safety precautions.
- 7. Examine pipe, fittings, hoses and tubing to be certain there are no scale, nicks, burrs or dirt present. Hoses, pipes, and tubing should be capped when stored.
- 8. Ream pipe and tubing ends to prevent swaged-over material from restricting flow or causing turbulence. Remove loose particles generated by reaming.
- 9. Never use high-pressure piping on pump inlet lines. The inside diameter is smaller and may restrict flow from reservoir to pump.
- 10. No burning or welding should be done near open hydraulic systems.
- 11. When using pipe sealing compound, leave the first two threads (inward) bare to keep sealing material from migrating into the system.

- 12. Do not use pipe compound on straight threads as this type of fitting depends on an "O" ring for sealing.
- 13. Select hoses adequate for the working pressures involved in the system. Refer to the schematic.

Hoses should:

Not be applied in configurations less than the published minimum bend radius for each style;

Be clamped at reasonable intervals in a manner to prevent chafing or rubbing between hoses or machine parts;

Be routed around or shielded from hot engine parts or exhaust manifolds or pipes;

Be protected by a grommet or other suitable material when penetrating a deck bulkhead;

Be limited in use to allow flexibility for vibration isolation and to facilitate awkward piping connections.

- 14. When field-fabricated reservoirs are used, construction should incorporate recognized hydraulic practices. Review selection and installation of hydraulic filters to be sure they meet the minimum recommended guidelines by the system component's manufacturer.
- 15. Always seal all reservoir openings after cleaning the reservoir. Periodic cleaning and oil changes should be part of every maintenance schedule.

General Cleaning and Flushing Requirements

To Achieve and Retain Satisfactory Initial Cleanliness Level

- 1. Chemically clean and treat internal system surfaces (components, tubes and hoses).
- 2. Perform hot oil flushing to reach target cleanliness level.
- 3. Inspect and verify that the cleanliness level was achieved.
- 4. Follow the proper steps when disassembling the flushing loops to prevent contaminants from penetrating the cleaned system. Seal off all components with plugs, blind flanges, etc.
- 5. Perform routine maintenance to stabilize contaminant levels to within control targets.

Strategy for Maintaining Cleanliness After Flushing

- 1. Prevent new contaminants from entering.
- 2. Select suitable system filters. New oil should be filled through a system filter or another suitable filter.

All new components and/or modules to be connected to the system must meet the preceding requirements. Perform new cleaning and hot oil flushing after component changes, assembly, disassembly or similar procedures have occurred.

Flushing Strategy Tips

- Connect circuits in series.
- Components that can be damaged by high fluid velocity or by fluids containing moisture, particles or flushing chemicals should be isolated from the flushing circuit and cleaned individually.
- Components that restrict the flow rate, and thereby increase the pressure drop, should be isolated from the flushing circuit and cleaned individually.
- Manifolds, blocks, pump stations, motors, reservoirs, assemblies and components should be delivered clean according to a specific procedure.
 If not clean, they must be flushed separately. This also applies where space does not allow flushing of installed piping system.

Component Cleanliness Level

Some components and assemblies are often connected to the main system after flushing. Their level of cleanliness must be at least as good as the desired cleanliness of the main system. The supplier should provide a cleanliness certificate with the components. The system assembler must clean these components according to specified procedures if cleanliness certificates are not available from the supplier. Cleanliness certificates should not be considered valid if the cleaning has not been performed to these requirements.

NOTE: If components contain anticorrosion agents not compatible with the system fluid, flush the components using system oil with 5 to 10 percent degreasing agents added to the flushing fluid. The degreasing agent should be selected to ensure no harm to component seals.

System Cleaning Preparation

Mechanical Tube Cleaning

Precision steel tubes - cut, graded and free from scale and corrosion - should be subjected only to chemical cleaning and hot oil flushing. Welded tubes should be mechanically cleaned inside by a plastic pig. A pig, also referred to as a go-devil or rabbit, is a plug with brushes, scrapers and rollers on its periphery. It moves under the oil pressure through a pipeline and cleans it. This ensures the tubes and tube flanges are smooth and free from slag, welding beads (spatter) and foreign particles.

All tubes and hoses should be inspected and blown with highly filtered industrial compressed air. This removes most of the larger particles made by the cutting of tubes and hoses as well as the mounting of fittings.

Components Dismantled Prior to Flushing

To ensure proper cleaning is achieved in all parts of the system and to avoid damage to sensitive components, certain parts should be by-passed or dismantled during cleaning. Each component or subsystem should be cleaned to the required cleanliness level as a part of a flushing circuit or in separate circuits. Partitioning of the overall system is typically needed to achieve this. To clean the pipe system, disconnect all components and subsystems that restrict the flow and those components that can be damaged during cleaning and flushing.

Chemical Cleaning and Hot Oil Flushing

Each circuit should be connected to achieve the specified fluid velocity and Reynolds number, as well as the fluid pressure in all components, lines and fittings. Avoid flushing configurations that can lead to settling of particles in quiescent zones, dead legs, etc. The pressure and flow capacity of the cleaning/flushing rig must also be considered.

Chemical Cleaning

Chemical cleaning, according to the DEWA DPI System, consists of a specially developed group of chemicals that can be used in series in the same pickling reservoir. DEWA is Greek for "green and vigorous." DPI stands for degreasing, pickling and inhibiting. Developed by the Norwegian company DPI Chemical Industries AS, this patented system is used in the United Kingdom and other countries. All the chemicals are water-soluble, environmentally friendly and inorganic.

The cleaning sequence is divided into five phases:

Phase I -Alkaline Degreasing and Pickling

Fill the reservoir with pure water. Heat it to 122°F (50°C), up to a maximum of 176°F (80°C). Add Chemical A until it reaches pH 14. By circulating maximum flow rate for 30 minutes, any grease and oil film should have been removed. Control pH and temperature during processing.

Phase II - Pickling

Reduce the fluid pH to 5.5 by adding chemical B. Then add Chemical C until 10 percent (volume) is reached. Circulate maximum flow rate for 60 minutes. Control pH and temperature during processing.

Phase III - Neutralizing

Continue to circulate the fluid as you add Chemical D until reaching pH 7.5. Keep the temperature as in Phase I. Circulate maximum flow rate for 30 minutes. Control pH and temperature.

Phase IV - Preservation (corrosive steel)

A corrosion inhibitor is not required if the time between chemical cleaning and hot oil flushing is less than 24 hours. If this condition is not fulfilled, add 2 to 4 percent (volume) of Chemical E. Continue circulation for 30 minutes without

heating. The fluid is thinned out with 4 to 5 percent water before it drains into the standard sewers. Control pH before draining.

Phase V -Drying

Dry the tubes with warm, dry air within 30 minutes after neutralization. Use high quality filtered and oil/water separated compressed air or cleaned nitrogen. The easiest way to control achieved dryness is to check moisture content during the following hot oil flushing.

Minimum Process Equipment Required

- The pickling unit requires a reservoir, pump, filter and heating facility. It is preferred to have a fluid velocity of 3 m/sec. (106 ft./sec.). The filter should be selected according to the same requirements as for the hot oil flushing rig.
- A supply of dry, clean and warm air or nitrogen is needed. It is important that the air is absolutely free of any oil content.
- Special flanges, manifolds and connectors may be needed to assemble the components to be cleaned in series.

Process Control

To verify proper chemical cleaning, the following measurements must be documented during the process:

- pH analyses
- Temperature
- Volume of chemicals in each phase
- Flow rate

Hot Oil Flushing

Generally speaking, the required cleanliness level to target during flushing is half the level during normal operation. For example, if the normal operation level is ISO 15/13/11, flush to an ISO14/12/10. Requirements for cleanliness levels of both solid particles and moisture should be achieved.

"...the required cleanliness level to target during flushing is half the level required during normal operation."

Flushing Fluids

The flushing fluid should be compatible with the fluid used during normal system operation as specified by the client. The viscosity of the fluid at different temperature levels should be specified. As a guideline, standard flushing units normally provide sufficient turbulent flow if the viscosity is in the 10 to 15 cSt range at 104°F (40°C). Ideally, the flushing fluid should obtain that viscosity at no higher than 158°F (70°C).

Turbulent Flow, Fluid Velocity, Temperature and Pressure

With a Reynolds number equal to or greater than 4,000, the fluid is certain to have turbulent flow. This is required to remove particles from the surface inside tubes. To also prevent remaining contaminants from becoming suspended during operation, it is required that: Re-flushing number is equal or greater than 1.2 x Re-in service, but always a minimum of 4,000.

Example: a hydraulic system has a flow rate and tube diameter to achieve Re=3,400 in normal service. Flushing requires a minimum of Re=4,080. The fluid velocity (V) should not be less than 2 to 3 m/sec. (106 ft./sec.) in any part of the flushing loop. This prevents settling of particles inside tubes and hoses.

The coldest part in the flushing loop should have a minimum temperature of 122°F (50°C). This can be achieved by using a minimum flushing fluid supply of 140°F (60°C). In certain cases, this can be achieved only by insulating certain parts of the loop.

The pressure should be held to a minimum 3 to 5 bar (22 to 73 psi), measured downstream from the flushing circuit, before the return line filter and sampling port. Cleaning of ball, plug, butterfly and needle valves is an important part of the hot flush process. To ensure cleanliness has been reached in all zones, the hydraulic valves should be actuated to full-stroke movement during each step of the cleaning process.

Flushing Reservoirs, Filter Housings, Cylinders, Accumulators, Pumps and Motors

Each of these components should be cleaned in separate loops.

• Reservoirs - This is one of the most difficult components of a system to flush. The system reservoir should be cleaned manually then filled with flushing fluid. Use a flushing pump with an in-line filter to circulate and flush the reservoir.

- Filter housings These units can be connected to the flushing loop or cleaned separately as in the case of the reservoir.
- Cylinders, accumulators, motors and pumps Clean these separately. The
 components that have bidirectional movement must be actuated to full
 movement (stroke) to achieve volume flow of at least 10 times their internal
 volume.

Minimum Flushing Time

Once samples from the system indicate the specified cleanliness level has been reached, continue flushing for at least 30 more minutes at turbulent flow. This increases the probability of removing adherent particles from tube walls.

Verify Flushing Results

Each flushing loop should be unique and traceable. Create individual drawings or use suitable piping and instrumentation diagrams (P&IDs). Mark position of sampling points for temperature, flow and oil samples.

Document all parameters such as startup time, temperature, flow, particle contamination level and moisture and finish time. It is recommended that a uniform and consistent method of documentation be used.

Third-party verification may be needed to confirm the cleanliness level of the final flushing loop and the complete system.

Flushing Skid

A flushing procedure should be adapted to the conditions of the flushing rig. To obtain sufficient results, the following criteria must be met:

- The filter system should have sufficient capacity and performance to remove both solid particles and moisture to the required level, within a reasonable time.
- The original filters in the system to be flushed should not be used as flushing filters. The flushing filter is important for two essential reasons:
 1) it determines the final cleanliness level, and 2) it determines the rate at which this level can be reached.

- A common practice seen lately is to over-specify the filters. A filter with B3>100 with a pressure differential indicator is suitable as long as the dirtholding capacity is sufficient. Also, it is important for the indicator to provide a warning long before actual fluid by-pass.
- There are several options for moisture removal. These include waterabsorbing filter elements, coalescing filters, oil purifiers (such as vacuum distillation), and simply replacing the oil.
- In normal conditions, a water-absorbing filter should be sufficient, assuming the moisture levels are low. Certain synthetic fluids must be dehydrated with oil purifiers.

NOTE: Flushing filters to remove solid particles should not be replaced by the water-removing filters.

- The pump unit should deliver flushing fluid with flow, velocity, viscosity and pressure ratings sufficient to clean the internal surfaces in the system. It should also transport the contaminants out of the system and into the downstream flushing filter.
- The fluid temperature should be monitored and controlled to verify that the oil viscosity provides sufficient turbulent flow in all parts of the flushing loop and at values within the specification for the actual flushing pumps.

Although system flushing can be a time-consuming and expensive process, it is often required, especially at the completion of construction and after a catastrophic component failure during service. Additionally, flushing should be performed as part of a periodic proactive maintenance activity for systems in service. Both the duration and cost of the flushing can be reduced if the system is designed for flushing by the equipment builder. Seek to optimize the flushing procedure for all subsystems and components. But first, systemize and manage the flushing as a complete process for all lines and components throughout the entire system. This will provide reliable service that performs according to design specifications.

References

- 1. Ito, T. (1984). Hydraulic System Flushing. FRH Journal.
- 2. Gibbons, Tom. (1998). Improved Flushing Techniques for Turbine Lube Systems. Pall Corporation Presentation.
- 3. ISO5910 Hydraulic Fluid Power. Cleaning of Hydraulic Pipe Systems.
- 4. ISO5911 Hydraulic Fluid Power. Methods for Coding Levels of Contamination by Solid Particles.
- 5. Mator Procedure FP104E rev.01. (1) Pipe System Cleaning and Testing. (2) Chemical Cleaning, Hot Oil Flushing and Pressure Decay Testing.
- 6. Molen Kjemi AS, DEWA DPI Chemical Cleaning System.
- 7. Tom Odden, Mator AS, "Cleaning and Flushing Basics for Hydraulic Systems and Similar Machines". Machinery Lubrication Magazine. July 2001

Start-Up

 Fill the reservoir with fluid as recommended by the pump manufacturer (see pump data) which usually requires a premium grade hydraulic fluid with a viscosity index of 90 or higher. For applications with temperatures to 130° F, a fluid viscosity of 150 SSU at 100° F will provide a maximum pump service life. Automatic transmission fluid (Dextron Type D2) will usually prove satisfactory.

The reservoir filling should always be done through a 10 or finer micron filter. This may be a fill-line filter or possibly the system return filter. In any case, do not put unfiltered oil into your clean reservoir!

- 2. Connect electric motors to the proper electrical source, checking the motor nameplate for proper wiring of dual-voltage motors. Jog the motor to check rotation. Polyphase motors are bi-directional and proper rotation can be established by reversing any two power leads. Size the motor wiring for proper motor amperage and voltage per information on the motor nameplate.
- 3. All pumps and motors with external case drains should have cases filled with hydraulic fluid before running. Just as you would not crank an engine without crankcase oil, these components should not be run without prefiling and should be plumbed so as not to drain the case.

Check levels and fill all gear boxes where applicable.

Caution!

Many engine-driven hydraulic pumps are ruined during engine start up. Be sure that the pump is disengaged or is ready to pump with an adequate supply of oil prior to engine start up.

- 4. Make sure all suction valves are open and all compensator and relief valves are backed up to the minimum setting. Caution: Relief valves on hydraulic units are preset at pressure shown on the schematics prior to shipment.
- 5. During start up of the pump, verify that it is priming properly. If the pump fails to prime, shut down immediately, vent discharge pipe to atmosphere and restart to establish fluid flow. Check suction valves to assure that they are open. Loosen hose or pipe connection on pressure side of pump. Jog pump drive and note oil flow to assure prime. Retighten loosened connections after priming. Unusual pump noise is often caused by air entering the pump suction line. The tightening of suction fittings will usually eliminate such problems.

- 6. Adjust pressure controls to settings recommended on the circuit drawings.
- 7. The electrical characteristics for electrically-operated valves are shown on the solenoid valve covers.
- 8. Important: After hydraulic unit has been started and all lines filled, replenish the oil in the reservoir to the proper level. This will insure that the oil cools properly and prevent cavitation of the pump.
- 9. After the first two (2) hours of system operation, inspect and clean or replace all filter elements to remove any contamination flushed out of the system components. Replacement elements are readily available from SunSource. Repeat this task every two (2) hours for the next eight (8) hours of operation then as needed. (See the Oil Maintenance section.)

Caution!

Simultaneously energizing both solenoids on double solenoid valves will cause coil burnout!

Important!

For most applications an operating temperature of 150° is considered maximum. At higher temperatures difficulty is often experienced in maintaining reliable and consistent hydraulic control. Component service life is also reduced, hydraulic fluid deteriorates and potential danger to operating personnel is created.

Fluid Maintenance / Filtration

Contamination in hydraulic fluid has been given a lot of attention by the industry. Research and testing of the effects of dirt, water, wear products, oil deterioration products and other contaminates in the oil are important factors in today's high performance hydraulic equipment.

Why Cleanliness?

The demand for even greater performance from smaller packages has greatly increased the need for keeping the oil clean. Wear occurs in all hydraulic systems. If dirt particles remain suspended in the oil, they act like a grinding compound and increase wear. Other foreign particles, particularly metal, have the same effect.

Hydraulic components are affected by contamination. Sticking and sluggishness can occur. Small controlling passages may become plugged. Dirt can prevent valves from seating, resulting in leakage and loss of control.

Hydraulic oil, itself, is affected by contamination. Water has a tendency to separate certain inhibitors from high-performance hydraulic oil, reducing its usable life. Other contaminants seem to be a catalyst or "helping hand" effect on oil oxidation. It has been demonstrated that fine particulate contamination actually reduces the safe operating temperature of a system. Extremely clean fluids can operate as much as 25° to 50° hotter than contaminated fluids without oxidation.

Hydraulic oil is kept clean by the filters. The periodic replacement of filter elements is mandatory for satisfactory operation. Replace elements immediately upon indication of an installed bypass indicator or every 500 hours of operation once the system is in production.

Hydraulic systems are precision units and their continued smooth operation depends on proper care. Keep them clean, change the oil filter at established intervals and follow prescribed maintenance.

Maintenance Instructions

Periodic Procedures

- 1. Check the reservoir oil level and add oil as required. The level must be maintained between the high and low marks on the sight gauge.
- 2. Check the operating temperature. 150° is considered maximum for most industrial applications.
- 3. If an external suction filter is used, check the filter indicator for dirty elements every two (2) hours for the first eight (8) hours of operation then clean or replace when necessary. Check the filter indicator once every day for the next five (5) days of operation and clean or replace when necessary. Check periodically thereafter at intervals that will prevent the filter from bypassing or cavitating the pumps.
- 4. Check the return filters as in Step 3. These are usually finer mesh filters and will require more frequent element changes or cleansing than the suction filter. Always change filters when the oil is changed.
- At least once a year or every 4,000 operating hours the reservoir, pump, suction filter (if one is used) and air vent filter should be cleaned. Check the entire system at this time for possible future difficulties. Some applications or environmental conditions may dictate such maintenance is performed at more frequent intervals.
- 6. Make visual checks of all hose and tube connections. Regular checking and tightening of all hydraulic connections will help to assure trouble-free operation.
- 7. Periodically check pressure settings. The system was designed to operate at a specific pressure and increasing the pressure above that level will result in motor overload. The system should be operated at the minimum pressure required to do the intended function. The lower the system pressure, the longer system components can be expected to last.
- 8. Check pump/motor coupling periodically for misalignment. A flexible coupling should always be used with the shafts accurately aligned parallel and angularly. Check set screws in couplings for loosening and tighten as required.
- 9. The reservoir cover should remain tightly sealed at all times except in the case of in-tank maintenance and periodic checks for in-tank leaks. This will prevent atmospheric contamination from entering the system.

Safety Precautions

Required for Hydraulic Machinery Operation & Maintenance

Although the scope of this manual covers only the hydraulic operation of the equipment, these safety precautions also apply to pneumatically-powered equipment and should be observed when appropriate.

The hydraulic equipment has been constructed using the highest standards of workmanship with industry accepted, state-of-the-art techniques, components and designs and has been inspected and tested for defects, workmanship and proper operation prior to shipment.

This equipment, however, may develop problems due to normal use, unforeseeable circumstances or abuse. It requires, therefore, proper operation and maintenance. In the course of performing these functions, personnel may be required to work on or near the equipment. The following precautions are given to avoid injury.

All safety requirements listed below are those generally applicable to hydraulically-powered machinery but are **not** intended to be an all-inclusive list. They are intended as **guidelines only** and will assist in avoiding risk of injury when followed by qualified, experienced personnel who understand the hazards of machinery operation and maintenance. These precautions should be included in the comprehensive safety program for the particular machinery, equipment, plant or process and overseen by personnel capable of analyzing any hazards associated with operating and maintaining the equipment.

1. Return all movable machine members to their normal startup condition, if possible, before starting unit.

Note: Many types of equipment may have parts of the machinery which may start rotating, rising, falling, reciprocating, etc. out of their proper sequence as soon as the hydraulic or pneumatic circuit is filled and pressurized which could result in injury to personnel or damage to machinery.

- 2. Be sure all personnel, product, etc. are clear of machinery before starting hydraulic unit.
- 3. Check to make sure any hydraulic connections which may have been removed, replaced or disconnected during shut down have been reconnected securely before starting hydraulic unit.

- 4. Return all valves (manual and control system operated) which may have been changed from their normal start-up condition during shut down back to start up condition before starting hydraulic unit.
- 5. Before shutting down hydraulic unit, block or lock in position any machine members which may move and cause injury to personnel or damage to product or equipment upon loss of hydraulic flow and pressure.
- 6. Clear all personnel and product from machinery before shutting down the hydraulic unit.
- 7. If hydraulic system has oil accumulators in circuit, drain pressurized oil from all accumulators as soon as hydraulic unit is shut down (if automatic drainage is not built into the circuit). If the accumulator has a shut off valve, close that valve also.
- 8. Shut down the hydraulic unit and relieve pressure from all pressurized accumulators, actuators and lines before removing, tearing down or performing maintenance on any remotely-located actuators, hoses, filters, valves, piping, etc.
- 9. Keep in place and maintain any equipment guards including coupling and chain guards and protective cowling. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry that could get caught in moving parts.
- 10. In addition to any other company-mandated safety equipment worn by your personnel, make sure anyone in the vicinity of the hydraulic system during operation wears eye protection to reduce the risk of injury in the event of a hydraulic line rupture and high-velocity oil leak.
- 11. Check noise levels in the vicinity of the equipment and have personnel wear ear protection, if required, as set forth in OSHA regulations.
- 12. Any personnel observing or working on or adjacent to hydraulically-powered equipment must never place themselves in a location or position that could produce an injury in the event of:
 - a. A hydraulic line failure either with the unit running or shut down,
 - b. Power blackout, or electrical outage,
 - c. Pump or motor failure or,
 - d. Movement of machine members during a normal operating cycle or as a result of a component malfunction or failure.

- 13. Before removing or performing maintenance on any hydraulic system components containing electrical components (i.e. solenoid valves, switches, electric motors, etc.), shut off and padlock electrical power to the unit and/or control system. See Paragraphs 5 and 12 above before shutting off power. This applies to pneumatically controlled equipment as well.
- 14. Avoid locating equipment in any environment for which it was not designed and which may create a dangerous operating condition such as an explosive atmosphere (e.g., gas, dust), high heat (e.g., molten metal, furnace), chemicals, extreme moisture, etc.
- 15. Certain hydraulic fluids may be irritating or injurious to the eyes and skin. Check with your fluid suppliers to obtain this information. Avoid bodily contact with such fluids. Fire resistant or synthetic fluids should be especially guarded against.
- 16. Avoid the use of unauthorized or substitute parts and materials when servicing the equipment. Substitute parts or materials could produce a hazardous operating condition.
- 17. When piping your equipment, use only materials of adequate size and strength to suit the flows and pressures of the system. If a schematic has been provided, it will normally note the minimum suggested line sizes and lengths of runs. Practical experience may indicate use of line sizes larger than shown on the schematic. Consider all safety factors when selecting the strength of materials to allow for shock and over-pressure conditions which could occur.

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 1)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Failure of pump to deliver fluid	Low fluid level in reservoir	Add recommended oil and check level to be certain pump suction line inlet is submerged deeply enough to prevent air entering directly or by the formation of a vortex.
	Oil intake pipe or strainer plugged	Clean or replace
	Air leak in suction line, prevent priming or causing noise and irregular action of control circuit	Repair leaks
	Oil viscosity too heavy to pick up prime (especially in cold weather)	Use lighter viscosity oil or install a low density immersion heater (with steel element only)
	Wrong direction of rotation	Must be reversed to prevent damage to pump
	Broken pump shaft or parts broken inside pump	Replace
Pump making noise	Intake line, suction filter of pipe restricted	Clean intake, filter or eliminate restriction. Be sure suction line is completely open
	Air leaks	1)Tighten as required
	At pump intake piping joints At pump shaft packing (if present) or seals	2) Repair or replace
	3) Air drawn in through inlet pipe opening	Be sure suction and return lines are below oil level in reservoir
	Reservoir air vent plugged	Air must be allowed to breathe in the reservoir. Clean or replace reservoir breather.
	Too high oil viscosity	Use lower viscosity oil. Check recommendations in start-up information
	Coupling misalignment	Re-align
	Worn or broken parts	Replace

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 2)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
No pressure in the system	Pump does not deliver	Follow the remedies given for "Failure of Pump to Deliver Fluid"
	Bad pump-to-motor shaft connection	Check pump/motor coupling for breakage, stripped key or keyway and replace or repair
	Relief Valve Malfunction	Reyway and replace of repair
	1) Incorrect valve setting	1) Reset to specifications
	2) Valve leading or by-passing	Check main valve seat and pilot valve for scoring and dirt. Replace and clean
	3) Valve spring broken	Replace spring and reset
	Free re-circulation of oil to tank being allowed through system.	Check or relief valve may be stuck in open position or return line open unintentionally Vent Valve* is dumping flow through relief valve at low pressure. Bypass valve to tank is open.
		Open center 4-way Valve* is not shifted, dumping oil to tank. See "Solenoid Valve not Shifting" if valve is solenoid operated.
No pressure in circuit with Variable Volume Piston Pumps	Pressure compensated pump not compensating properly.	Check compensator for broken spring or contamination and repair as required.
	Relief valve setting is lower than pump compensator setting	Set relief to max system pressure and pump compensator to operating pressure at least 250 psi below relief.
	Hydrostatic drive not building torque (no system pressure)	See remedies in "Hydrostatic Troubleshooting" provided by the pump manufacturer.

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 3)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Excessive wear of pump parts	Sustained high-pressure above maximum pump rating Drive misalignment	Check relief valve maximum setting. Check and correct.
	Air recirculation causing	Check air problems in pump
	chatter in system	making noise.
	Abrasive material in the oil	Clean or replace filter and change oil.
	Viscosity of oil too low at	Check recommendations.
Deceleration of invide access	working conditions	Observation to the contraction of
Breakage of inside pump Housing	Excessive pressure above pump rating	Check relief valve maximum setting.
	Seizure due to lack of oil	Check reservoir level, oil filter and possibility of restriction in suction line.
External oil leakage around pump shaft or housing	Shaft packing or seals worn	Replace.
	Damaged head packing seals	Replace.
	excessive case pressure due	Check case drain line for a
	to restricted case drain flow	restriction and remove. Drain
	(back to tank)	line may be too small; if small, line is creating back pressure,
		replace with larger line.
	Excessive case pressure due	Repair pump for excessive
	to excessive drain flow	leakage from pumping element to case.
	Cracked housing	Replace all damaged parts and seals.

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 4)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Solenoid valve problem	Solenoid burned out	Replace solenoid coil. Check control voltage (high or low voltage will burn out coil).
		For double solenoid valves, check to see if both solenoids are being energized at the same time. Correct control circuit if this occurs.
	No pilot pressure for shifting main spool	If valve is externally piloted, check pilot pressure source for adequate pressure.
	No pilot pressure for shifting	Check valve for proper internal
	main spool (continued)	plugs for ext. pilot. If valve is internally piloted, check for proper internal plugs for internal pilot. Clean all internal pilot passages and orifices of foreign particles and clogging.
	No pilot drain	Check to see if valve has proper internal plugs and orifices for inter. or ext. drain.
		If externally drained, check drain line and clear of any clogging.
	Spool jammed by foreign particles of silt	Disassemble pilot valve and main valve and remove all foreign particles and silt. If a contamination or silting problem continues to reoccur, install filtration in the system to remove particles.
	Internal breakage or damage	Disassemble, examine and replace any damaged parts in pilot valve or main valve.

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 5)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Cylinder won't develop full force or hold position when valve closes lines	Leaking piston packing	Apply pump flow to one end and stroke cylinder until it bottoms out at end of stroke. Loosen return line at opposite end (from pressurized end) and measure leakage flow coming out. Any flow more than slow dripping requires new piston packing. Repeat for opposite end and stroke.
	Worn 4-way control valve	Disconnect cylinder lines at 4-way valve and plug. Shift valve to either position and check to see if full pressure builds up. If relief is not built into 4-way valve, check to see how much flow is leaking across to the tank port.
	Loss of system pressure	See previous trouble shooting guide.
Cylinder loses force at some intermediate point in stroke	Scored barrel	Repeat above except mechanically stop piston rod so piston is at point where force drops off. If leakage is determined, barrel must be repaired or replaced.
	Dented barrel	Examine barrel tube for dents at point where it loses force. Replace if tube is dented.

Trouble Shooting Your Hydraulic System (Pg 6)

PROBLEM Excessive heating because of component conditions	POSSIBLE CAUSES Relief valve set incorrectly Internal oil leakage (pump)	REMEDY Readjust valve to system specifications pressure; usually 100-150 psi above compensator setting. Repair or replace pump.
	Viscosity of oil too high Leaking valves	Check recommendations to start-up information. Repair or replace.
	Improper functioning of oil cooler (if installed) Restricted lines	Inspect cooler and see that it is working properly. If lines are crimped, replace; if partially plugged for any
	Scored or damaged rotor, valve plate, pistons and piston bores, or other internal moving parts	reason, remove obstruction. Check case drain line for excessive drain flow; if possible filter drain flow and check for metal (brass or steel) filings or particles; replace damaged parts.

Electric Motor Trouble Shooting (Pg 1)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Motor runs excessively hot	_ Overloaded	Reduce load or load peaks and number of starts in cycle.
	Blocked ventilation	Clean external ventilation system-check fan.
	a. TEFC's	Blow out internal ventilation
	b. O.D.P.'s	passages. Eliminate external interference to motor ventilation.
	High ambient temperature over 40 C (104 F)	Reduce ambient temperature or provide outside source of cooler air.
	Unbalanced input current	Balance supply voltage. Check motor leads for tightness.
	Single Phased	Eliminate single ph. condition.
Won't start (just hums and	Single Phased	Shut power off. Eliminate
heats up)	-	single phasing. Check motor leads for tightness.
	Rotor or bearings locked.	Shut power off. Check shaft for freeness of rotation.
		for freeriess of folduori.
		Be sure proper sized overload relays are in each of the 3 phases of starter. Refer to National Electrical Code.
Runs noisy under load (excessive electrical noise or chatter under load)	Single Phases	Shut power off. If motor cannot be restarted, it is single phased. Eliminate single phasing.
		Be sure proper sized overload relays are in each of the 3 phases of the starter. Refer to National Electrical Code.
Excessive voltage drop (more than 2 or 3% of nominal supply voltage)	Excessive starting or running load	Reduce load.
,	Inadequate power supply. Undersized supply lines. High resistance connections.	Consult power company. Increase line sizes. Check motor leads and eliminate poor connections.

Electric Motor Trouble Shooting (Pg 2)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Overload relays tripping upon starting	Slow starting (10-15) seconds or more) due to high inertia load.	Reduce starting load. Increase motor size if necessary.
Running loaded	Low voltage at motor Terminals Overload	Improve power supply and/or increase line size. Reduce load or increase motor size.
	Unbalanced input current	Balance supply voltage.
	Single phasing	Eliminate.
	Excessive voltage drop	Eliminate (see below).
	Too frequent starting or intermittent overloading	Reduce frequency of starts and overloading or increase motor size
	High ambient starter temperature	Reduce ambient temperature or provide outside source of cooler air.
	Wrong size relays	Correct size per nameplate current of motor. Relays have built in allowances for service factor current. Refer to National Electrical Code.
Excessive vibration (mechanical)	Out of balance:	
(mechanical)	a. Motor mounting	Be sure motor mounting is tight and solid.
	b. Load	Disconnect belt or coupling- restart motor-if vibration stops, the unbalance was in load.
	c. Sheaves or coupling	Remove sheave or coupling- securely tape 1/2 key in shaft keyway and restart motor-if vibration stops, the unbalance was in the sheave or coupling.
	d. Motor	If the vibration does not stop after checking a, b, and c above, the unbalance is in the motor-replace the motor.
	 e. Misalignment on close coupled application 	Check and realign motor to the driven machine.

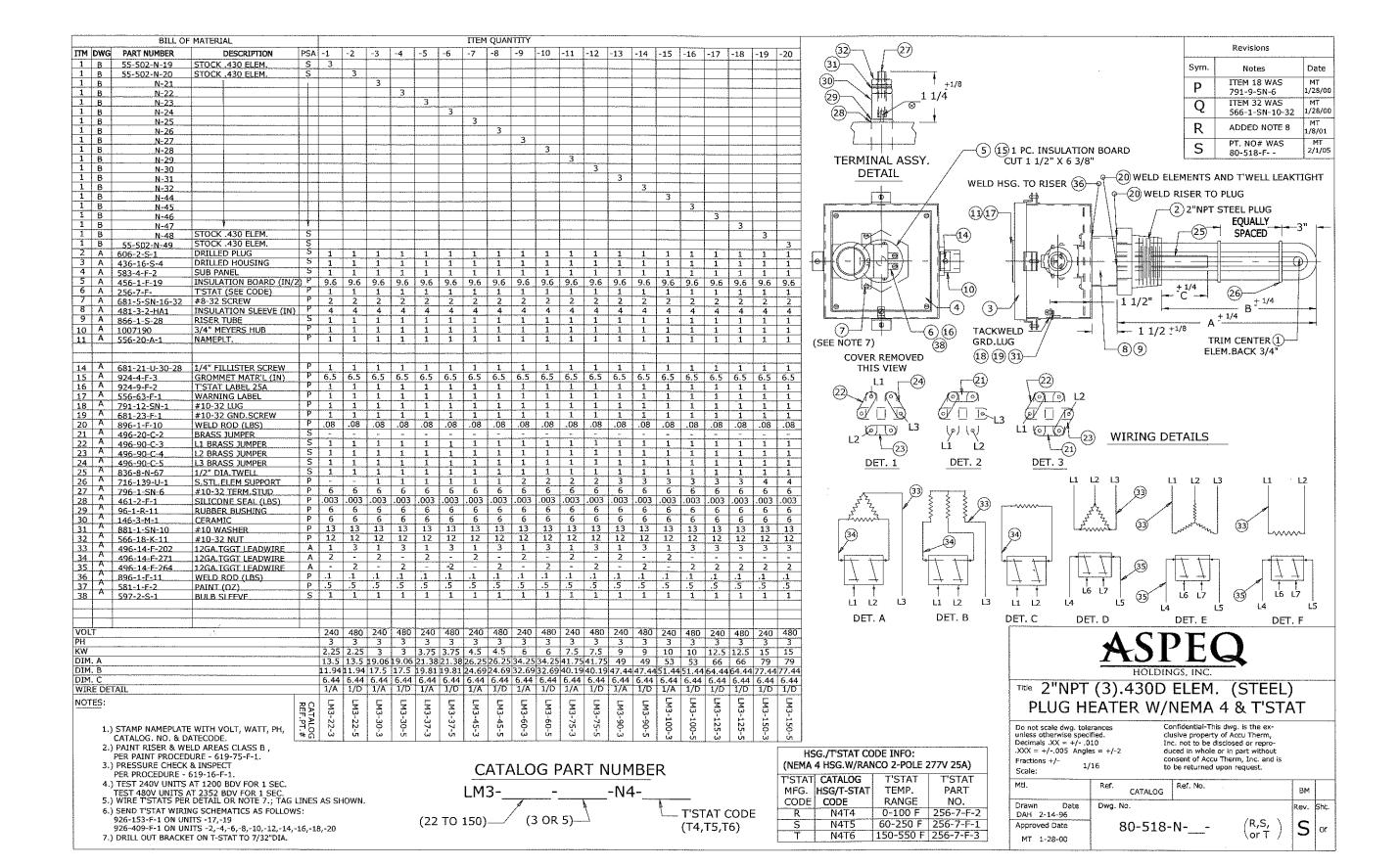
Electric Motor Trouble Shooting (Pg 3)

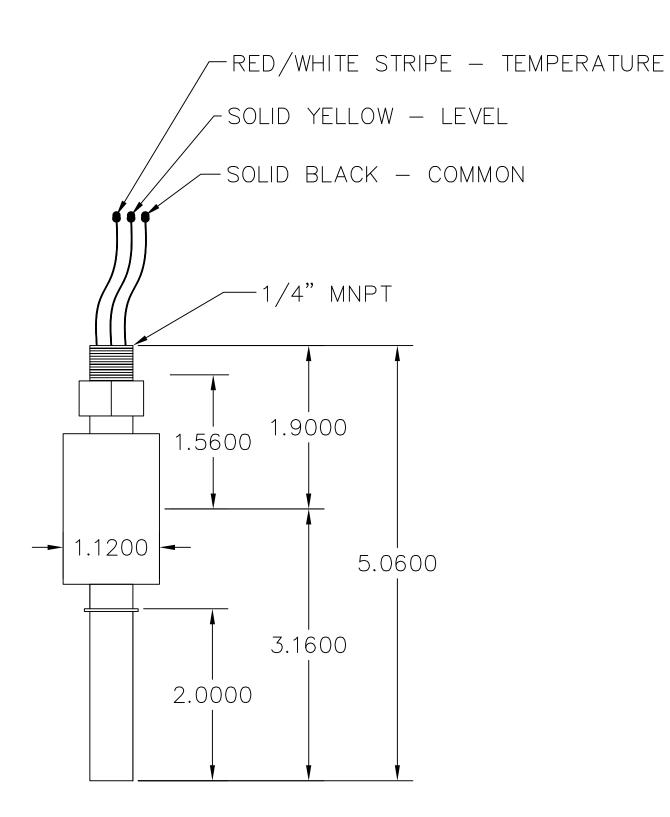
PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Noisy Bearings: (listen to bearings for the following)	_	
Smooth mid range hum High whine Low rumble Rough clatter	Normal fit Internal fit of bearing too tight Internal fit of bearing too loose Bearing destroyed	Bearing OK. Replace bearing-check fit. Replace bearing-check fit. Replace bearing-avoid: a. mechanical damage b. excessive greasing c. wrong grease d. solid contaminants water running into motor f. misalignment on close coupled application g. excessive belt tension
High input current (all three Phases)	Accuracy of ammeter readings	First check accuracy of ammeter readings on all three phases.
Running idle (disconnected from load)	High line voltage 5 to 10% over nameplate	Consult power company- possibly decrease by using lower transformer tap.
Running loaded	Motor overload	Reduce load or use larger motor.
	Motor voltage rating does not match power system voltage	Replace motor with one of correct voltage rating. Consult power company-Possibly correct by using a different transformer tap.

CUSTOMER:	AFS TECHNOLOGY

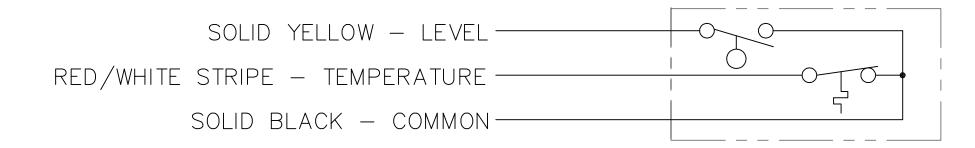
JOB #: PJ43A

Description		Component Document Enclosed
LM3-30-5-N4T4	ACCUATHERM	X
B40030AFD2C605	ACT	X
LV2BS#12-2T	ANCHOR	X
A03SPS6S	DAMAN	X
BVAL-1500S-4321IEZN	DMIC	X
CVH05-1000S	DMIC	X
DMGV-S41	DMIC	X
CF-1P-210-A-SAE	DYNAMIC	X
DG4V3SOBLMFWB560	EATON VICKERS	X
RV510S035	EATON VICKERS	X
LFBN-HC280IE10C1.0-12B6	HYDAC	X
PX3111	IFM EFECTOR	X
K3VL60-B-1NRSS-PO	KAWASAKI	X
5201	LDI	X
ALG-5T	LDI	X
M182602B	MAGNALOY	X
M30012012	MAGNALOY	X
M300A1516	MAGNALOY	X
M370H5	MAGNALOY	X
7000-12341-0140500	MURR	X
700018141-0180500	MURR	X
KLT10QBSGS24TP	PARKER ARLON	X
SCE-20EL1606SSLP	SAGINAW CONTROLS	X
SCE-20P16	SAGINAW CONTROLS	X
02018ET3H256TC-W22	WEG	X
75-TH2R-025-CC	WIKA	X
30025D0006G4	WIKA	X





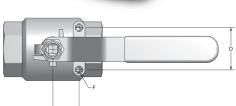
- * INVERT FLOAT TO CHANGE LEVEL SWICH FUNCTION N.O. TO N.C. OR VICE VERSA.
- * TEPERATURE CONTACT SPST N.C. OPEN ON RISE 6 0C OR 140 F SETPOIN
- * ELECTRICAL LOAD RATINGS:
- LEVEL SWITCH 70 VA, SPST AC MAXIMUM, SWITCHING VOLTAGE 250 SWITCHING CURRENT 0.7 AMPS
- TEMPERATURE SWITCH 1.0 AMPS @ 120 VAC ON SPST

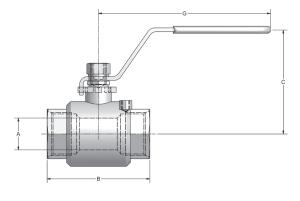


LV2B Series - 1000 WOG Stainless Steel



- All stainless steel construction
- Locking handles standard
- Ideal for suction, pressure and return lines
- Available in NPT & SAE threads
- Mounting holes standard on SAE #16 #64



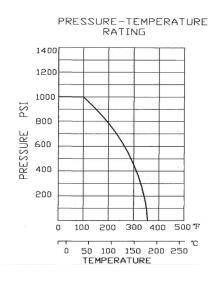


LV2B SERIES - NPT								
SIZE	A	В	C	D	E	F UNC	G	
1/4"	.36	2.13	2.13	1.12	.49	N/A	4.33	
3/8"	.50	2.13	2.17	1.12	.49	N/A	4.33	
1/2"	.59	2.24	2.28	1.12	.49	N/A	4.53	
3/4"	.79	2.68	2.40	1.12	.49	N/A	4.53	
1"	.98	3.15	3.03	1.38	.91	N/A	5.04	
1-1/4"	1.26	3.58	3.19	1.48	1.00	N/A	5.04	
1-1/2"	1.50	4.06	3.54	1.48	1.00	N/A	6.10	
2"	1.97	4.88	4.25	1.50	1.00	N/A	6.10	
2-1/2"	2.56	6.30	5.20	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.06	
3"	3 15	7 28	5.71	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.06	

LV2B SERIES - SAE										
SIZE	A	В	С	D	E	F UNC	G			
1/4"	.35	2.40	2.13	1.12	.49	N/A	4.33			
3/8"	.47	2.40	2.17	1.12	.49	N/A	4.33			
1/2"	.59	2.52	2.28	1.12	.49	N/A	4.53			
3/4"	.79	3.23	2.40	1.12	.49	N/A	4.53			
1"	.98	3.62	3.03	1.38	.91	1/4-20	5.04			
1-1/4"	1.26	3.96	3.19	1.48	1.00	1/4-20	5.04			
1-1/2"	1.50	4.23	3.54	1.48	1.00	1/4-20	6.10			
2"	1.97	4.90	4.25	1.50	1.00	1/4-20	6.10			
2 1/2"	2.56	6.30	5.20	2.25	1.18	1/4-20	9.06			
3"	3.15	7.28	5.71	2.76	1.18	1/4-20	9.06			
*4"	3.93	8.80	7.11	2.76	1.18	1/4-20	13.00			

MODEL CODE: LV2B N 1/2" -2T THREAD TYPE (N-NPT; S-SAE) THREAD SIZE (EX. N1/2"; S#8)

COMPONENT	MATERIALS	
COMPONENT	MATERIAL	QTY
VALVE BODY	ASTM A351 GR CF8M	1
TAILPIECE	ASTM A351 GR CF8M	1
BALL	ASTM A351 GR CF8M	1
STEM	316	1
BALL SEAT	PTFE	2
STEM SEAT	PTFE	1
STEM PACKING	PTFE	1
STEM GLAND	304	1
HANDLE	304	1
STEM LOCK WASHER	304	1
STEM NUT	304	1
HANDLE SLEEVE	VINYL	1
LOCK	304	1



^{* 4&}quot;SAE - 500 PSI max for LV2BS#64-2T-MH



^{**} For WOG Accessories refer to pages 67

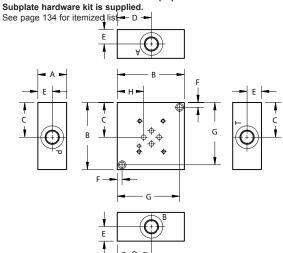
Information



D03 Subplates

Side Ported Subplate

Valve mtg: UNC #10-24 x 0.63 DP or Metric M5-0.8mm ISO 6H x [16] DP

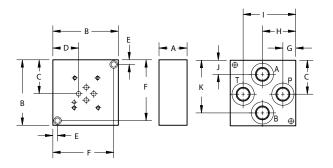


Dimension	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
*D03SPS4P	1.00	2.50	1.31	1.25	0.50	0.25	2.25	0.88
D03SPS6	[25.4]	[63.5]	[33.3]	[31.8]	[12.7]	[6.4]	[57.2]	[22.4]
D03SPS8	1.50	3.50	1.81	1.78	0.75	0.25	3.25	1.38
	[38.1]	[88.9]	[46.0]	[45.2]	[19.1]	[6.4]	[82.6]	[34.9]
D03SPS12	1.75	4.00	2.06	2.03	0.88	0.38	3.63	1.63
	[44.5]	[101.6]	[52.4]	[51.6]	[22.2]	[9.5]	[92.1]	[41.3]

Back Ported Subplate

Valve mtg: UNC #10-24 x 0.63 DP or Metric M5-0.8mm ISO 6H x [16] DP Subplate hardware kit is supplied.

Subplate hardware kit is suppli See page 134 for itemized list.

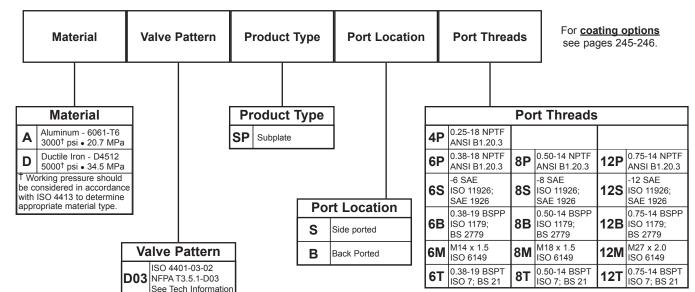


Dimension	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K
*D03SPB4P	1.00	2.50	1.31	0.88	0.25	2.25	0.66	1.28	1.91	0.75	1.88
	[25.4]	[63.5]	[33.3]	[22.4]	[6.4]	[57.2]	[16.7]	[32.5]	[48.4]	[19.1]	[47.6]
*D03SPB6B	1.00	2.50	1.25	0.84	0.25	2.25	0.51	1.25	1.98	0.52	1.97
	[25.4]	[63.5]	[31.8]	[21.4]	[6.4]	[57.2]	[13.0]	[31.8]	[50.4]	[13.2]	[50.0]
*D03SPB6[M,P,S,T]	1.00	2.50	1.31	0.88	0.25	2.25	0.59	1.28	1.97	0.69	1.94
	[25.4]	[63.5]	[33.3]	[22.4]	[6.4]	[57.2]	[15.1]	[32.5]	[50.0]	[17.5]	[49.2]
D03SPB8	1.50	3.50	1.81	1.38	0.25	3.25	0.69	1.78	2.81	0.75	2.81
	[38.1]	[88.9]	[46.0]	[34.9]	[6.4]	[82.6]	[17.5]	[45.2]	[71.4]	[19.1]	[71.4]
D03SPB12	1.50	4.50	2.31	1.88	0.38	4.13	0.94	2.28	3.56	0.94	3.56
	[38.1]	[114.3]	[58.8]	[47.6]	[9.5]	[104.8]	[23.8]	[57.9]	[90.5]	[23.8]	[90.5]

Specifications, descriptions, and dimensional data are subject to correction or change without notice or incurring obligation.

Download latest catalog page revisions at www.daman.com.

Ordering Information



BVAL Low Pressure

Ideal from suction to 600 PSI; NPT/SAE/6149/BSP; PTFE Ball Seals Optimized for DMIC's "SSW" System - All sizes unrestricted bore.

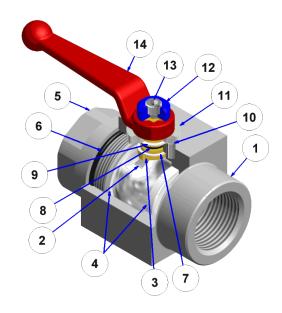


Most large bore valves sold in the hydraulic market today are simply "plumbing" valves, suitable primarily for low pressure, cold water use. DMIC's 'BVAL' is the first ball valve of its kind, specifically designed for leak-free Hydraulic Suction, Vacuum to 29" & Return line durability to 6" full bore.

- Built to take the pressure spikes, temperatures, & elevated demands of hydraulic service
- Uses top grade ball seals, with O-Ring sealing throughout.
- Suitable for actuation and panel mounting and accepts the full range of DMIC Ball Valve Accessories & Actuation Packages
- A reliable choice for Phosphate Esters, Water Glycols and other unusual media (std model ships with Teflon™ ball seals / Buna-N O-rings)
- ¼" to 2" rated at 600 PSI, 2½" + rated at 400 PSI.
- Valve series rating valid for near zero leak design.

Valve Cutaway View & Service Parts BOM

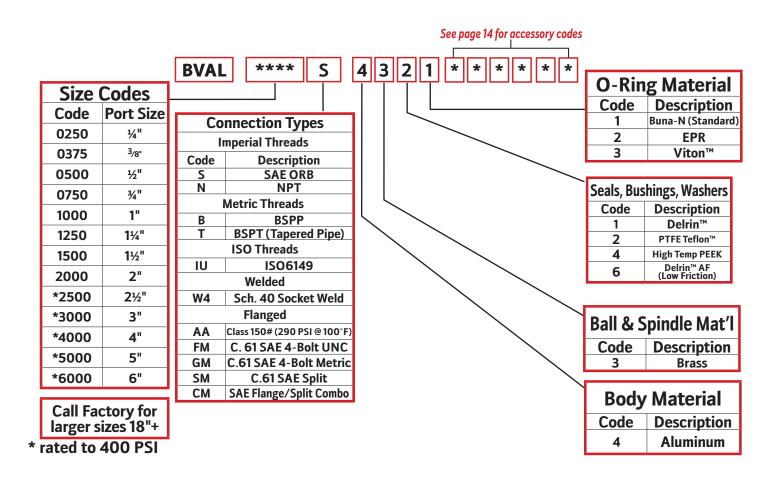
BVAL	SERVICE PARTS BOM					
Index	Qty	Description				
1	1	Valve Body				
2	1	Ball, Brass				
3	1	Spindle, Brass				
4	2	Ball Seal				
5	1	End Connection				
6	1	End Connection O-Rings				
7	1	Internal Thrust Washer				
8	1	Spindle O-Rings				
9	1	External Glide Washer				
10	1	Stop Pin				
11	1	Stop Washer				
12	1	Color Code Cap				
13	1	Top Cap Screw				
14	1	Handle				





BVAL Low Pressure

Ordering Codes Summary



Note: Changes from Standard Materials may result in changes to temperature and/or pressure rating.

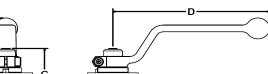
Due to our policy of continual product improvement, the specifications in this catalog may change without notice. When designing by spec, please request a certified print.

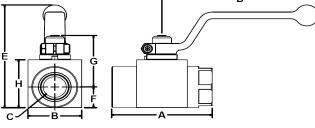


BVAL Low Pressure

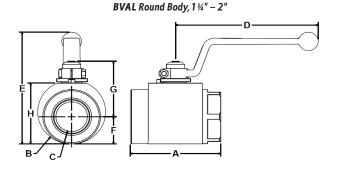
BVAL valves with flange and socket weld connections are composite valves, built using threaded valves and "SSW" adapters. To harness the full capabilities of DMIC's "SSW" Power Unit Layout system please call DMIC Helpline at 1-800-248-3642 to obtain the SSW Catalog.

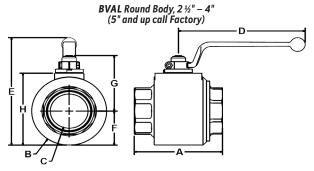
BVAL		Den	endent	Dimens	ions	I
DVAL			ed Connect			
Dimension ((inches)	A	E	F	G	Н
Port Code(s)	Port	Overall	Overall	Bot to	PortCtr	Valve
1 011 0110(0)	Size 1/4"	Length 2.63	Height 2.70	PortCtr 0.63	to Top 1.66	Height 1.50
	3/8"	2.63	2.70	0.63	1.66	1.50
N	1/2"	2.63	2.70	0.63	1.66	1.50
S	3/4"	3.27	3.76	0.76	1.89	1.75
В	1"	3.47	4.01	0.88	2.01	2.00
IU	1¼"	3.90	5.24	1.19	2.58	2.66
IA	1½"	4.32	5.68	1.39	2.82	3.10
Threaded	2"	4.90	6.41	1.82	3.12	3.83
Connections	2½"	5.99	8.07	2.55	4.18	5.40
	3"	7.31	9.01	3.03	4.65	6.34
	4"	8.89	10.03	3.50	5.19	7.36
<u> </u>		SAE 4-Bolt		nection		
Dimension (A	Α			-
Port Code(s)	Port Size	Overall Length FM/GM	Overall Length FL	Flg Pad Long	Flg Pad Short	UNC Bolt Thrd
	3/4"	7.59	8.84	1.88	0.88	3/8"
FM	1"	7.80	9.04	2.06	1.03	3/8"
GM	11/4"	8.47	9.72	2.31	1.19	716"
FL .	1½"	8.89	9.89	2.75	1.41	1/2"
SAE 4-Bolt Comp/Std	2"	9.47	11.22	3.06	1.69	1/2"
Flg Conn	2½"	10.93	12.67	3.50	2.00	1/2"
_	3" 4"	12.64	15.14	4.19	2.44	5/8" 5/8"
	4	14.22	16.72	5.13	3.06	78
Dimension ((inches)	SAE Split F	lange Con	nection		Λ
Port Code(s)	Port	Overall	O Pine No	DMIC	Split	A _{CM} Length A
Port Code(s)	Size 3/4"	Length SM 8.14	O-Ring No. 2-214	Flang	ge Kit	Length A (Combo) CM
	1"	8.26	2-214		750SK 000SK	7.87 8.03
SM	1¼"	9.33	2-222		250SK	8.90
CM	1½"	9.77	2-225		500SK	9.33
SAE Split &	2"	10.85	2-228		DOOSK	10.16
Combo Flange Connections	2½"	12.36	2-232		500SK	11.65
	3"	13.68	2-237		000SK	13.16
	4"	15.77	2-245		000SK	15.00
		ANSI	Flange Cor	ın.		
Dimension ((inches)	Α		ANSI 150	# FLANGE	
Port Code(s)	Port Size	Overall Length	Flg Diam	B/Ctr Diam	BoltHole Dia	# Bolt Holes
	1/2"	5.83	3.50	2.38	0.62	4
	3/4"	6.90	3.88	2.75	0.62	4
AA	1"	7.42	4.25	3.12	0.62	4
ANSI 150#	11/4"	8.15	4.62	3.50	0.62	4
Flange Connections	1½"	8.74	5.00	3.88	0.62	4
(290 PSI	2"	9.56	6.00	4.75	0.75	4
nominal)	2½"	11.01	7.00	5.50	0.75	4
	3"	12.46	7.50	6.00	0.75	4
	4"	14.19	9.00	7.50	0.75	8
B:		Fixed Socke	t wela Col	шеслоп		1
Dimension (Port	A Overall	Pipe	Socket		
Port Code(s)	Size	Length	OD	Depth		
	34"	5.84	1.05	0.38		
	1"	6.04	1.31	0.38		
W4	11/4"	6.72	1.66	0.38		
Socket Wold	1½" 2"	7.14	1.91	0.38		
Weld Connections	2½"	7.72 8.93	2.38	0.38		
	3"	10.64				
	4"		3.50	0.50		
	4	12.22	4.50	0.50		





BVAL Block Body, 1/4" - 1"

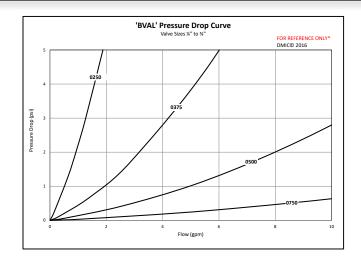


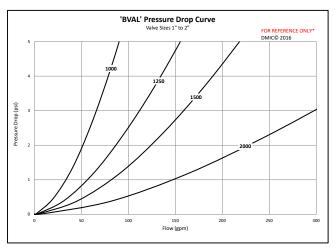


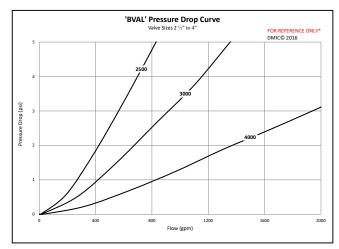
BVAL	С	Common Dimensions						
_			D	Dimensions IN				
Part Number	Port Size	Rated Pressure PSI	Valve Width B	Valve Bore C	Handle Length D			
BVAL-0250****	1/4"	600	1.50	0.38	3.35			
BVAL-0375****	3%∗	600	1.50	0.47	3.35			
BVAL-0500****	1/2"	600	1.50	0.50	3.35			
BVAL-0750****	3/4"	600	1.75	0.75	5.09			
BVAL-1000****	1"	600	2.00	.97	5.09			
BVAL-1250****	1¼"	600	2.75	1.25	6.81			
BVAL-1500****	1½"	600	3.25	1.50	6.81			
BVAL-2000****	2"	600	4.00	1.97	6.81			
BVAL-2500****	2½"	400	5.10	2.56	8.61			
BVAL-3000****	3"	400	6.06	3.15	8.61			
BVAL-4000****	4"	400	7.00	3.94	8.61			

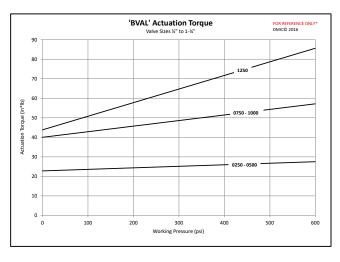
BVAL Low Pressure

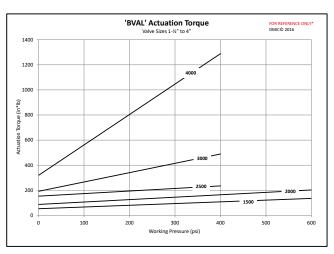
Flow Characteristic and Actuation Torque Curves











Due to our policy of continual product improvement, the specifications in this catalog may change without notice. When designing by spec, please request a certified print.



CVH CHECK VALVES

Guided poppet design and precision ground surfaces for 10,000 PSI service, ¼" to 2" NPT/SAE/BSPP/BSPT/6149



The DMIC **CVH** Check Valve is a quality leader in the worldwide marketplace. Computer optimized flow passages and super heavy duty construction results in a 10,000 PSI rated product which will provide greatly extended service in 3,000 and 5,000 PSI applications.

- **Precision ground** oversize poppet landing zone for longevity, factory tested for zero leakage install with confidence
- Designed for 10,000 PSI maximum operating pressure in carbon steel and 10,000 PSI in stainless steel
- Standard 5 PSI & 65 PSI cracking pressures, with rapid delivery for 0, 15, 30, 75, and 135 PSI call with your custom requirement
- Hybrid models with SAE Code 61 4-Bolt and Split Flange available
- Spring laid out such that it never fully packs, extending life expectancy
- One piece steel construction eliminates leakage from joints

СУН	Nominal Size	Port		ormance Data	Dimensions (inches/mm)		
CVII	Size	Thread	Flow GPM	Working Pressure	A Hex	B Length	Lbs. kg
CVH**-0250N		¼" NPT				J	
CVH**-0250S	1/11	#4 SAE	5 GPM	10,000 PSI	0.75	2.14	0.24
CVH**-0250B	1/4"	⅓" BSPP	19 l/m	680 Bar	19.1	54.4	0.11
CVH**-0250IU		12mm ISO6149					
CVH**-0375N		3/8" NPT					
CVH**-0375S	3/8"	#6 SAE	8 GPM	10,000 PSI	0.88	2.50	0.48
CVH**-0375B	3/8	3/8" BSPP 30 l/m 680 Bar 22.2	22.4	63.5	0.22		
CVH**-0375IU		16mm ISO6149					
CVH**-0500N		½" NPT					
CVH**-0500S	1/2"	#8 SAE	15 GPM	10,000 PSI	1.13	3.13	0.64
CVH**-0500B	72	½" BSPP		79.4	0.29		
CVH**-0500IU		18mm ISO6149					
CVH**-0750N	3/4"	¾" NPT					
CVH**-0750S		#12 SAE		10,000 PSI	1.50	3.81	1.03
CVH**-0750B	3/4" ====================================		96.7	0.47			
CVH**-0750IU		22mm ISO6149					
CVH**-1000N		1" NPT					
CVH**-1000S	1"	#16 SAE	40	10,000	1,75	4,31	2.18
CVH**-1000B	ı	1" BSPP	GPM 10,000 1,75 4,3	109.6	0.99		
CVH**-1000IU		33mm ISO6149					
CVH**-1250N		1¼" NPT					
CVH**-1250S	11/4"	#20 SAE	70 GPM	10,000 PSI	2.25	5.04	4.19
CVH**-1250B	174	1¼" BSPP	266 l/m	680 Bar	57.2	128.0	1.90
CVH**-1250IU		42mm ISO6149					
CVH**-1500N		1½" NPT					
CVH**-1500S	1½"	#24 SAE	100	10,000 PSI	2.50	5.50	5.16
CVH**-1500B	172	1½" BSPP		139.7	2.34		
CVH**-1500IU		48mm ISO6149					
CVH**-2000N		2" NPT					
CVH**-2000S	2"	#32 SAE	150 GPM	10,000 PSI	3.25	6.75	11.00
CVH**-2000B		2" BSPP	570 l/m	680 Bar	82.6	171.5	4.99
CVH**-2000IU		60mm ISO6149					

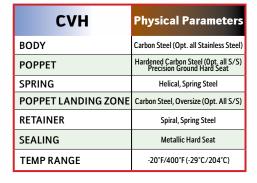
CVH Stainless	Port Size	Working Pressure		
Steel*	I OIL SIZE	PSI	Bar	
CVH**-0250*-22	1/4"			
CVH**-0375*-22	3/8"			
CVH**-0500*-22	1/2"			
CVH**-0750*-22	3/4"	10,000	680	
CVH**-1000*-22	1"	PSI	Bar	
CVH**-1250*-22	11/4"			
CVH**-1500*-22	1½"			
CVH**-2000*-22	2"			

*CVH shares external dimensions with the CVH Carbon Steel Series (see Table to left).

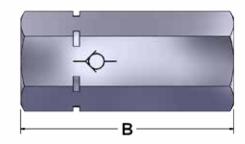
For water & Gas applications contact DMIC



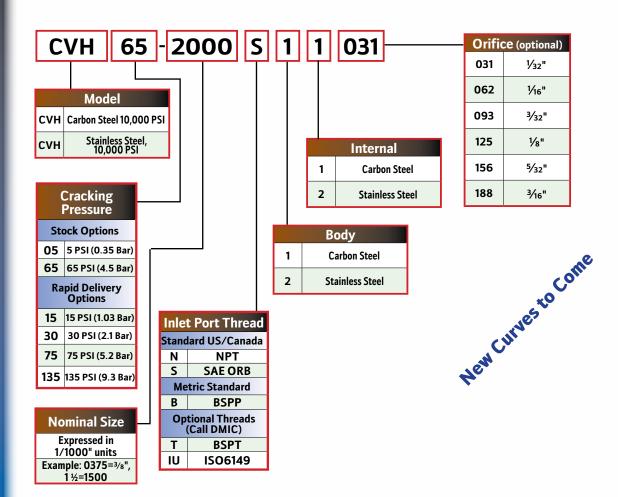
CVH CHECK VALVES







For complete ordering information and option availability please see page 28.



This valve series is factory sealed and disassembly will destroy the valve and void the warranty. Due to our policy of continual product improvement, the specifications in this catalog may change without notice. When designing by spec, please request a certified print.



'DMGV' GAUGE VALVE/SNUBBER







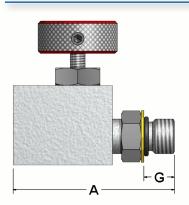
The 'DMGV' Gauge Valve is a simple, inexpensive "Turn to Read" on-off isolator valve.

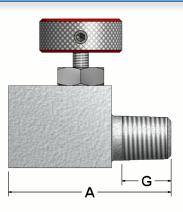
This design uses no drain line, therefore the system pressure must be released with 'DMGV' in the "ON" position to clear gauge reading



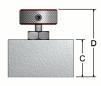
- 1/4" NPT/SAE/BSP Thread
- Saves time and cost compared to a needle valve
- Built-in snubber

Dimension Views











DMGV-SMS

DMGV-NMN

DMGV-S

	Dimensions (inches)									
DMGV	A Overall Length	B Body Width	C Body Heigh	D Overall Heigh	E Bottom To Port Center	F Knob O.D.	G Thread Engagement			
DMGV-N(4/1)	1.75	0.75	1.00	1.81	0.36	1.00				
DMGV-S(4/1)	1.75	0.75	1.00	1.01	0.30	1.00				
DMGV-SMS(4/1)	2.03	0.75	1.00	1.81	0.36	1.00	0.39			
DMGV-NMN(4/1)	1.97	0.75	1.00	1.81	0.36	1.00	0.60			

DMGV -

Code

Gauge Side

Description **14" SAE** ¼ NPT

MS S

		1
_	=	_
		C : 1

		_
Side	Sys	П
scription	Code	П
Male SAE	MS	Ш
Male NPT	MN	
Male SA	MS	

Material					
Code	Description				
1	Steel 10,000 PSI				
2	Stainless 10,000 PSI				
4	Aluminum 3,000 PSI				

Sealing						
Code	Description					
1	Buna-N					
2	EPR					
3	Viton					
<u> </u>						





CF Series Gauges

11/2", 2" and 21/2" • Glycerine-Filled

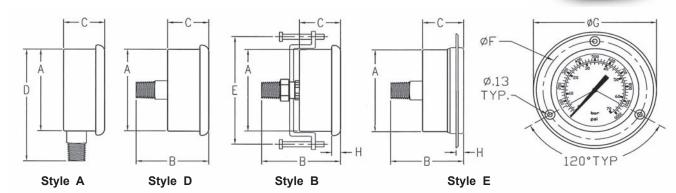
Features

- · 304 Stainless Steel Case & Bezel
- · Phosphor Bronze Bourdon Tube
- · Bronze Connection
- · Polycarbonate Lens
- Built-in Snubber
- · Range: Vacuum to 10,000 psi
- · Dual Scale: psi & bar
- Accuracy: ± 1.6% FSD
- Temperature Range: -40° to 180°F
- Certificate of Accuracy Available (see page 15 for details)





Installation Data



Size	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Port Size
1 1/2"	1.58"	1.98"	1.02"	2.47"	2.30"	-	-	.20"	¹ /8" NPT
2"	1.98"	2.21"	1.19"	3.05"	2.28"	2.40"	2.76"	.24"	1/4" NPT*
2 1/2"	2.40"	2.25"	1.18"	3.45"	3.18"	2.90"	3.42"	.25"	1/4" NPT*

^{* 1/8&}quot; NPT available w/ min. order. Add -8N to end of model #.

	Model	Size	Туре	Range	Style
Ordering Example:	CF	1	Р	- 350	Α

Model	Size	Туре	Pressure Ran	ge	Style
CF = Glycerine-filled	*4 = 1 ¹ / ₂ " dia. 5 = 2" dia.	C = Compound V = Vacuum	002 = 30" Hg - 30 psi** 000 = 30" Hg - 0 psi		A = Stem B = Panel Clamp
Gauge $1 = 2^{1/2}$ dia.		P = Pressure	001 = 15 psi 070 = 1000 psi 002 = 30 psi 100 = 1500 psi 004 = 60 psi 140 = 2000 psi		D = Center Back E = Panel Flange
Some size/ra combinations ma available by spec	y only be		007 = 100 psi 010 = 160 psi 015 = 200 psi	210 = 3000 psi 280 = 4000 psi 350 = 5000 psi	
available by spec	iai order.		020 = 300 psi 040 = 600 psi	420 = 6000 psi 700 = 10,000 psi	

^{**}Additional compound ranges may be available by special order.



CF Series (SAE) Gauges 2 1/2" • Glycerine-Filled • SAE Swivel Mount

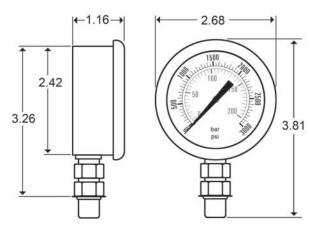
Features

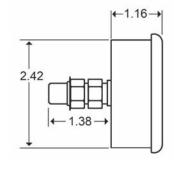
- · 304 Stainless Steel Case & Bezel
- Phosphor Bronze Bourdon Tube
- SAE 7/16-20 Bronze Connection
- · Polycarbonate Lens
- · Built-in Snubber

- Range: Vacuum to 10,000 psi
- · Dual Scale: psi & bar
- Accuracy: ± 1.6% FSD
- Temperature Range: -40° to 180°F
- · Certificate of Accuracy Available (see page 15 for details)



Installation Data







Style A

Style D

Ordering I	Example	. CF	Size 1	P -	Range 210	Style -	Port Size SAE	
Model	Size	Туре	Pressu	ıre Range		Style	Port Size	
CF = Glycerine-filled	1 = 2 1/2"	C = Compound V = Vacuum		0" Hg - 30 ps 0" Hg - 0 psi	i**	A = Stem D = Center E	7/16-20 SAE 3ack*	
Gauge		P = Pressure	001 = 1: 002 = 3: 004 = 6: 007 = 1: 010 = 1: 015 = 2: 020 = 3: 040 = 6:	0 psi 10 0 psi 14 00 psi 21 60 psi 28 00 psi 35 00 psi 42	0 = 1000 psi 0 = 1500 psi 0 = 2000 psi 0 = 3000 psi 0 = 4000 psi 0 = 5000 psi 0 = 6000 psi 0 = 10,000 psi			
*Special order - minimum quantities may apply. *Additional compound ranges may be available by special order.								

Logo and custom gauge faces available with minimum 100 piece order. Call for details.





General description

Solenoid operated directional control valves are for directing and stopping flow at any point in a hydraulic system.

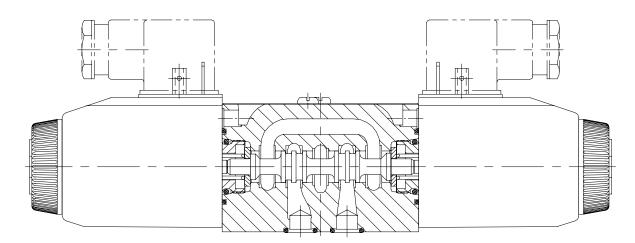
- Efficient control of greater hydraulic powers without increasing solenoid power consumption.
- Installed cost and space savings from higher power/weightand-size ratios.
- Installation flexibility resulting from choice of numerous combinations of solenoid connectors and locations.
- Viton seals as standard for multi-fluid capability. Nitrile seals available as a model code option.
- Higher sustained machine productivity and higher uptime because of proven fatigue life and endurance, tested over 20 million cycles.
- Solenoid coils can be changed quickly and easily without leakage from hydraulic system.
- Compact, cost effective system design when used with Eaton® SystemStak™ valves and subplates.

DG4V-3-S/R - High performance and standard performance valves

- Minimum pressure drop 2.5 bar at 30 l/min
- Range of coil connectors including DIN, Deutsch, AMP and terminal box
- · Range of coil voltages and power options
- Up to 80 I/min (21 USgpm) and up to 40 I/min (10.5 USgpm) respectively at 350 bar (5000 psi).
- Offers designers the opportunity to select the optimum value package for each application.
- International standard interface. The valve mounting face conforms to ISO 4401, size 03 and is compatible with related international standards.

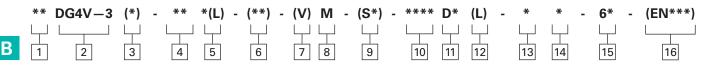
Bolt kit and seal kit:

- Interface Seal Kit number 02-147573
- Full Seal Kit part number for DG4V-3 with U or KU coils 858995
- Full Seal Kit part number for DG4V-3 with Flying lead F coils 858995
- Bolt Kit number616452 (Metric) and 590716 (Inches)



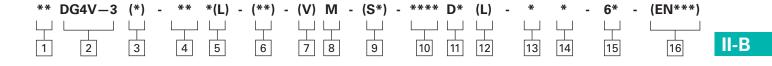
II-B

Model code



1	Seal typ	pe
	Blank	Viton
	F6	Buna Nitrile/High CAN
2	Model	series
	4 –	Solenoid operated
	V -	Pressure rating 350 bar (5000 psi) on P, A
	3 –	& B ports ISO4401 Size 03
3	Perform	nance
	Blank	High performance
	S	Standard performance
4	Spool t	уре
		Please refer functional symbols
		on Page 37 for spool types.
5	Spool s	pring arrangement
	Α	Spring offset, end-to-end
	AL	Same as "A" but left hand build
	В	Spring offset, end to center
	BL	Same as "B" but left hand build
	С	Spring centered
	N	No-spring detented
6	Manual	override option
	Blank	Plain override(s) in solenoid end(s) only ▲
	Н	Water-resistant override(s) on solenoid end(s) \blacktriangle
	Z	No overrides at either end
	W	Twist and lock override in solenoid ends•
	A	No override in non-solenoid end of
	•	single solenoid valves DC high performance only
7	Solenoi	d Energization identity
	Blank	None
	V	Solenoid "A" is at port "A" end and/
	V	or solenoid "B" is at port "B" end,
		independent of spool type
	Note:	Used to select the identification of the
		solenoid. Refer to table on page 36.

	M	Electrical options and features
9	Spool inc	dicator switch
	S3	Switch, wired normally open
	S4	Switch, wired normally closed
	S7	Spool position monitoring switch. Single solenoid valves only.
	Note	Refer page 38 and 42 for further details
10	Coil type	
	U	ISO4400, DIN43650 connector
	U1	ISO4400 fitted with PG11 plug
	KU	Top exit flying lead (150mm)
	KUP4	Junior timer (Amp) connector
	KUP5	Integral Deutsch connector
	FPM4	4-Pin micro - (12mm) brad Harrison connector
	KUPM4L	Integral M12, 4-Pin connector
	FW	Flying lead with 1/2" NPT thread wiring housing
	FTW	Fly. Lead wired terminal block & 1/2" NP thread wiring housing
	FPA3W	Fly. Lead, 3 Pin connector & 1/2" NPT thread wiring housing
	FPA5W	Fly. Lead, 5 pin connector & 1/2" NPT thread wiring housing
	KUP6	Flying lead external to coil with Deutsch connector
	KUP7	Packard connector pins (male)
	KUP8	Special packard connector pins with seal (female)
	X5	Atex approved coil, 'd' type ▲
		▲ Also CSA and UL approved
11		indicator lights
	Blank	None
	L	Solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead soil type and the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead to the solenoid indicator lights A Flying lead to the solenoid lights A Flying lead to the s
		▲ Flying lead coil type only



12 Surge suppressor/ damper

D1 Diode positive biasD2 Negative biasD7 Transorb type

See Page 45 for circuit details

13 Coil rating

B 110V AC 50Hz/120V AC 60 Hz **D** 220V AC 50 Hz/240V AC 60 Hz

DS 28V DC 30 watt

G 12V DC
GL -12V DC
H 24V DC
HL 24V DC
HM 24V DC 8 watt

*HM COIL IS DG4V-3-R Standard performance with 8 Watt coil

14 Tank pressure rating

Refer to "Operating Data" for port T pressure ratings.

4 70 bar (1000 psi) **▲**

5 100 bar (1500 psi) for standard performance models, DG4V-3S, with AC or DC solenoids.

6 207 bar (3000 psi) for AC high performance models, DG4V-3, including spool position indicator type S6.

7 207 bar (3000 psi) for DC high performance models, DG4V-3, including spool position indicator type S6.

▲ X5 coil type only

15 Design number

60 Basic design61 Type 8 spool

16 Special features

"EN***" Code number assigned as required.

EN21 CSA approved models with 1/2" NPT entry

conduit box, type FW and solenoid coil

letter B,D,G, or H.

EN38 Low leakage version. Typical leakage 5ml/

min/land at 100 bar.

Note: EN38 valve spools have additional overlap

and resulting 2X pressure drop compared

to standard valve spools.

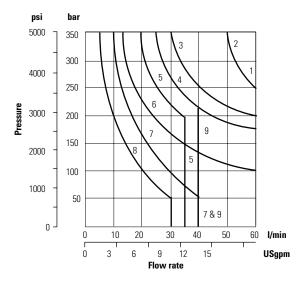
Flow rating See performance data See pe	Feature	DG4V-3		DG4V-3S		DG4V-3R	DG4V-3R	
See performance data	Pressure limits P, A and B ports	350 bar (5075 psi)		350 bar (5075 psi) ■		350 bar (5075	350 bar (5075 psi)	
Relative duty factor	T port:	210 bar (3045 psi)		100 bar (1450 psi)		210 bar (3045)	210 bar (3045 psi)	
	Flow rating	See performance da	ata	See performance data		See performan	ce data	
	Relative duty factor	Continuous; ED = 10	00%	Continuous; ED =	100%	Continuous; ED	0 = 100%	
Class H Class H Class H Class H Class H Class H Class F Clas	Type of protection: ISO 4400 coils with plug fitted correctly	IEC 144 class IP65		IEC 144 class IP65	5	IEC 144 class I	P65	
Class F Class F Class F Class F	Coil winding	Class H		Class H		Class H		
Permissable voltage fluctuation: Refer to temperature limits. Refer to T	Lead wires (coils type F***)	Class H		Class H		Class H		
Refer to temperature limits. Refer to Temperature to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature to Temperature to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature to Temperature to Temperature Limits. Refer to Temperature Limits. Ref	Coil encapsulation	Class F		Class F		Class F		
Typical response times at 100% rated volts measured from application/removal of voltage to full spool displacement of "2C" spool at:	Maximum			perature limits. Ref	er to Temperature Lir	mits		
Pressure	Minimum	90% rated		90% rated		90% rated		
Pressure 175 bar (2537 psi) 175 bar (2537 psi) 175 bar (2537 psi) 175 bar (2537 psi) 18 ms 18 m	Typical response times at 100% ra	ated volts measur	ed from applicati	on/removal of vo	Itage to full spoo	l displacement o	f "2C" spool at:	
AC (-) energizing	Flow rate P-A, B-T	40 I/min (10.6 USgp	om)	20 I/min (5.3 USg	pm)	20 I/min (5.3 U	sgpm)	
AC (-) de-energizing 23 ms 32 ms 60 ms 60 ms 60 ms 70 c (-) de-energizing 45 ms 60 ms 70 c (-) de-energizing 28 ms 40 ms 40 ms 40 ms 70 c (-) de-energizing 28 ms 40 ms 40 ms 70 c (-) de-energizing 80 c (-)	Pressure	175 bar (2537 psi)		175 bar (2537 psi)		175 bar (2527 l	175 bar (2527 PSI)	
DC (=) energizing	AC (~) energizing	15 ms		18 ms		18 ms	18 ms	
DC (=) de-energizing 28 ms	AC (~) de-energizing	23 ms		32 ms		32 ms	32 ms	
Power consumption, AC solenoids (RMS)	DC (=) energizing	45 ms		60 ms	60 ms		60 ms	
### Folding VA (RMS)	DC (=) de-energizing	28 ms		40 ms		40 ms	40 ms	
Dual frequency coils at 50 Hz 265 49 280 61 N/A	Power consumption, AC solenoids (for coils listed in model code).		Holding VA (RMS)		Holding VA (RMS)		Holding VA (RMS)	
Dual frequency coils at 60 HZ 260 48 300 58 N/A	Full power coils:							
Low power coils, "BL" and "DL": Not available with "N" - DG4V-3S valves. So	Dual frequency coils at 50 Hz	265	49	280	61	N/A		
Not available with "N" — No-spring detented models DG4V-3S valves. DG4V-3S val	Dual frequency coils at 60 HZ	260	48	300	58	N/A		
Dual frequency coils at 60 Hz	Low power coils, "BL" and "DL": (Not available with "N" — No-spring detented models)		t usable with	170	37	N/A		
Power consumption, DC solenoids at rated voltage and 20 C (68 F).	Dual frequency coils at 50 Hz	_	_	190	37	N/A		
Full power coils: 12V, model type "G"	Dual frequency coils at 60 Hz	_	_	_	_	N/A		
12V, model type "G" 30W - 30W - N/A 24V, model type "H" 30W - N/A	Power consumption, DC solenoid	s at rated voltage	and 20 C (68 F).	'				
24V, model type "H" 30W - 30W - N/A Low power coils: 12V, model type "GL" Low power coils not usable with DG4V- 18W N/A 3S valves. 18W - N/A	Full power coils:							
Low power coils: 12V, model type "GL" Low power coils not usable with DG4V- 3S valves. 18W N/A N/A N/A	12V, model type "G"	30W	-	30W	_	N/A		
12V, model type "GL" Low power coils not usable with DG4V 3S valves. 18W N/A 24V, model type "HL" 18W - N/A	24V, model type "H"	30W	-	30W	_	N/A		
3S valves. 18W - N/A	Low power coils:							
	12V, model type "GL"		t usable with DG4V-	_	18W	N/A		
24V, HM Coil 8W – N/A	24V, model type "HL"			18W	_	N/A		
	24V, HM Coil			8W	_	N/A		

[■] For applications where valves are to remain pressurized (either energized or de-energized) at pressures over 210 bar (3045 psi) without frequent switching, it is recommended to use the high performance model, DG4V-3.

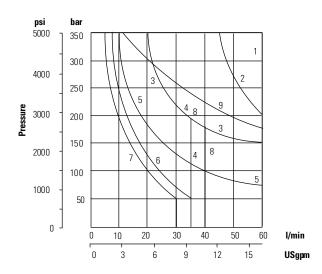
^{▲ 1}st half cycle; armature fully retracted.

DG4V-3 models (high performance)

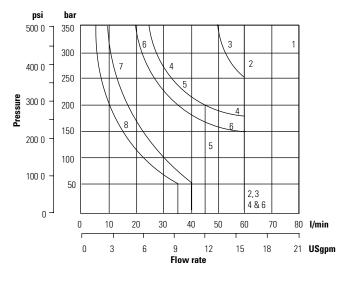
Graph 1 AC solenoid valves operating at 50 Hz



Graph 2AC solenoid valves operating at 60 Hz



Graph 3 DC solenoid valves



Spool / spring code	Graph 1 curve	Graph 2 curve	Graph 3 curve
0A(L)	2	2	3
0B(L) & 0C	1	1	2
2A(L)	2	2	3
2B(L) & 2C	1	1	1
2N	1	1	2
6B(L) & 6C	6	5	6
8B(L) & 8C	5 ▲	4 🛦	5 ▲
22A(L)	8	7	8
22B(L) & 22C	7	6	7
33B(L) & 33C	4	3	4
52BL, 52C	6	5	6
521B	6	5	6

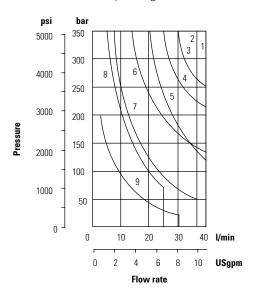
[▲] Consult Eaton regarding each application that will jointly have flow rates approaching this curve and a pressurized volume exceeding 2000 cm3 (122 cu.in.)

II-B

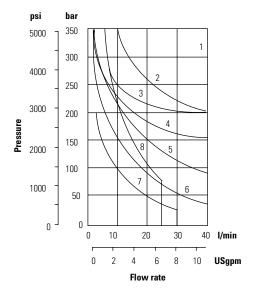
DG4V-3S models (standard performance)

II-B

Graph 4 AC solenoid valves operating at 50 Hz



Graph 6 DC solenoid valves



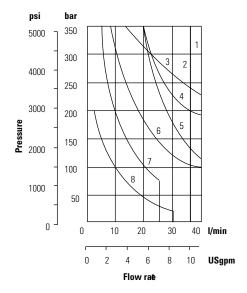
Typical with mineral oil at 36 cSt (168.6 SUS) and a specific gravity of 0.87.

Maximum flow rates

Performance based on full power solenoid coils wand operating at 90% rated voltage. See note at bottom of next page when using low power coils (DG4V-3 models only.)

Graph 5

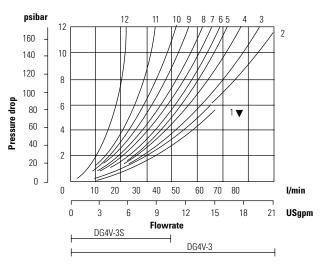
AC solenoid valves operating at 60 Hz

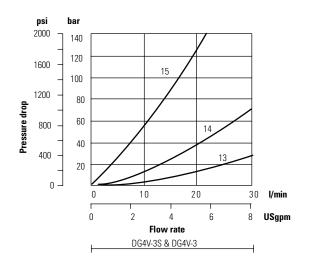


Spool / spring code	Graph 1 curve	Graph 2 curve	Graph 3 curve
0A(L)	1	1	3
0B(L) & 0C	1	1	1
2A(L)	5	5	3
2B(L) & 2C	2	2	3
2N	1	1	1
6B(L) & 6C	6	6	5
8B(L) & 8C	8 🛦	7 🛦	8 🛦
22A(L)	9	8	7
22B(L) & 22C	7	7	6
33B(L) & 33C	4	4	4
52BL, 52C	6	6	5
521B	6	6	5

[▲] Consult Eaton regarding each application that will jointly have flow rates approaching this curve and a pressurized volume exceeding 2000 cm3 (122 cu.in.)

Pressure drops





▼ Curve for spool type 6: not recommended for flows in excess of 60 I/min (15.8 USgpm).

Pressure drips in offset positions except where otherwise indicated

Spool / spring code	Spool positions covered	P to A	P to B	A to T	B to T	P to T	B to A or A to B
0A(L)	Both	5	5	2	2	-	-
0B(L) & 0C	De-energized	-	-	-	-	4 ▲ △	-
	Energized	4	4	2	2	-	-
2A(L)	Both	6	6	5	5	-	-
2B(L) & 2C	Energized	5	5	2	2	-	-
2N	Both	6	6	3	3	-	-
6B(L) & 6C	De-energized	-	-	3 🛦	3 Δ	-	-
	Energized	6	6	1	1	-	-
	Energized	4	4	3 🛦	3	-	-
8B(L) & 8C	All	9	9	5	5	3	-
22A(L), 22B(L) & 22C	All	6	6	-	-	-	-
33B(L) & 33C	De-energized	-	-	15 ▲	15 △	-	-
	Energized	5	5	2	2	-	-
52BL & 52C	Energized	6 ▲	6 Δ	2	-	-	10 🔾
	Energized	6 🛦	6 Δ	2	-	-	10 🔾
521B	All	6 ▲	6 Δ	-	-	-	10 🔾
	De-energized	-	-	10 ▲	11 △	-	10 🔾
	Energized	6	6 Δ	-	-	-	10 🔾

▲ B" plugged △ "A" plugged ○ "P" plugged

Viscosity cSt (SUS)

14 (71.75)	20 (97.8)	43 (200)	54 (251)	65 (302)	76 (352)	85 (399)
% of ΔP (Ap	prox.)					
81	88	104	111	116	120	124

For other viscosities, pressure drops approximate to:

A change to another specific gravity will yield an approximately proportional change in pressure drop. The specific gravity of a fluid may be obtained from its producer. Fire resistant fluids usually have higher specific gravities than oil.

II-B

Installation dimension

Models for use with ISO 4400 (DIN 43650) connectors

II-B

Double solenoid models

Single solenoid models

DG4V-3(S)-*C-**-(V)M-U-**-60 DG4V-3(S)-*N-**-(V)M-U -**-60

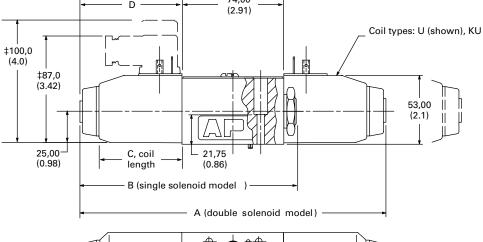
DG4V-3(S)-*A(-**) DG4V-3(S)-*B(-**) ■ DG4V-3(S)-8BL(-**)

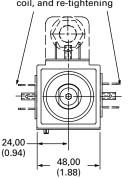
DG4V-3(S)-*AL(-**) As DG4V-3(S)-*BL(-**) shown DG4V-3(S)-8B(-**)

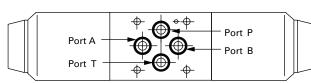
Solenoid and end cap interchanged 3rd angle projection



Alternative plug positions by 74,00 loosening knurled nut, turning (2.91)coil, and re-tightening





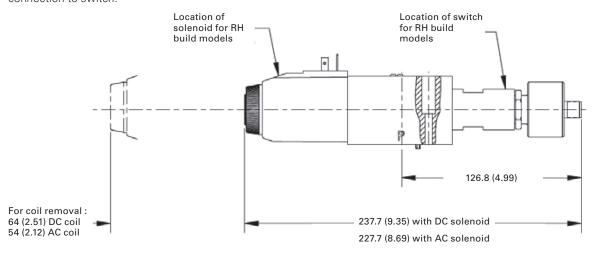


- Not applicable to type "8" spool.
- ‡ Can vary dependent on source of plug. Dimensions in mm (in).

Model type	AC or DC	A Dim.	B Dim.	C Dim.	D Dim.
All	DC =	220 (8.66)	156 (6.14)	61 (2.5)	73 (2.87)
DG4V-3	AC ~	200 (7.87)	146 (5.75)	51 (2.1)	63 (2.48)
DG4V-3S	AC ~	200 (7.87)	146 (5.75)	45 (1.7)	63 (2.48)

DG4V-3-*-A/B(L)-(V)M-S7-U-**--60

Single solenoid models with Inductive type switch indicating when the spool is in the spring off-set position. Refer Page 38 connection to switch.



Models with "F" type coils (lead wires) and conduit box.

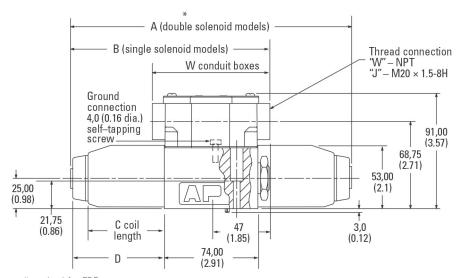
Single solenoid models

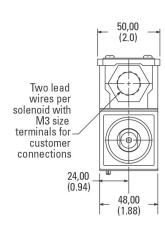
DG4V-3(S)-*AL(-**)•

DG4V-3(S)-*BL(-**)•

DG4V-3(S)-8B(-**)







Dimensions in mm(in).

Model type	AC or DC	A Dim.	B Dim.	C Dim.	D Dim.
All	DC =	220 (8.66)	156,5 (6.14)	61 (2.5)	73 (2.87)
DG4V-3	AC ~	200 (7.87)	146,5 (5.75)	51 (2.1)	63 (2.48)
DG4V-3S	AC ~	200 (7.87)	146,5 (5.75)	45 (1.7)	63 (2.48)

Codes FJ" and "FW": 2 lead wires for each solenoid, approximately 150,00 (6.00) long. M3 (#6) terminals provided for customer connection.

Codes "FTJ" and "FTW": Valve supplied with lead wires connected into terminal strip suitable for M3 (#6) terminals for customer connection.

^{* 89 (3.5)} for FPB - W conduit boxes 104 (4.0) All plug-in conduit boxes

Operation

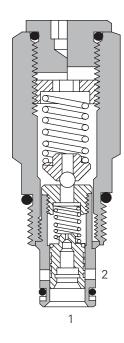
When the inlet pressure exceeds the setting of the valve, the pilot section opens, causing a small flow across the orifice in the main spool.

The subsequent pressure drop moves the spool against a light spring opening a ring of radial holes in the sleeve, allowing relief flow to tank.

Features

High accuracy of pilot operated design. Hardened working parts give long, reliable, trouble-free life. Cartridge construction for installation into your own manifold.

Sectional view



Performance data

Ratings and specifications

Performance data is typical with fluid at 21,8 cSt (105 SUS) and 49° C (120° F)	
Typical application pressure (all ports)	350 bar (5000 psi)
Cartridge fatigue pressure (infinite life)	350 bar (5000 psi)
Rated flow	114 L/min (30 USgpm)
Internal leakage, port 1 to port 2	114 cc/min (7cu in/min @ 350 bar (5000 psi)
Cavity	C-10-2
Standard housing materials	Aluminum or steel
Temperature range	-40° to 120°C (-40° to 248°F)
Fluids	All general purpose hydraulic fluids such as: MIL-H-5606, SAE 10, SAE 20, etc.
Filtration	Cleanliness Code 18/16/13
Weight cartridge only	0,22 kg (0.48 lbs)
Seal kits — RV5 — RV5A	565803 Buna–N 566086 Viton [®] 565806 Buna–N 889627 Viton [®]

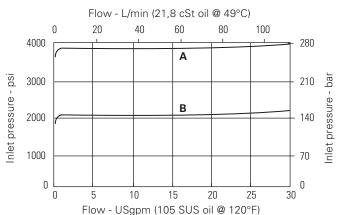
Viton is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont

Description

To limit pressure in a system. Good for continuous duty and accurate pressure control with constant or varying flows.

Pressure override curves

Cartridge only
Tank pressure = 0

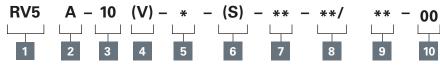


A - 50 spring **B** - 20 spring

Where measurements are critical request certified drawings. We reserve the right to change specifications without notice.

Spool, pilot operated 114 L/min (30 USgpm) • 350 bar (5000 psi)

Model code



Function

RV5 - Relief valve

Cage seals

Blank - Single back-up ring as shown

A - 1/2 thickness back-up ring on each side of o-ring (for cross port relief applications)

3 Size

Blank - Buna-N

Seal material

Blank - Buna-N Viton®

Adjustment

C - Cap

F - Factory set

I - Internal

K - Knob

S - Screw

Valve housing material

Blank - Aluminum

S - Steel

Dimensions

mm (inch)

Cartridge only "C"Adjustment 19,1 (0.75) hex "I" Adjustment "S"Adjustment F"Adjustment 80.0 (3.13)53,0 (2.08)

Ø 15,82 (0.623)

7	Port size	

Code	Port size	Housing number									
		Aluminum light duty	Aluminum fatigue rated	Steel fatigue rated							
0	Cartridge only										
3B	3/8" BSPP	02-175462	_	_							
2G	1/4" BSPP	_	876702	02-175102							
3G	3/8" BSPP	_	876703	02-175103							
6H	SAE 6	_	876700	-							
8H	SAE 8	-	876701	_							
6T	SAE 6	566151	_	02-175100							
8T	SAE 8	-	_	02-175101							
H10H	SAE 10*	_	4997062-001	_							
2K10H	SAE 10**	-	4997060-001	-							

^{*} Bolt on, dual cross over relief valve package for Eaton H or T series motors

(Note: Two cartridges are installed in this special housing, both are set to the same crack pressure specified in model Code position 9, maximum allowed setting is 210 bar (3000 psi), only available with RV5A option and aluminum housing.)

See section J for housing details.

Cracking pressure range

Note: Code based on pressure in psi.

3,4-20 bar (50-300 psi) **20 -** 7-140 bar (100-2000 psi) **35 -** 17-240 bar (250-3500 psi) **50 -** 35-350 bar (500-5000 psi)

Setting pressure

Within ranges in 8

Blank - Normal factory setting at approximate mid-range. User requested settings in 3,45 bar (50 psi) steps, Coded as in the following examples:

10 - 70 bar (1000 psi)

10.5 - 72,4 bar (1050 psi)

10 **Special features**

00 - None

(Only required if valve has special features, omitted if "00.")

SS - 316 Stainless Steel external components

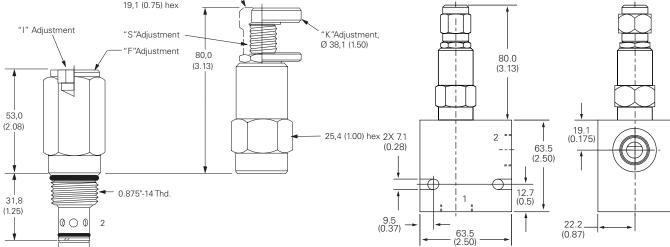
Torque cartridge in housing A - 47-54 Nm (35-40 ft. lbs)

S - 68-75 Nm (50-55 ft. lbs)

Installation drawing (Steel)

⚠ Warning

Aluminum housings can be used for pressures up to 210 bar (3000 psi). Steel housings must be used for operating pressures above 210 bar (3000 psi).



Where measurements are critical request certified drawings. We reserve the right to change specifications without notice.

^{**} Bolt on, dual cross over relief valve package for **Eaton 2000 series motors**

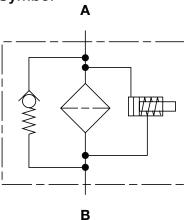
LF Series

Inline Filters 1500 psi • up to 180 gpm





Hydraulic Symbol



Features

- Non-welded housing design reduces stress concentrations and prevents fatigue failure.
- Aluminum alloy is water tolerant anodization is not required for water based fluids (HWBF).
- Inlet & outlet port options include NPT, BSPP and SAE straight thread O-ring boss to allow easy installation with maximum flexibility.
- O-ring seals are used to provide positive, reliable sealing. Choice of O-ring materials (nitrile rubber, fluorocarbon elastomer, ethylene propylene rubber) provides compatibility with petroleum oils, synthetic fluids, water-glycols, oil/water emulsions, and high water based fluids.
- Screw-in bowl mounted below the filter head requires minimal clearance to remove the element for replacement, and contaminated fluid cannot be washed downstream when element is serviced.
- HYDAC differential Pressure Indicators have no external dynamic seal. This results in a high system reliability due to magnetic actuation, thus eliminating a potential leak point.
- A poppet-type bypass valve (optional) is separate from the main flow path, in the filter head, to provide positive sealing during normal operation and fast opening during cold starts and flow
- For special finishes and coatings consult HYDAC for minimum quantities, availability and pricing.

Applications







Automotive



Construction



Railways

Industry

Technical Specifica	tions
Mounting Method	4 mounting holes
Port Connection	
30	SAE-8, 1/2" NPT, 1/2" BSPP
60/110	SAE-12, 3/4" NPT, 3/4" BSPP
160/240/280	SAE-20, 1 1/4" NPT, 1 1/4" BSPP
330/660	SAE-24, 1 1/2" NPT, 1 1/2" BSPP
Flow Direction	Inlet: Side Outlet: Side
Construction Materials	
Head	Cast Aluminum
Bowl	Aluminum Extrusion (sizes 30 - 660)
	Steel (size 280)
Flow Capacity	
30	8 gpm (30 lpm)
60	16 gpm (60 lpm)
110	29 gpm (110 lpm)
160	42 gpm (160 lpm)
240	63 gpm (240 lpm)
280	74 gpm (280 lpm)
330	84 gpm (330 lpm)
660	174 gpm (660 lpm)
Housing Pressure Rating	
Max. Operating Pressure	1500 psi (100 bar)
Fatigue Pressure	1500 psi (100 bar)
Burst Pressure	size 30 5510 psi (380bar)
	sizes 60 - 660 > 6090 psi (420 bar)
Element Collapse Pressure	Rating
BH4HC, V	3045 psid (210 bar)

3045 psid (210 bar) ON, W/HC 290 psid (20 bar)

-22°F to 212°F (-30°C to 100°C) Fluid Temperature Range

Consult HYDAC for applications operating below -22°F (-30°C)

Fluid Compatibility

Compatible with all hydrocarbon based, synthetic, water glycol, oil/ water emulsion, and high water based fluids when the appropriate seals are selected

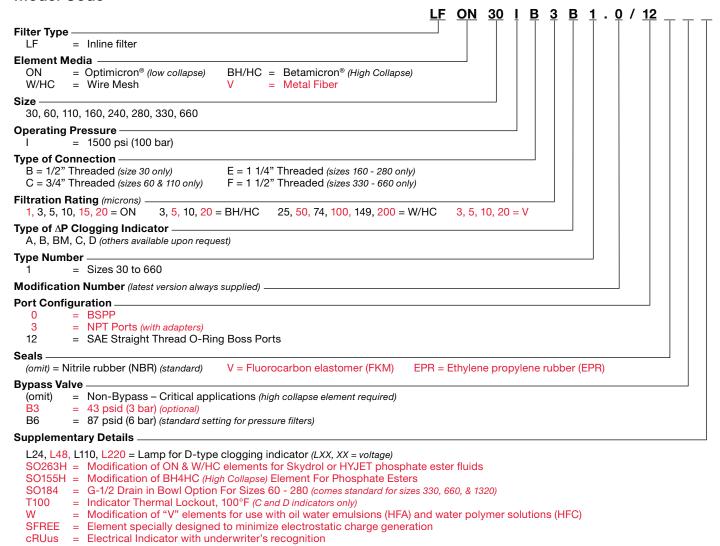
∆P Indicator Trip Pressure

 $\Delta P = 29 \text{ psid (2 bar) -10\% (optional)}$ $\Delta P = 72 \text{ psid (5 bar)} -10\% \text{ (standard)}$

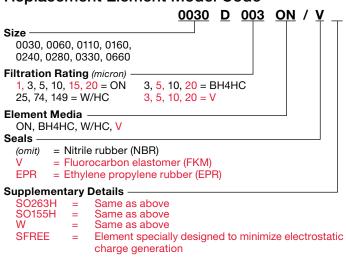
Bypass Valve Cracking Pressure

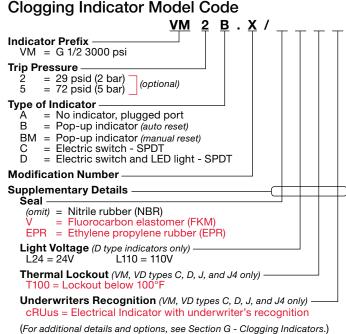
 $\Delta P = 43 \text{ psid (3 bar)} + 10\% \text{ (optional)}$ $\Delta P = 87 \text{ psid (6 bar)} + 10\% \text{ (standard)}$

Model Code



Replacement Element Model Code





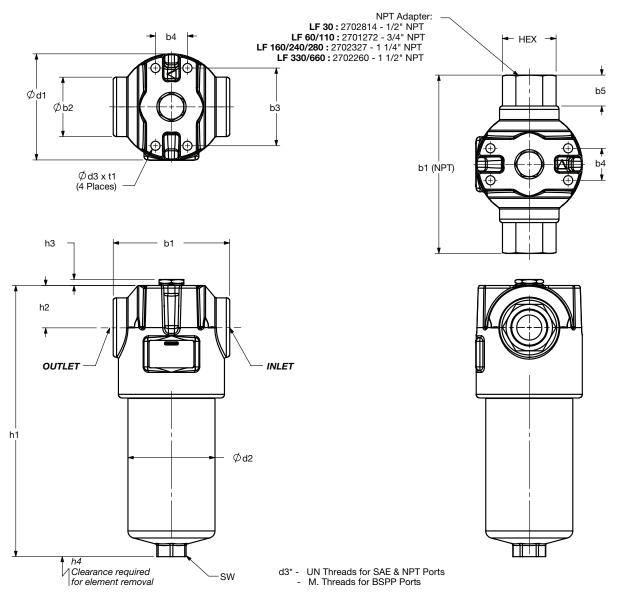
(i or additional details and options, see Section G - Clogging indicators



E13

MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS

Dimensions LF 30 - 660



Size	b1	b1 (NPT)	b2	b3	b4	b5	d1	d2	d3*	h1	h2	h3	h4	sw	t1	HEX
30	(2.72) 69	(4.84) 123	(1.42) 36	(1.77) 45	(1.18) 30	(1.062) 27	(2.64) 67	(2.05) 52	10-32UNF-2B M5 X 0.8	(6.16) 156	(1.22) 31	(0.28) 7	(2.95) 75	(0.94) 24	(0.24) 6	(1.125) 28.6
60	(3.54) 90	(5.80) 147.2	(1.89) 48	(2.20) 56	(1.26) 32	(1.126) 28.6	(3.31) 84	(2.68) 68	1/4-28UNF-2B M6 X 1.0	(6.95) 176.5	(1.54) 39	(0.24) 6	(2.95) 75	(1.06) 27	(0.35) 9	(1.38) 34.93
110	(3.54) 90	(5.80) 147.2	(1.89) 48	(2.20) 56	(1.26) 32	(1.126) 28.6	(3.31) 84	(2.68) 68	1/4-28UNF-2B M6 X 1.0	(9.68) 246	(1.54) 39	(0.24) 6	(2.95) 75	(1.06) 27	(0.35) 9	(1.38) 34.93
160	(4.92) 125	(7.67) 194.9	(2.56) 65	(3.35) 85	(1.38) 35	(1.376) 34.95	(4.57) 116	(3.74) 95	3/8-24UNF-2B M10 X 1.5	(9.29) 236	(1.81) 46	(0.24) 6	(3.74) 95	(1.26) 32	(0.55) 14	(2.00) 50.8
240	(4.92) 125	(7.67) 194.9	(2.56) 65	(3.35) 85	(1.38) 35	(1.376) 34.95	(4.57) 116	(3.74) 95	3/8-24UNF-2B M10 X 1.5	(11.67) 296.5	(1.81) 46	(0.24) 6	(3.74) 95	(1.26) 32	(0.55) 14	(2.00) 50.8
280	(4.92) 125	(7.67) 194.9	(2.56) 65	(3.35) 85	(1.38) 35	(1.376) 34.95	(4.57) 116	(3.74) 95	3/8-24UNF-2B M10 X 1.5	(18.98) 482	(1.81) 46	(0.24) 6	(3.74) 95	(1.26) 32	(0.55) 14	(2.00) 50.8
330	(6.26) 159	(9.07) 230.4	(3.35) 85	(4.53) 115	(2.36) 60	(1.406) 35.71	(6.3) 160	(5.12) 130	1/2-20UNF-2B M12 X 1.75	(11.90) 302.5	(1.97) 50	(0.24) 6	(4.13) 105	(1.42) 36	(0.67) 17	(2.25) 57.15
660	(6.26) 159	(9.07) 230.4	(3.35) 85	(4.53) 115	(2.36) 60	(1.406) 35.71	(6.3) 160	(5.12) 130	1/2-20UNF-2B M12 X 1.75	(18.40) 467.5	(1.97) 50	(0.24) 6	(4.13) 105	(1.42) 36	(0.67) 17	(2.25) 57.15

Size	30	50	110	160	240	330	660
Weight (lbs.)	1.8	3.4	4	8.2	9.5	17.7	24.3

Dimensions shown are [inches] millimeters for general information and overall envelope size only. Weights listed include element. For complete dimensions please contact HYDAC to request a certified print.

MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS

Sizing Information

Total pressure loss through the filter is as follows:

Assembly ΔP = Housing ΔP + Element ΔP

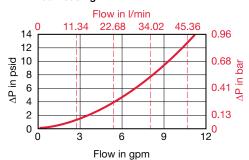
Housing Curve:

Pressure loss through housing is as follows:

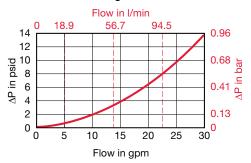
Housing ΔP = Housing Curve ΔP x $\frac{Actual Specific Gravity}{0.86}$

Adjustments must be made for viscosity & specific gravity of the fluid to be used! (see "Sizing HYDAC Filter Assemblies" in Section B - Overview)

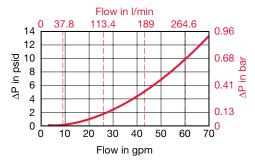
LF 30 Housing



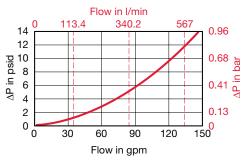
LF 60 / 110 Housing



LF 160 / 240 / 280 Housing



LF 330 / 660 Housing



Element K Factors

 $\Delta P \; \text{Elements} = \text{Elements} \; (K) \; \text{Flow Factor x Flow Rate (gpm)} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Viscosity (SUS)}}{141 \; \text{SUS}} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Specific Gravity}}{0.86} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Specific Gravity}}{0.86} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Viscosity (SUS)}}{0.86} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Specific Gravity}}{0.86} \; \\ x \; \frac{\text{Actual Specific G$

"ON" Pressure Elements:		DON (Optimicron Pressure Elements)										
Size	1 μm	3 μm	5 μm	10 µm	15 µm	20 μm						
0030 D XXX ON	4.27	3.507	2.376	1.251	0.768	0.62						
0060 D XXX ON	2.936	1.427	1.004	0.664	0.537	0.347						
0110 D XXX ON	1.416	0.735	0.527	0.333	0.254	0.164						
0160 D XXX ON	1.015	0.604	0.423	0.225	0.204	0.175						
0240 D XXX ON	0.631	0.379	0.293	0.175	0.134	0.115						
0280 D XXX ON	0.304	0.185	0.15	0.082	0.075	0.064						
0330 D XXX ON	0.452	0.23	0.185	0.135	0.085	0.067						
0660 D XXX ON	0.207	0.106	0.086	0.051	0.039	0.031						

"D" Pressure Elements	DBH4HC (Betamicron High Collar							
Size	3 µm	5 μm	10 μm	20 µm				
0030 D XXX BH4HC	5.005	2.782	1.992	1.043				
0060 D XXX BH4HC	3.216	1.789	0.993	0.670				
0110 D XXX BH4HC	1.394	0.818	0.489	0.307				
0160 D XXX BH4HC	0.922	0.571	0.324	0.241				
0240 D XXX BH4HC	0.582	0.373	0.214	0.159				
0280 D XXX BH4HC	0.313	0.187	0.099	0.088				
0330 D XXX BH4HC	0.423	0.247	0.154	0.110				
0660 D XXX BH4HC	0.181	0.104	0.055	0.049				

Wire Mesh	DW/HC Elements (Low Collapse)
Size	25, 50, 74, 100, 149, 200 μm
0030 D XXX W/HC	0.166
0060 D XXX W/HC	0.042
0110 D XXX W/HC	0.230
0160 D XXX W/HC	0.016
0240 D XXX W/HC	0.010
0280 D XXX W/HC	0.009
0330 D XXX W/HC	0.008
0660 D XXX W/HC	0.004

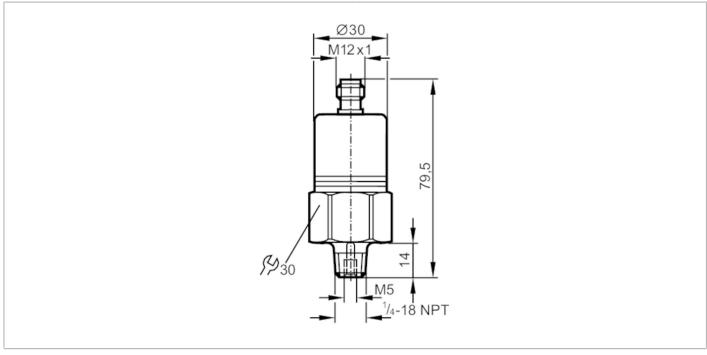
All Element K Factors in psi / gpm.

PX3111

Pressure transmitter with ceramic measuring cell

PA-300PSBN14-A-ZVG/US/ /V







Application		
Media		liquids and gases
Conditionally suitable for		use in gases at pressures > 25 bar only on request
Medium temperature	[°C]	-2590
Pressure rating	[psi]	5800
Min. bursting pressure	[psi]	12300
Type of pressure		relative pressure
Electrical data		
Operating voltage	[V]	9.632 DC
Min. insulation resistance	[MΩ]	100; (500 V DC)
Protection class		III
Reverse polarity protection		yes
Inputs / outputs		
Number of inputs and output	ts	Number of analog outputs: 1
Outputs		
Total number of outputs		1
Output signal		analog signal
Number of analog outputs		1
Analog current output	[mA]	420
Max. load	[Ω]	720; (Ub = 24 V; (Ub - 9,6 V) / 20 mA)
Overload protection		yes
Measuring/setting range		
Measuring range	[psi]	03000

PX3111

Pressure transmitter with ceramic measuring cell





Accuracy / deviations									
Repeatability [% of the spa	on] < 0,15; (with temperat	ure fluctuations < 10 K)							
Characteristics deviation [% of the spa	$<\pm 0.35 (BFSL) / <\pm 0.75 (LS); (BFSL = B$	9,35 (BFSL) $/ < \pm 0,75$ (LS); (BFSL = Best Fit Straight Line; LS = limit value setting)							
Long-term stability [% of the spa	= the span] $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$								
Temperature coefficient zero point	0,2; (080 °C)								
[% of the span / 10 Temperature coefficient span [% of the span / 10	0.3: (0	80 °C)							
Reaction times									
Stop response time analogue	is]	3							
Operating conditions									
Ambient temperature [°	C] -25	80							
Storage temperature [°	-40	100							
Protection	IP 68;	IP 69K							
Tests / approvals									
	EN 61000-4-2 ESD	4 kV CD / 8 kV AD							
	EN 61000-4-3 HF radiated	30 V/m							
	EN 61000-4-4 Burst	2 kV							
	EN 61000-4-6 HF conducted	10 V							
EMC	radiation of interference	according to the automotive directive 2004/104/EC / CISPR 25							
	noise immunity	according to the automotive directive 2004/104/EC / ISO 11452-2							
	HF radiated	100 V/m							
	pulse resistance	ISO 7637-2 / severity level 3							
Shock resistance	DIN IEC 68-2-27	50 g (11 ms)							
Vibration resistance	DIN IEC 68-2-6	20 g (102000 Hz)							
MTTF [yea	[S] 5	55							
Mechanical data									
Weight	[g]2:	13							
Material	stainless steel (1.4404 / 3	316L); FKM; PA; EPDM/X							
Materials (wetted parts)	stainless steel (1.4305	/ 303); ceramics; FKM							
Min. pressure cycles	100 r	nillion							
Process connection	threaded connection 1/4 NPT e	xternal thread Internal threadM5							
Remarks									
Pack quantity	Pack quantity 1 pcs.								
Electrical connection									
Connector: 1 x M12; Contacts: gol	d-plated								

PX3111

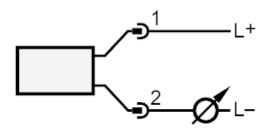
Pressure transmitter with ceramic measuring cell

PA-300PSBN14-A-ZVG/US/ /V



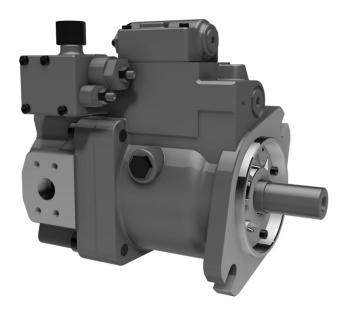


Connection



K3VL Series

Swash-plate Axial Piston Pump



■ General Descriptions

The K3VL series Swash Plate Type Axial Piston Pumps are designed to satisfy the marine, mobile and industrial markets where a medium/high pressure variable displacement pump is required.

K3VL pumps are available in nominal displacements ranging from 28 to 200 cm³/rev with various pressure, torque limiter, and combination of load sensing control options.

Pump Type	Capacity (cm³/rev)	Rated pressure (bar)	Maximum self-priming speed (rpm)
K3VL28	28	320	3,000
K3VL45	45	320	2,700
K3VL60	60	250	2,400
K3VL80	80	320	2,400
K3VL112	112	320	2,300
K3VL140	140	320	2,200
K3VL200	200	320	1,900
K3VL200H	200	320	2,200

■ Features

320 bar continuous pressure rating (250 bar for K3VL60)

350 bar peak pressure (280 bar for K3VL60)

High overall effciency (>90% peak)

Exceptional self priming capability

SAE and ISO mounting and shaft

Excellent reliability and very long service life

High power to weight ratio

Numerous control options

Highly responsive controls

Low pulsation and noise emissions

Integral unloading or proportional pressure relief valves available

High speed version with integral impeller (K3VL200H)

1-1 Pump Options

1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15
K3VL	200	/	В	-	1	N	R	М	М	-	LN	24D	В	/1	-H**	
1. K3VL Series Pump								Preferred p	roduct	range						
K3VL Series, Variable Displacement,								AVAILABLE								

Axial Piston, Open Loop Pump	(400)	NOT AVAILABLE IN COUNTER CLOCKWISE
	0	PLEASE CONTACT KPM UK
	-	NOT AVAILABLE

2. Pump Size								
Maximum Displacement cm³/rev (H-Impeller)	28	45	60	80	112	140	200	200H
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

3. De	sign Series								
В	Series	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
С	Series	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

4. Hy	draulic Fluid Type								
-	Mineral Oil, Nitrile seal + Viton Shaft Seal				•				
V	Viton Seal Throughout	0	0	0	•	•	•	0	0
W	Water Glycol (Nitrile Seal & Nitrile Shaft Seal) *1	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	-

5.	Circuit Type							
1	Open Circuit	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

6. Th	rough Drive & Porting								
0	Without Through Drive	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-
А	SAE-A Through Drive, Side Ported	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
В	SAE-B Through Drive, Side Ported	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
ВВ	SAE-BB Through Drive, Side Ported	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
С	SAE-C, 2 Bolt, Through Drive, Side Ported	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
C4	SAE-C, 4 Bolt, Through Drive, Side Ported	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
CC	SAE-CC, 2 Bolt, Through Drive, Side Ported	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•
D	SAE-D Through Drive, Side Ported	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•
Е	SAE-E Through Drive, Side Ported	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•
R	Single Pump, Rear Ported	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-
N	Single Pump with Steel Cover, Side Ported		•		•	•			

7. Di	rection of Rotation						
R	Clockwise Rotation		•	•		•	
L	Counter Clockwise Rotation	•	•	•	•	•	•

1-1 Pump Options

1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15
K3VL	200	/	В	-	1	Ν	R	М	М	-	LN	24D	В	/1	-H**	

8. Mou	nting Flange & Shaft	28	45	60	80	112	140	200	200H
К	SAE Key & Mount	•		•	•	•		•	-
М	ISO Key & Mount	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-
S	SAE Spline & Mount	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
R	SAE-C Spline & SAE-D Mount	-	-	1	-	•	•	-	-
С	SAE-C Spline & SAE-C2 Mount	-	-	1	-	•	•	-	-
X	SAE-C Key & SAE-C2 Mount	-	-	1	-	•	•	1	-
Υ	SAE-CC Key & SAE-C2 Mount	-	-	1	-	•	•	-	-
W	SAE-CC Spline & SAE-C2 Mount	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-
F	SAE-F Spline & SAE-E Mount	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	
_	SAE-B Spline & SAE-B, 2 Bolt Mount	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-
	SAE-CC Spline & SAE-D, 4 Bolt Mount	-	-	-	-	•		-	-

٩	9. Port	ing Threads						
	М	Metric Threads	•	•	•	•		
Г	S	UNC Thread (Not Available with 'M' ISO Key Shaft & Mount)	•	•	•	•	•	

10. Re	gulator Type								
LO	Load Sense + Pressure Cut-Off (With LS Bleed)		•		•	•	•		
L1	Load Sense + Pressure Cut-Off (With LS Bleed Blocked)		•	•	•	•		•	
LM	Load Sense & Intergral Unload (Normally Open)	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
LN	Load Sense & Intergral Unload (Normally Closed)	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
LV	Load Sense & Intergral Proportional Relief	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
LV2	Load Sense & Intergral Proportional Relief	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
P0	Pressure Cut-Off	•	•		•	•	•		
PM	Pressure Cut-Off & Intergral Unload (Normally Open)	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
PN	Pressure Cut-Off & Intergral Unload (Normally Closed)	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
PV	Pressure Cut-Off & Intergral Proportional Relief	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
PV2	Pressure Cut-Off & Intergral Proportional Relief	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
PR	Inverse Proportional Electronic Pressure Control (Only with 24V DC)	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-

11. Unl	oader Solenoid								
Blank	For all other options except PN/PM/LN/LM/PV2/LV2	-	•		•	•			
115A	115V AC, 50, 60 Hz - DIN 43550 Plug	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230A	230V AC, 50, 60 Hz - DIN 43550 Plug	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12D	12V DC - DIN 43550 Plug	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
24D	24V DC - DIN 43550 Plug	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Technical Information

2-1 Specifications

	Pump Model		K3VL28	K3VL45	K3VL60	K3VL80	K3VL112	K3VL140	K3VL200	K3VL200H			
Ca	pacity	cc/rev	28	45	60	80	112	140	200	200			
Pressure	Rated	bar	3	20	250		•	320	•				
ratings	Peak *1	bar	3	50	280			350					
Speed	Self prime *2	rpm	3,000	2,700	2,400	2,400	2,200	2,200	1,900	2,200			
ratings	Max. boosted*3	rpm	3,600	3,250	3,000	3,000	2,700	2,500	2,200	2,200			
Minimum c	perating speed	rpm			•	60	00						
Case drain	Max. continuous	bar		1									
pressure	Peak	bar				4	1						
W	/eight	kg	20	27	27	35	65	65	95	130			
Case fi	ill capacity	L	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.5	1.5	3.0	3.2			
Temper	ature range	°C				-20 t	o 95						
Viscos	sity range	cSt	10	10 to 1,000 - viscosities greater than 200 will require a no load warm up									
Maximu	um contamination	n level											
		Mounting		2 - bolt SAE B		2 - bolt SAE C	1	4 - bolt SAE D		bolt E E			
	SAE mounting and shaft	Shaft	SAE B spline or	SAE	B-B	SAE C	SAI	E D	SA	E D			
		Sildit	key	spline	or key	spline or key	spline	or key	spline or key	spline			
Ontional	SAE mounting	Mounting		-			2 - SAI			-			
	and shaft	Shaft	-	SAE B spline	SAE B spline	-	SAE C spline	or C-C		λΕ F line			
6	160	Mounting	-	2 bolt ISO	2 bolt ISO	2 bolt ISO	4 b	olt	30	-			
	ISO mounting and shaft	Shaft	-	100 ISO 25mm	100 ISO 25mm			5mm		-			
lnnu	t shaft torque rat			key	key	key for to table	ke e on page 16						
Про	- Shart torque rat	SAE A	61			- CO CADIC	123						
		SAE B	155	29			123	340					
		SAE B-B	-	29				550					
	Through drive torque					400	70		9	90			
rati	rating (Nm) SAE C-						-			90			
		SAE D	- 700 - 700						990				
		SAE E *4							990				
		JAL L								55			

^{*1:} The instant allowable surge pressure as defined by DIN24312. Life and durability of the pump will be affected.

^{*2 :} Steady state inlet pressure should be greater or equal to 0.9 bar absolute.

^{*3 :} Steady state inlet pressure should be greater or equal to 1.3 bar absolute. The maximum boost pressure should not exceed 10 bar.

2-1 Specifications (cont)

♦ Input Shaft Torque Ratings

SAE Splined Shafts						
Shaft Designation	SAE B	SAE B-B	SAE C	SAE C-C	SAE D/E	SAE F
Input Torque Rating (Nm)	171	272	552	925	1,470	1,950

SAE Keyed Shafts						
Shaft Designation	SAE B	SAE B-B	SAE C	SAE C-C	SAE D/E	
Input Torque Rating (Nm)	145	230	430	700	1,250	

ISO Keyed Shafts						
Shaft Designation	ISO 25mm	ISO 32mm	ISO 45 mm			
Input Torque Rating (Nm)	230	430	980			

Note:

The shaft surface will have a finite life due to wear unless adequate lubrication is provided.

#1 Maximum allowable shaft torques are based on achieving an infinite life for a coupling assembly that is lubricated and completely clamped and utilises the full spline/key length as engagement.

The following points therefore need to be fully considered:-

- i) Lubrication of shaft couplings should be in accordance with the coupling manufacturers instructions.
- **ii)** The maximum allowable input shaft torque is based on ensuring an infinite life condition by limiting the resultant combined shaft bending and torsional stress.
- **iii)** This allowable input shaft torque can be further increased dependant on the resultant surface stress at the spline interface which is highly dependant on coupling selection and the provision of adequate spline lubrication.

If you have an application that requires higher input torque please consult KPM UK.

#2 Allowable through drive torques are based on the achieving an infinite life for a fully lubricated coupling and full spline engagement with a mineral oil based anti-wear hydraulic fluid.

2-1 Specifications (cont)

Notes:

Rated Pressure

Pressure at which life and durability will not be affected.

Peak Pressure

The instant allowable surge pressure as defined by BS ISO 2944:2000. Life and durability however will be shortened.

Maximum Self Priming Speed

Values are valid for an absolute suction pressure of 0.9 bar. If the flow is reduced and the inlet pressure is increased the speed may also be increased.

Maximum Boosted Speed

Values stated are the absolute maximum permitted speed for which an increased inlet pressure will be required.

Weight

Approximate dry weights, dependant on exact pump type.

Hydraulic Fluid

Mineral anti wear hydraulic fluid - for other fluid types please consult KPM UK.

Viscosity Range

If viscosity is in range 200 to 1,000 cSt, then warming up is necessary before commencing full scale running.

2-2 Technical Data (cont)



Working Fluid Types

Anti-Wear Type Hydraulic fluid

It is generally recommended to use an anti-wear hydraulic fluid like mineral oil when the operating pressure exceeds 210 bar.

Fire-resistant Fluids

Some kind of fire-resistant fluids require special materials for seals, paint and metal finishing. Please consult KPM UK and provide details of the particular fluid specification and the working conditions so that any special requirements can be ascertained.

In general, fire-resistant fluids have a low viscosity index and their viscosity also changes significantly with operating temperature and service life. For this reason, the circuit should be provided with an adequately sized cooler or forced cooling so that temperatures can be stabilised. Due to the inherent water content of some of these fluids the minimum allowable suction pressure will be higher than that of an equivalent mineral oil and so needs to be fully evaluated by KPM UK. The following table provides an overview of the precautions and characteristics that can be expected with these types of fluids.

Fluid Type Parameter	Mineral Oil	Water Glycol
Maximum Pressure (bar)	320	210
Recommended Temperature Range (deg C)	20 ~ 60	10 ~ 50
Cavitation susceptability		
Expected life expectancy compared to mineral oil	100%	20-80%



Pump Start Up Precuations

Piping & Circuit Checking

Check to see that the piping and full hydraulic circuit is completed and that any gate valves etc. are open.

Direction of Rotation

Check to ensure that direction of rotation is correct and that the inlet and delivery lines are connected correctly.

Start Up

Jog start the motor and check once more for correct rotation. Run the pump unloaded for a period to ensure that all residual air within the system is released. Check for external leakage, abnormal noise and vibrations.

End of Life

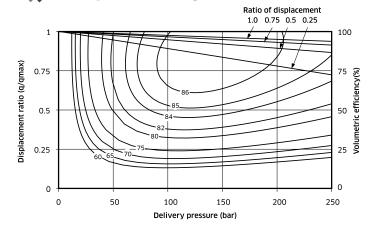
The pump unit, hydraulic fluid and packaging must be disposed of carefully to avoid pollution to the environment. The pump unit must be completely empty upon disposal, it must be disposed of according to national regulations and you must also follow safety information for disposal of the hydraulic fluid.

All individual parts of the pump unit must be recycled. Separate the pump unit parts according to: cast parts, steel, aluminium, non-ferrous metal, electronic waste, plastic, and seals.

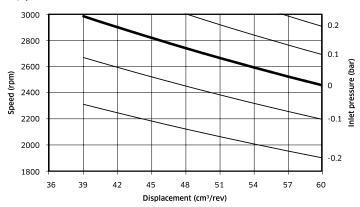
2-3 Performance Data (cont)

K3VL60

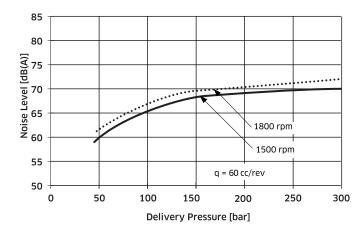
Pump Efficiency (%)



Self Priming Capability







Performance Note:

All performance curves are based on the following conditions:

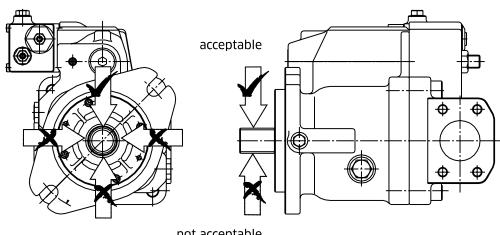
- 1,500 rpm
- ISO VG46 mineral oil
- 50°C oil temperature

2-4 Radial Loading Capacity

No axial shaft loading posible, radial loading is achievable but in specific orientation:-

Radial shaft loading can be allowed provided that its orientation is such that the front bearing takes the additional load (see diagram below).

Note: In this case bearing life will be reduced.



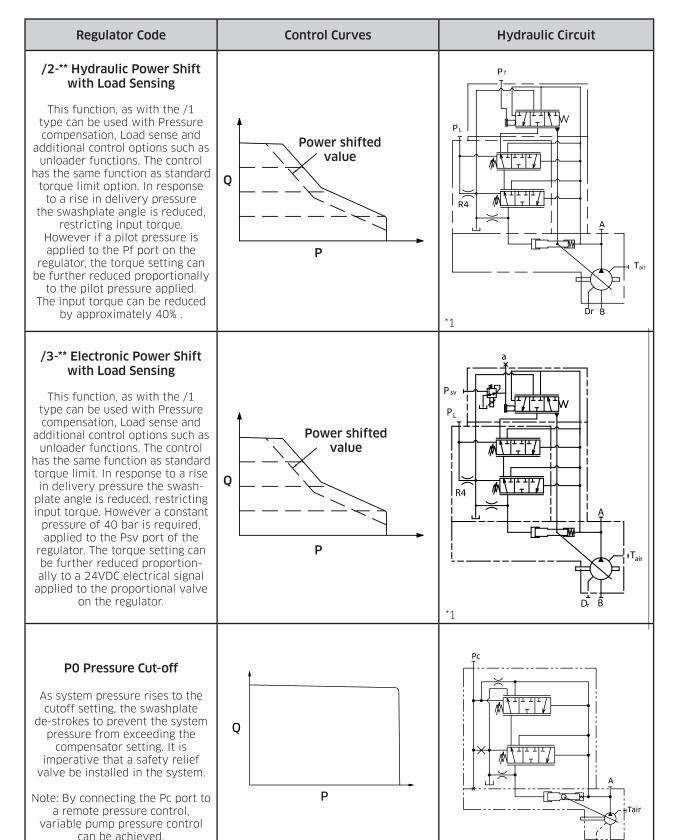
not acceptable

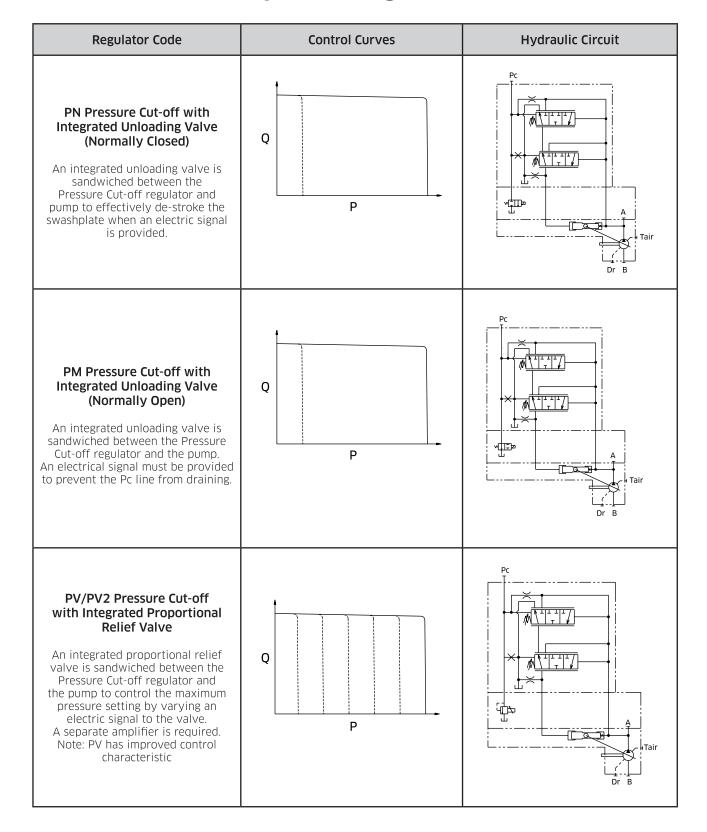
Key to Hydrauli	c Circuit Annotations
Annotations	Description
А	Main pump delivery
A1	Auxillary pump delivery
B1	Gear pump inlet
В	Main pump inlet
Dr	Drain
Pc	Remote pilot port, Pressure compensator
Pl	Pilot port displacement control
PL	Load sense port
Tair	Air bleed port
P _f	Hydraulic power shift
P _{SV}	Servo assist

Regulator Code	Control Curves	Hydraulic Circuit
LO/L1 Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off Pump displacement is controlled to match the flow requirement as a function of the system differential pressure (load pressure vs delivery pressure). In addition, there is a pressure cut off function incorporated into the control with the L1 option, the bleed-off orifice R4 is plugged.	QP	PL R4 A A Tair Dr B
LN Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off with Integrated Unloading Valve (Normally Closed) An integrated unloading valve is sandwiched between the Load Sense regulator and pump to effectively de-stroke and swashplate when an electric signal is provided.	Q	PL A A A A A TAIR Dr B

Regulator Code	Control Curves	Hydraulic Circuit
LM Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off with Integrated Unloading Valve (Normally Open) An integrated unloading valve is sandwiched between the Load Sense regulator and the pump. An electrical signal must be provided to prevent the Load Sense line from draining.	Q	P _L A Tair Dr B
LV/LV2 Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off with Integrated Proportional Relief Valve An integrated proportional relief valve is sandwiched between the Load Sense regulator and pump to control the maximum pressure setting by varying an electric signal to the valve. A separate amplifier is required. Note: LV has improved control characteristic.	Q	PL A A Tair Dr B
LO/1 Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off with Torque Limiting In response to a rise in delivery pressure the swashplate angle is decreased, restricting the input torque. This regulator prevents excessive load against the prime mover. The torque limit control module is comprised of two springs that oppose the spool force generated by the system pressure. By turning an outer and inner spring adjustment screw, the appropriate input torque limit can be set.	Q	PL P

^{*1:} LO/L1 control functions are stated on page 27.





Regulator Code Control Curves Hydraulic Circuit P0/1 Pressure Cut-off with Torque Limiting Q PO/1 control functions as previously noted. In response Pump Flow to a rise in delivery pressure the swashplate angle is reduced, restricting the input torque. This regulator prevents excessive load against the prime mover. Note: By connecting the Pc port to a remote pressure control, variable **Delivery Pressure** pump pressure control can be achieved. /1-E0 Electrical Qmax **Displacement Control** Pump Flow Rate (Q) Varying the input current signal to the pump controller's electronic proportional pressure reducing valve (PPRV) allows the user to control the pump displacement. As the current signal to the PPRV increases, the pump displacement increases Qmin proportionally. 360 600 Input Current (mA) of Proportional Note: An external pressure supply of Pressure Reading Valve 40 bar is required at the PSV Port (50 bar max). /1-Q0 Pilot Operated Qmax **Displacement Control** Pump Flow Rate (Q) Varying the input pressure signal to the Pi port allows the user to control the pump displacement. As the pressure signal to the Pi increases, :ф**/**м the pump displacement increases proportionally. Omin Note: An external pressure supply of up to 40 bar is required at the Pi Pilot Pressure (bar) Port (50 bar max).

Regulator Code Control Curves Hydraulic Circuit /2-** Hydraulic Power Shift with Pressure Compensation This function, as with the /1 type can be used with Pressure compensation, Power shifted Load sense and additional control options such as unloader functions. value The control has the same function as standard torque limit option. In response to a rise in delivery pressure the swashplate angle is reduced, restricting input torque. However if a pilot pressure is applied to the Pf port on the regulator, the torque setting can be further reduced proportionally to the pilot pressure applied. The input torque can be reduced by approximately 40%. /3-** Electronic Power Shift with Pressure Compensation This function, as with the /1 type can be used with Pressure compensation, Power shifted Load sense and additional control options such as unloader functions. value The control has the same function as standard torque limit. In response to a rise in delivery pressure the swashplate angle is reduced, restricting input torque. However a pilot pressure of 40 bar is required, applied to the PSV port of the regulator. The torque setting can be further reduced proportionally to a 24VDC electrical signal applied to the proportional valve on the regulator.

2-6 Torque Limiter Settings

The following tables show the power limitation at various electric motor speeds for a specific frame size of pump. When selecting a control setting please ensure that the power limitation of a particularly sized electric motor to your national standard is not exceeded.

		K3VL45	5	
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	S3	S4	-	=
5.5	L3	S1	S3	S4
7.5	L1	L2	L4	S2
11	M1	М3	L1	L2
15	Н3	H4	M2	M4
18.5	-	H2	H4	M2
22	1	-	Н3	H4
30	-	-	-	Н1
37	-	-	-	-
45	-	-	-	=
55	-	-	-	-
75	-	-	-	-
90	-	-	-	-
110	-	-	-	-
132	-	-	-	-

		K3VL60)	
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	-	-	-	-
5.5	S2	S2	-	-
7.5	L4	S1	S3	-
11	M4	L2	S1	S2
15	M2	М3	L2	L3
18.5	H2	M1	М3	L1
22	-	H2	M2	М3
30	-	-	H2	Н3
37	-	-	-	H1
45	-	-	-	-
55	-	-	-	-
75	-	-	-	-
90	-	-	-	-
110	-	-	-	=
132	-	-	-	-

		K3VL80		
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	-	-	-	-
5.5	S2	S4	-	-
7.5	L6	S1	S3	1
11	L2	L4	L6	S1
15	M4	L1	L3	L5
18.5	M1	М3	L1	L3
22	Н3	M1	M4	L1
30	H1	H2	H4	M2
37	-	-	H2	Н4
45	-	-	H1	H2
55	-	-	-	H1
75	-	-	-	-
90	-	-	-	-
110	-	-	-	-
132	_	-	-	-

	К	(3VL11	2	
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	-	-	-	-
5.5	-	-	-	-
7.5	S5	S6	-	-
11	S1	S3	S5	S6
15	L3	L4	S2	S4
18.5	M4	L2	L4	S2
22	M2	M4	L3	L4
30	H4	M1	М3	L1
37	H2	Н3	M1	М3
45	-	H2	H4	M1
55	-	-	H2	Н4
75	-	-	-	H1
90	-	-	-	-
110	-	-	-	-
132	-	-	-	-

	ŀ	(3VL14	0	
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	-	-	-	-
5.5	-	-	-	-
7.5	-	-	-	-
11	S2	S4	-	-
15	L6	S1	S3	-
18.5	L3	L5	S1	S3
22	L1	L3	L6	S1
30	M2	М3	L2	L4
37	H4	M1	М3	L2
45	H2	H4	М2	М3
55	-	H2	H4	M2
75	-	-	H1	Н3
90	-	-	-	H1
110	-	-	-	-
132	-	-	-	-

		(3VL20	0	
KW	970	1150	1450	1750
3.7	-	-	-	-
5.5	-	-	-	-
7.5	-	-	-	-
11	-	-	-	-
15	-	-	-	-
18.5	S1	-	-	-
22	L4	S1	-	-
30	L2	L3	L5	S2
37	М3	L1	L3	L5
45	M1	М3	L2	L3
55	H5	M1	М3	L2
75	H1	Н3	Н6	M2
90	-	H1	H4	H6
110	-	-	H2	H4
132	-	-	-	H2

-6 Torqu Limiter S ings (cont)

Torqu imi er Con rol - S tting Tabl

K3VL														Pr	im	Mov	r Ir	put	Torq	ue (N	lm)										
frame size	30	36	41	46	49	53	61	73	82	91	100	107	121	146	154	163	182	200	216	246	298	307	367	409	450	492	540	610	618	711	752
45	S4	S3	S2	S1	L4	L3	L2	L1	M4	МЗ	М2	М1	Н4	НЗ	Н2	Н1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60	-	-	-	S4	S3	S2	S1	L4	L3	L2	L1	M4	МЗ	М2	НЗ	Н2	Н1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80	-	-	-	S4	S3	S2	S1	L6	L5	L4	L3	L2	L1	M4	МЗ	М2	М1	Н4	НЗ	H2	Н1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
112	-	-	-	-	-	-	S6	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	L4	L3	L2	L1	M4	МЗ	М2	M1	Н4	НЗ	Н2	Н1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S4	S3	S2	S1	L6	L5	L4	L3	L2	L1	МЗ	M2	М1	Н4	НЗ	H2	Н1	-		-	-	-
200 & 200H	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S2	S1	L5	L4	L3	L2	L1	М3	М2	М1	Н6	Н5	Н4	НЗ	H2	Н1

Note: Highlighted options show power shift

Power Shif Con rol - Setting Table

/2 Hydra	aulic		K3V	/L80		K3VL112					K3VI	_140		K3VL200(H)						
Spring Se	etting	Н4	Н3	H2	Н1	Н4	Н3	H2	H1	H4	Н3	H2	H1	Н6	H5	H4	Н3	H2	Н1	
	0	200	216	246	298	298	307	367	409	367	409	450	492	492	540	610	618	711	752	
Pf	10	167	183	209	252	252	255	309	349	309	349	383	421	421	453	517	524	610	648	
Pressure (bar)	20	138	152	175	210	210	208	256	292	256	292	322	356	356	374	432	439	517	553	
	30	111	123	145	173	173	167	209	241	209	241	266	298	298	303	355	361	433	465	

/3 Elec	tric		K3V	′L80		K3VL112					K3VI	_140		K3VL200(H)						
Spring Se	etting	Н4	НЗ	H2	H1	Н4	Н3	H2	H1	Н4	Н3	H2	Н1	Н6	H5	Н4	НЗ	H2	H1	
	0	200	216	246	298	298	307	367	409	367	409	450	492	492	540	610	618	711	752	
Current	336	167	183	209	252	252	255	309	349	309	349	383	421	421	453	517	524	610	648	
(mA)	473	138	152	175	210	210	208	256	292	256	292	322	356	356	374	432	439	517	553	
	595	111	123	145	173	173	167	209	241	209	241	266	298	298	303	355	361	433	465	

2-7 Installation

Moment of Inertia and Torsional Stiffness

Frame Size	Moment of Inertia		Torsional Stiffness
Frame Size	I (kg.m²)	GD ² (kgf.m ²)	(N m/rad)
K3VL28	2.09x10 ⁻³	8.36-10 ⁻³	2.20 x 10 ⁴
K3VL45	3.85x10 ⁻³	1.54-10 ⁻²	3.59 x 10⁴
K3VL60	3.83x10 ⁻³	1.53-10 ⁻²	3.59 x 10⁴
K3VL80	7.30x10 ⁻³	2.92-10 ⁻²	4.83 x 10 ⁴
K3VL112	2.02x10 ⁻²	8.06-10 ⁻²	9.33 x 10 ⁴
K3VL140	2.02x10 ⁻²	8.06-10-2	9.33 x 10 ⁴
K3VL200	4.58x10 ⁻²	1.83-10 ⁻¹	1.54 x 10⁵
K3VL200H	4.58×10 ⁻²	1.83-10 ⁻¹	1.54 x 10⁵

Through Drive Limitations

Pump over all length (LPX) (mm)		
Frame size	Single pump type N	
K3VL28	219	
K3VL45	244	
K3VL60	244	
K3VL80	272	
K3VL112	307	
K3VL140	307	
K3VL200	359	
K3VL200H	424	

Frame size	Maximum Permisable Bending Moment
K3VL28	137
K3VL45	137
K3VL60	137
K3VL80	244
K3VL112	462
K3VL140	462
K3VL200	930
K3VL200H	930

2-7 Installation (cont)

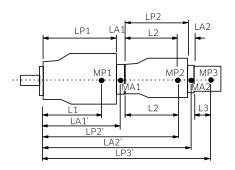
Through Drive Limitations (cont)

	Pump approx weight (MPX)(Kg)		
Frame size	Single pump type N		
	Without Torque Limitor	With Torque Limitor	
K3VL28	20	na	
K3VL45	27	29	
K3VL60	27	29	
K3VL80	35	37	
K3VL112	65	67	
K3VL140	65	67	
K3VL200	95	97	
K3VL200H	130	132	

Frame size	Pump CofG from mount (Lx) (mm)	
Frame size	Single pump type N	
K3VL28	115	
K3VL45	120	
K3VL60	120	
K3VL80	130	
K3VL112	150	
K3VL140	150	
K3VL200	190	
K3VL200H	223	

Adaptor Kits Weights (MAX) & Width (LAX)				
Frame Size	Adaptor Kit Weight (MAX) Kg		Width (LAX) mm	
K3VL28	SAE 'A'	0	0	
N3VL20	SAE 'B'	2	20	
K3VL45	SAE 'A'	0	0	
& 60	SAE 'B' & 'BB'	2	20	
	SAE 'A'	0	0	
K3VL80	SAE 'B' & 'BB'	3	20	
	SAE 'C', 'CC' & 'C4'	4	24.5	
	SAE 'A'	0	0	
K3VL112	SAE 'B' & 'BB'	3	25	
& 140	SAE 'C', 'CC' & 'C4'	5	30	
	SAE 'D'	10	43	
	SAE 'A'	1	6	
	SAE 'B' & 'BB'	8	25	
K3VL200	SAE 'C', 'CC' & 'C4'	8	30	
	SAE 'D'	10	38	
	SAE 'E'	15	38	

Apart from predefined maximum throughput limitations, one must also ensure that to prevent a possible excessive bending moment occurring that the maximum combined bending moment of the combination is not exceeded as determined in the following expression.



MPX = mass of pump [kg]

LPX = length of pump [mm]

Lx = distance of CofG from pump mounting face [mm]

MAX = mass of adaptor kit [kg]

LAX = width of adaptor kit [mm]

Bending Moment = ((L1.mP1) + (LA1'.mA1) + (LP2'.mP2) + (LA2'.mA2) + LP3'.mP3) +...)/102[Nm] ((L1.mP1) + (LP1+(LA1/2)).mA1

2-7 Installation (cont)



Response times

Pressure Cut-off Dynamic Response 50 to 280 bar

	t _{off-stroke}	t _{on-stroke}
Unit	mS	
K3VL28	20	40
K3VL45/60	60	100
K3VL80	95	170
K3VL112/140	90	140
K3VL200/H	110	210

Test conditions:

= 1800 rpm Pump speed Inlet Condition = 0 bar Oil Type = ISO VG46 Oil Temperature = 50°C Compressed oil volume = 5 litres

220 to 280 bar

	t _{off-stroke}	t _{on-stroke}
Unit	mS	
K3VL28	20	40
K3VL45/60	60	70
K3VL80	100	110
K3VL112/140	100	120
K3VL200/H	110	220

Test conditions:

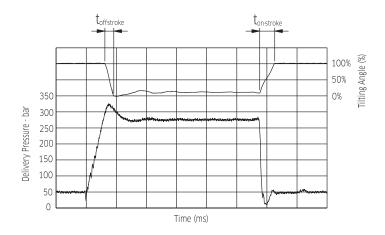
= 1800 rpm Pump speed Inlet Condition = 0 bar = ISO VG46 Oil Type Oil Temperature = 50°C Compressed oil volume = 5 litres

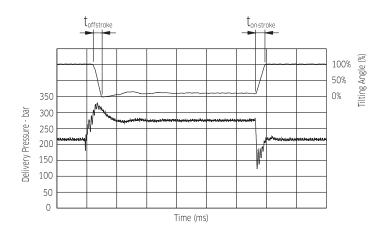
Load Sensing Dynamic Response 20 to 280 bar

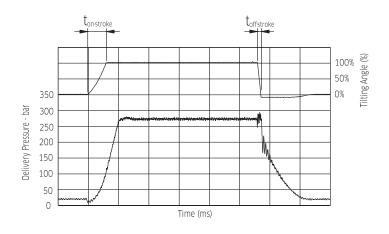
	t _{off-stroke}	t _{on-stroke}
Unit	mS	
K3VL28	20	70
K3VL45/60	20	115
K3VL80	55	155
K3VL112/140	55	195
K3VL200/H	65	190

Test conditions:

= 1800 rpm Pump speed Inlet Condition = 0 bar = ISO VG46 Oil Type Oil Temperature = 50°C = 5 litres Compressed oil volume







2-7 Installation (cont)

Electrical and Pilot Operated Displacement Control (Type E0, E1, E2, E3 & Q0)

Type E0 - In order for the electronic displacement control to function, a pilot pressure of 40 bar must be supplied to the Pi port on the regulator. A gear pump attached to the rear of the K3VL pump or an external pressure source can be used to provide the required pilot pressure.

Type Q0 - In order for the Q0 displacement control to function, a variable pilot pressure between 0 and 40 bar is required to be supplied to the Pi port on the regulator.

Proportional Pressure Reducing Valve Specification

Maximum Pilot Pressure : 50 bar (if higher pressure

required contact KPM UK)

Max Flow: : 10 l/min

Hydraulic oil : Mineral oil

Oil temp range : $-20 \sim +90 ^{\circ}$ C

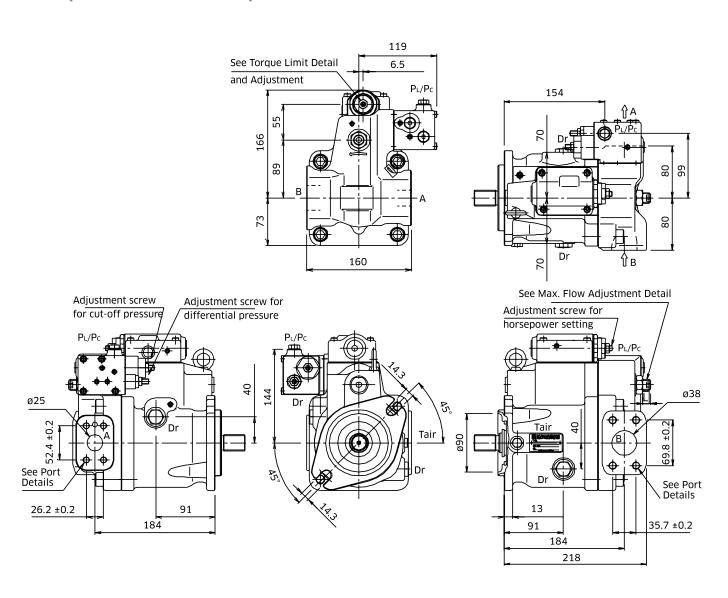
Viscosity range : $5 \sim 500$ cSt

Electrical Specifications

	E0, E1, E2 24V DC	E3 12V DC	
Rated Current	700 mA	1,400 mA	
Recommended Dither	80 Hz/200 mAp-p	80 Hz/200 mAp-p	
Coil Resistance	17.5 Ω	3.2 Ω	
Ambient Temperature Range	-30 ~+95°C	-30 ~+95°C	
Water Resistance	According to JIS D 0203 S2	According to JIS D 0203 S2 SAE J575	
IP Rating	IPX6	IPX6	

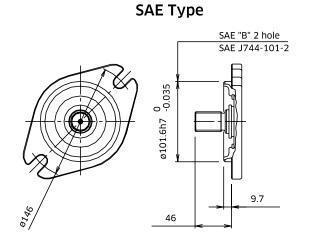
3-2 K3VL45/60 Installation

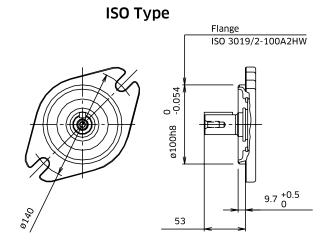
K3VL45/60 with Cut-Off / Load Sense Control & Torque Limit Module (Clockwise Rotation)



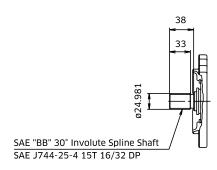
Note: for counter clockwise rotation, the inlet port 'B' and the delivery port 'A' are reversed.

K3VL45/60 Mounting Flange and Shaft Options

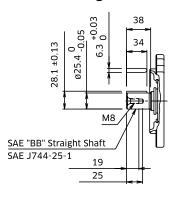




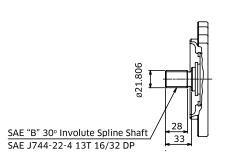
SAE 'BB' Spline Shaft - Option 'S'



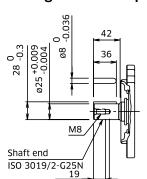
SAE 'BB' Straight Shaft - Option 'K'



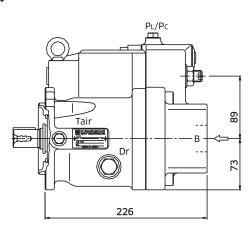
SAE 'B' Spline Shaft - Option 'T'

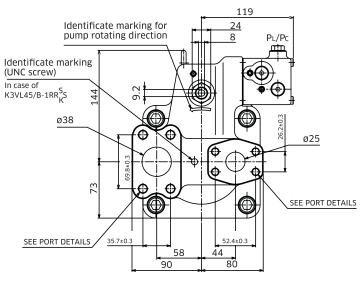


ISO Straight Shaft - Option 'M'



K3VL45/60 Rear Port





K3VL45/60 Porting Details

Main SAE Flanged Ports

Mail SAE Flangeu Ports					
Des.	Port Name	Port Size	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Flange Threads	
UNF Thread	UNF Threaded Version ('S' in position 9 of model code)				
А	Delivery Port	SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1"	57	¾-16UNC-2B x 18 mm	
В	Suction Port	SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1.5"	98	½-13UNC-2B x 22 mm	
Metric Version ('M' in position 9 of model code)					
А	Delivery Port	SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1"	57	M10 x 17	
В	Suction Port	SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1.5"	98	M12 x 20	

Auxillary Ports

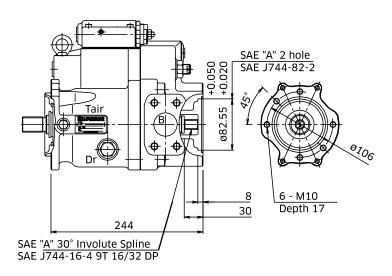
Des.	Port Name	Port Size	Tightening Torque (Nm)
SAE Version	('S', 'K', or 'T' in position	8 of model)	
Dr	Drain Port (x2)	³ ⁄ ₄ -16UNF-2B-14.3 (ISO11926-1:1995)	98
P _L /P _C	Load Sensing Port Pressure Control Port	%6-20UNF-2B-14 (ISO11926-1:1995)	12
T _{air}	Air Bleeder Port	7/ ₆ -20UNF-2B-14 (ISO11926-1:1995)	12

ISO Version ('M' in position 8 of model code)

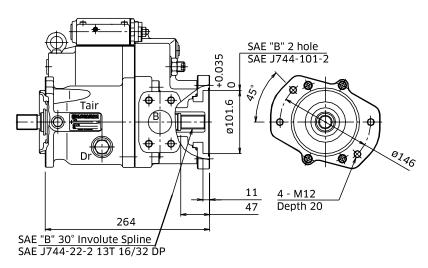
Dr	Drain Port (x2)	M22 x 1.5-14.5 DIN 3852	98
P /P	Load Sensing Port	M14 x 1 5-12 5 DIN 3852	25

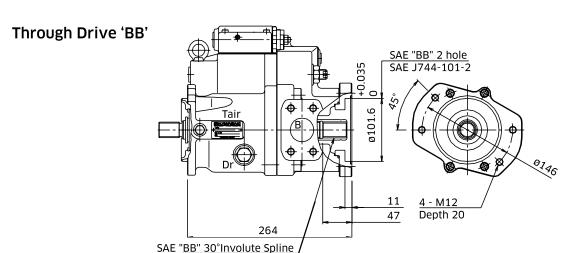
K3VL45/60 Through Drive Options

Through Drive 'A'

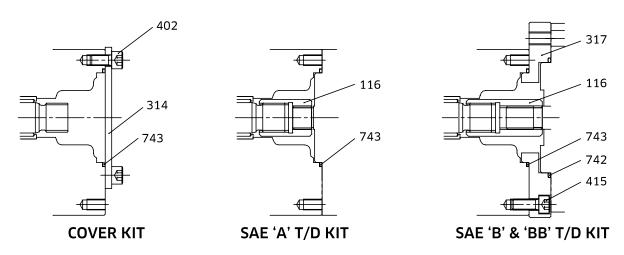


Through Drive 'B'



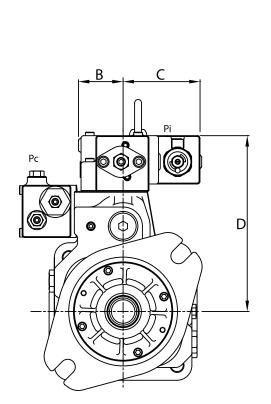


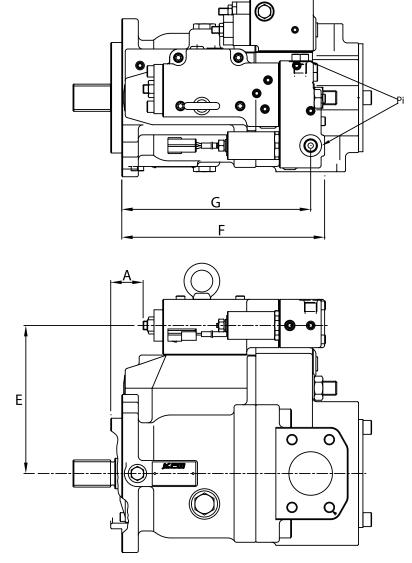
K3VL45/60 Adaptor Kits



Part Name	Qty	Cover Kit	SAE 'A' T/D Kit	SAE 'B' T/D Kit	SAE 'BB' T/D Kit
T/D	-	29L8TN	29L4TA	29L4TB	29L4T2
O-Ring	1	Item 743	Item 743	Item 743	Item 743
O-Ring	1	-	-	Item 742	Item 742
Screw Hex SHC	4	-	-	Item 415	Item 415
Screw Hex SHC	2	Item 402	-	-	-
Subplate	1	=	=	Item 317	Item 317
Cover	1	Item 314	=	-	
Coupling	1	-	Item 116	Item 116	Item 116

3-7 Electrical & Hydraulic Displacement Control Installation (Type Q0, E*)





Installation Dimensions (mm)

Pump Size	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
K3VL45/60	21	52	90	187	157	226	210
K3VL80	25	59	83	202	172	233	217
K3VL112/140	38	64	78	244	214	247	231
K3VL200(H)	57	61	80	258	229	257	249

3-8 Unloading & Proportional Pressure Control Installation

Unloading valve module (Type N, M)

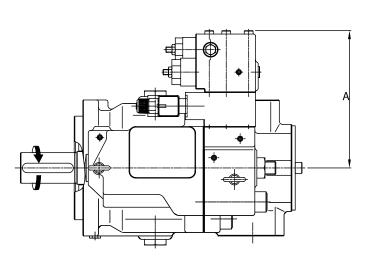
Pump Size	А	В
K3VL45/60	169	155
K3VL80	169	166
K3VL112/140	202	190
K3VL200(H)	212	205

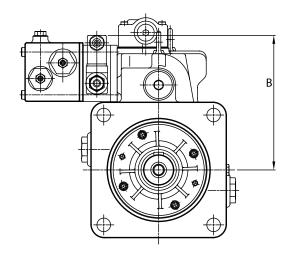
Proportional pressure module (*V)

Pump Size	А	В
K3VL45/60	179	233
K3VL80	179	244
K3VL112/140	212	280
K3VL200(H)	222	295

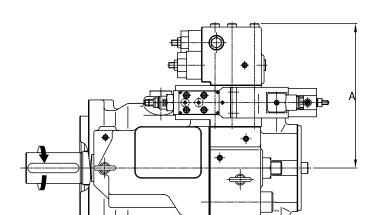
- **A**: Distance between the centre line of the pump and the top of the bolt head for the cut off regulator.
- **B**: Distance between the centre line of the pump and top of the solenoid valve.

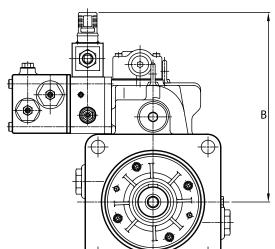
Unloading valve module (Type N, M)





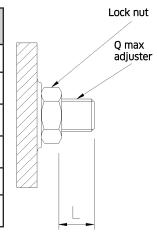
Proportional pressure module (*V)





3-10 Pump Adjustments

Max displacement adjustment	Pump	K3VL45	K3VL60	K3VL80	K3VL112	K3VL140	K3VL200(H)
Adj. screw Allen key size	mm	8	8	8	10	10	10
Displacement change per turn	cm³	4.9	6.1	6.0	11.5	12.0	15.3
Adjustable range of displacement	cm³	16-45	24-60	35-80	56-112	70-140	100-200
Length of adjustment range (L)	mm	0.5-12.1	0.5-12.1	0.5-15.0	3.8-16	1.0-16	8.9-25.3
Lock nut size	mm	24	24	24	30	30	30
Lock nut tightening torque	Nm	128	128	128	235	235	235

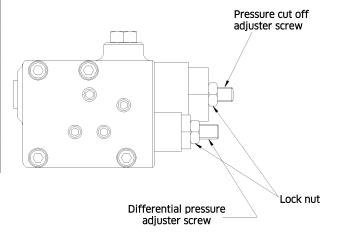


Regulator Adjustment	Pump	K3VL28/45 /60/80	K3VL112 /140/200
Adjustment screw Allen key size	mm	4	4
Pressure cut off change per turn	bar	80	100
Differential pressure change per turn	bar	13	14
Lock nut size (across flats)	mm	8	8
Lock nut tightening torque	Nm	16	16

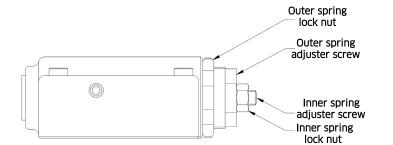
 $^{^{\}star_1}$ Clockwise rotation of a screw produces an increase of the adjustment

Torque limiter adjustments

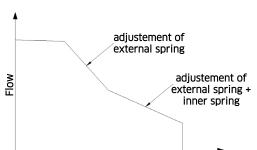
Outer spring adjuster screw: external hex	mm	27
Outer spring lock nut size	mm	41
Outer spring lock nut tightening torque	Nm	102
Inner spring adjuster screw: internal hex	mm	4
Inner spring lock nut size	mm	13
Inner spring lock nut tightening torque	Nm	16



Torque limiter module



Torque limiter curve



BREATHERS & FILLER BREATHERS

TOP MOUNT — STANDARD FLOW

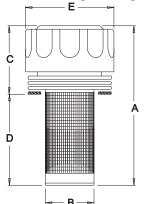
Top Mount Filler Breathers are designed to be used as a filler port for tanks, hydraulic power units or other fluid containers. These units also let the tank breathe while keeping out airborne particles.

Standard Features:

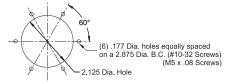
- Bayonet zinc plated steel cap large capacity
- *Twist to lock removable cap breathes and filters air
- Concealed air vents allowing for outdoor applications
- Flute finger inserts for easy gripping (vented style only)
- •10 or 40 micron filtration (vented style only)
- Safety chain prevents loss of cap
- Heavy duty Cork-Neoprene gasket provides a positive seal between flanges
- Zinc plated flange bayonet flange (SAE J829)
- Strainer basket
 - •4 inch long Nylon with solid dome bottom to prevent punchout
 - -3 inch long Stainless Steel, 30 mesh
- •Thread forming screws -- prevents particles from entering reservoir during installation by forming threads rather than cutting them

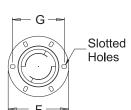


Standard Bayonet Style

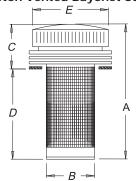


Mounting Information





Non Vented Bayonet Style



NOTE: All dimensions are inches

			Technic	al and Dir	nensio	nal Deta	ils							
Dowt No.	Cap	Breather	Strainer	Nominal Capacity			Oil Transfer Rate		Bayonet Flange (inches)					
Part No.	Style	(PSI)	Basket Type Breather - Bayon	Level	Media	(CFM)	(GPM)	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
5201	Standard	N/A	Nvlon	40 Micron	Foam	25	192	6 10	1 00	2 20	2 90	2 00	3.25	2 00
5201	Standard	N/A	Nylon	10 Micron	Foam	15	115						3.25	
5216	Standard	N/A	Stainless Steel	40 Micron	Foam	25	192						3.25	
5220	Standard	N/A	Stainless Steel	10 Micron	Foam	15	115						3.25	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ner - Bayonet St	التناقب التحادث	roam	13	113	3110	1190	2.50	2.00	3.00	3123	2.00
5205	Standard	5	Stainless Steel	10 Micron	Foam	25	192	5.10	1.90	2.30	2.80	3.00	3.25	2.88
Non-Press	urized, Non-\	Vented Fille	er Breather - Bay											
5232	Non Vented	N/A	Nylon	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.10	1.90	1.30	3.80	2.44	3.25	2.88
5227	Non Vented	N/A	Stainless Steel	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.10	1.90	1.30	2.80	2.44	3.25	2.88
Non-Press	urized, Metri	c Mounting	Filler Breather -	Bayonet T	уре									
5203	Standard	N/A	Nylon	40 Micron	Foam	25	192	6.10	1.90	2.30	3.80	3.00	3.25	2.88

Ordering Information Options

Ph : 920-682-6877 Fx : 920-684-7210

• For Locking Tabs add LT to part number (3/8 inch dia. hole to accept padlock)(not available in non vented breathers)

Dimensions and specifications are subject to change without notice. Not all items are Made-To-Stock, contact us for availability.





SIGHT LEVEL GAUGES

ALG Series

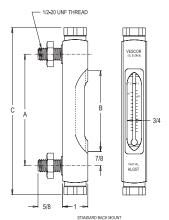


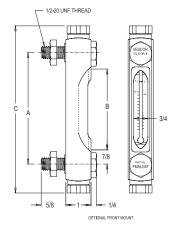
	Part No	umbers	Dimensions				
Back M	ount Gauges	Front M	ount Gauges	A	В	C	
Sight Only	with Thermometer	Sight with Only Thermometer		Mounting Centers	Sight Glass	Overall Length	
ALG-3	ALG-3T	N/A	N/A	3"	11/2"	45/8"	
ALG-5	ALG-5T	FMALG-5	FMALG-5T	5"	31/2"	65/8"	
ALG-10	ALG-10T	FMALG-10	FMALG-10T	10"	81/2"	115/8"	

VESCOR Standard Fluid Sight Level Gauges are available in three sizes 3", 5" and 10". Gauges are available with or without thermometer in standard back mount design or optional front mount design.

Benefits and Features:

- · Provides positive check of fluid level and temperature
- Rugged aluminum construction
- Durable pyrex glass tube
- 70 PSI max. pressure
- · Thermometer with readings in centigrade and fahrenheit
- · Buna-N O'-ring seals
- 250° F maximum temperature
- Minimum protrusion from reservoir





Mounting Information

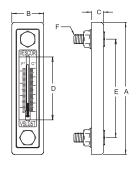
- Standard back mount gauges require access to reservoir. (2) 17/32 diameter holes to match mounting centers are required.
- Standard front mount gauges do not require access to reservoir. Gauge can be installed from the outside on (2) 1/2-20 tapped holes (when wall thickness permits) or (2) 1/2-20 hex nuts welded inside reservoir to match mounting centers.

Ordering Information

- Order sight level gauge by VESCOR part numbers
- For Viton seals add suffix -V (i.e. ALG5T-V)
- For EPDM seals add suffix -EP (i.e. ALG5T-EP)

VSLG (economy) Series





VESCOR VSLG5T (Economy) Series Sight Level Gauges are available in standard 5" size. Standard gauges are available with thermometer only and with standard front mount design.

Benefits and Features:

- · Low Cost
- · Steel body
- Durable black finish
- · Trogamid protection glass
- · Available from stock
- · Galvanized steel mounting bolts
- · Thermometer readings in centigrade and fahrenheit

• Provides positive check of fluid level and temperature

· Buna-N O'Ring seals

Mounting Information

Standard front mount gauge do not require access to reservoir. Gauge can be installed from the outside on (2) 1/2-13NC tapped holes (when wall thickness permit) or (2) 1/2-13NC hex nut welded inside reservoir to match mounting hole centers.

Ordering Information -Order sight level gauge by VESCOR part number

Vescor		Dimensions								
Part Number	A	В	C	D	E	F				
VSLG5T	6.97	1.88	.71	2.88	5.00	1/2-13NC				

Horizontal Pump/Motor Mounts - NEMA Frame Motors



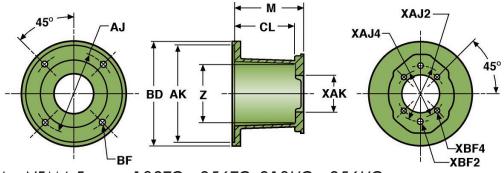


TABLE 8A - NEMA Frames 182TC - 256TC, 213UC - 256UC

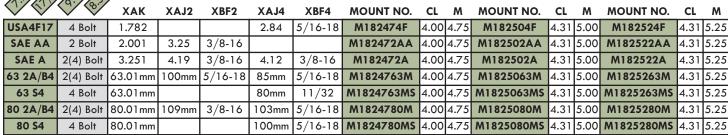
Horizontal Mounting (or Vertical Mounting - Option A)

MOTOR END DATA

AJ BF BD AK

RADIAL CLEARANCE "Z" = 5.00

182-A Casting



PUMP END DATA **PUMP FLANGE** 4.75 LENGTH 5.0 LENGTH 5.25 LENGTH

MOTOR END DATA

AJ BF BD AK

RADIAL CLEARANCE "Z" = 5.00

	\	XAK	XAJ2	XBF2	XAJ4	XBF4	MOUNT NO.	CL	M	MOUNT NO.	CL	M
USA4F17	4 Bolt	1.782			2.84	5/16-18	M182584F	5.06	5.81	M182684F	6.06	6.81
SAE AA	2 Bolt	2.001	3.25	3/8-16			M182582AA	5.06	5.81	M182682AA	6.06	6.81
SAE A	2(4) Bolt	3.251	4.19	3/8-16	4.12	3/8-16	M182582A	5.06	5.81	M182682A	6.06	6.81
63 2A/B4	2(4) Bolt	63.01mm	100mm	5/16-16	85mm	5/16-18	M1825863M	5.06	5.81	M1826863M	6.06	6.81
63 S 4	4 Bolt	63.01mm			80mm	11/32	M1825863MS	5.06	5.81	M1826863MS	6.06	6.81
80 2A/B4	2(4) Bolt	80.01mm	109mm	3/8-16	103mm	5/16-18	M1825880M	5.06	5.81	M1826880M	6.06	6.81
80 S4	4 Bolt	80.01mm			100mm	5/16-18	M1825880MS	5.06	5.81	M1826880MS	6.06	6.81

PUMP FLANGE PUMP END DATA 5.81 LENGTH 6.81 LENGTH

TABLE 8B - NEMA Frames 182TC - 256TC, 213UC - 256UC **Horizontal Mounting**

MOTOR END DATA

AJ BF BD AK (\$) (\$) (\$)

RADIAL CLEARANCE "Z" = 5.00

182-B Casting

•		47 & 7	XAK	XAJ2	XBF2	XAJ4	XBF4	MOUNT NO.	CL	M	MOUNT NO.	CL	M	MOUNT NO.	CL	M
	SAE B	2(4) Bolt	4.001	5.75	1/2-13	5.00	1/2-13	M182522B	4.50	5.25	M182582B	5.06	5.81	M182602B	5.25	6.00
	SAE C	2(4) Bolt	5.001	7.12	5/8-11	6.38	1/2-13	M182522C	4.50	5.25	M182582C	5.06	5.81	M182602C	5.25	6.00
	100 A2/B4	2(4) Bolt	100.01mm	140mm	1/2-13	125mm	3/8-16	M18252100M	4.50	5.25	M18258100M	5.06	5.81	M18260100M	5.25	6.00
Ī	125 A2/B4	2(4) Bolt	125.01mm	180mm	5/8-11	160mm	1/2-13	M18252125M	4.50	5.25	M18258125M	5.06	5.81	M18260125M	5.25	6.00

PUMP FLANGE PUMP END DATA 5.25 LENGTH 5.81 LENGTH 6.00 LENGTH



SECTION 1

MAGNALOY FLEXIBLE DRIVE COUPLINGS



NOTE: Due to Magnaloy's policy of continuous improvement, specificaitons are subject to change without notice. Check with the factory or our Web Site at www.magnaloy.com for the latest information.

989 356-2186

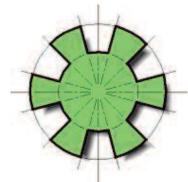


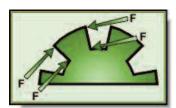
Magnaloy Coupling Design Features



Load-Lock Design... is simple and effective. The drive lug configuration is tapered from top to base, as are the mating lugs of the opposing coupling hub. Under load, the insert conforms to the tapers, inter-locking the two hubs. This load-lock design protects bearings and equipment by eliminating end thrust in both directions.... and it requires only one set-screw in each hub.

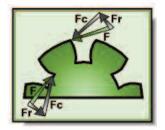
Radial Lug Design... is logical and efficient. The most common failure of an elastomeric insert type drive coupling is hysteresis failure of the elastomeric element - breakdown of the elastomer due to cyclical overworking and the associated heat generation. Magnaloy Coupling's drive lugs are in a true radial orientation. Applied forces are evenly distributed in the compressive direction only, eliminating the heat generating radial component. True compressive loading reduces internal heat generation and improves elastomer life.





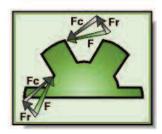
Magnaloy Coupling Design...

Under loaded conditions, the resultant forces applied on the element segments are evenly distributed in the compressive direction only. This results in no radial forces to multiply the internal heat generation.



Conventional Design A...

Under loaded conditions this jaw design results in the applied forces exerting components in the compressive and radial directions. These forces change direction and magnitude along the jaw arc which greatly increase the internal movement of the element which causes heat generation.



Conventional Design B...

This more conventional straight sided jaw design also exerts component forces in the compressive and radial directions when under load. The radial component is outward (acting to extrude the element) and changes in magnitude only, as does the compressive component, along the jaw surface. The component forces resulting from this design also causes increased internal movement in the element.

A note about Set-Screws ...

The Premium Line of Magnaloy Couplings comes standard with a single set-screw over the keyway. Optional Double Set-Screws are available at either 45° or 90° to the keyway. Double set-screws help improve shaft gripping forces by increasing the hoop-stresses generated from tightening a single set-screw. Double set-screws at 45° will produce greater forces than double set-screws at 90°. Either are available upon request by specifying 'DSS45' or 'DSS90' following the hub part number. M30011210DSS45

Magnaloy's Clamp feature is also availble with bored and keyed hubs, specify 'C' following the hub part number, M30011210C

Premium Flexible Drive Couplings







Magnaloy is the original lightweight, heavy-duty flexible drive coupling. Light weight magnesium construction makes Magnaloy couplings 76% lighter than cast iron and 36% lighter than aluminum units... and they're stronger than either!

The benefits are many... Reduced loads on bearings, shafts and pumps, for longer component life. Easier handling and installation. Rust proof and corrosion resistant.

Magnaloy's close machining tolerances (TIR of .002") assures vibration-free operation and easy, accurate alignment without need for special tools. Solid magnesium alloy permanent mold castings are heat treated and offer the highest strength-to-weight ratio available.

Coupling Performance Specifications

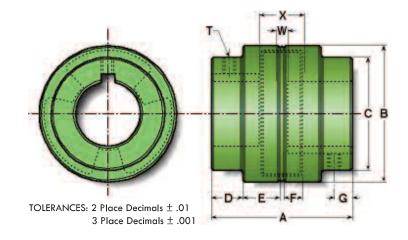
Coupling	Maximum	Wr ²	Insert	Rated	Torsional	Horse	Power Rat	ing @
Model	Bore	lb-ft ²	Number	Torque	Rigidity	100	1200	1800
Model	Dore	ID-IT	Number	lb-in	lb-in/Deg	rpm	rpm	rpm
			170N	340.7	42	0.55	6.5	9.8
100	1 1/8	0.0046	1 <i>7</i> 0U	511.0	53	0.82	9.8	14.7
			1 <i>7</i> 0H	1,022.1	182	1.65	19.8	29.7
			270N	398.3	55	0.64	7.6	11.5
200	1 3/8	0.0068	270U	597.4	68	0.96	11.5	1 <i>7</i> .2
			270H	1,194.9	234	1.92	23.0	34.5
			370N	701.4	81	1.12	13.5	20.2
300	1 5/8	0.022	370U	1,052.1	148	1.68	20.2	30.3
			370H	2,104.2	336	3.36	40.4	60.6
			470N	1,056.3	138	1.69	20.3	30.4
400	1 <i>7/</i> 8	0.031	470U	1,584.5	310	2.50	30.4	45.6
			470H	3,168.9	488	5.10	60.8	91.3
			570N	2,194.8	314	3.50	42.1	63.2
500	2 3/8	0.071	570U	3,292.2	695	5.30	63.2	94.8
			<i>57</i> 0H	6,584.4	1 , 571	10.50	146.4	189.6
			670N	4,946.7	676	<i>7</i> .90	94.9	142.5
600	2 5/8	0.16	670U	7,420.1	1,510	11.90	142.5	213.7
			670H	14,840.1	2,960	23.70	284.9	427.4
			<i>7</i> 70N	11,639.8	1,805	18.60	223.5	335.2
700	27/8	0.34	<i>77</i> 0U	1 <i>7,</i> 459.7	2,104	27.90	335.2	502.8
			<i>77</i> 0H	29,099.5	5,960	46.50	558.8	838.0
		<u> </u>	870N	21,889.4	3,680	35.00	420.3	630.4
800	3 7/8	0.95	870U	32,834.1	-	52.50	630.4	945.6
			870H	47,062.2	11,950	75.20	903.0	1,354.5
900	4 3/4	4.20	970N	47,842.3	8,428	76.50	918.6	1,377.9
700	4 3/4	4.20	970U	71,763.5	-	114.80	1,377.9	2,066.8



Magnaloy Coupling Dimensional Specifications

Models 100, 200, 300, 400

	100	200	300	400
Α	2.54	3.10	3.58	4.24
В	2.600	2.900	3.450	3.980
С	2.00	2.25	2.90	3.05
D	0.56	0.68	0.78	1.00
E	0.68	0.84	0.96	1.06
F	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.54
G	0.31	0.43	0.56	0.73
W	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
Х	0.90	0.90	0.98	1.20
T	1/4-20	5/16-18	5/16-18	3/8-16



Model 500

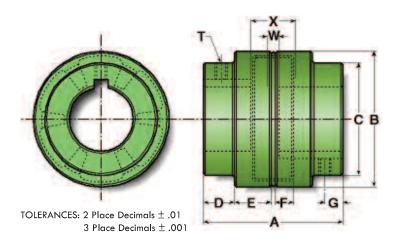
	500
Α	4.67
В	4.800
С	4.00
D	1.04
E	1.23
F	0.64
G	.070
W	1/16
Х	1.41
T	3/8-16

- X*: Maximum Space between shaft ends to allow full shaft engagement in Hub Bore.
- W*: Minimum Space between shaft ends.
- * Given for reference only.

TOLERANCES: 2 Place Decimals \pm .01 3 Place Decimals ± .001

Models 600, 600, 800, 900

	600	700	800	900
Α	5.98	6.99	7.99	10.15
В	5.975	6.900	8.600	11.400
С	4.50	5.19	7.00	8.30
D	1.60	2.08	2.25	2.75
Е	1.33	1.32	1.62	2.20
F	0.62	0.89	1.00	1.32
G	1.13	1.13	1.58	1.88
W	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
X	1.36	1.97	2.25	2.89
T	3/8-16	1/2-13	1/2-13	3/4-10



Bore & Keyway Combinations



Standard Bore and Keyway Combinations

Magnaloy "Standard" Bore Key Combination											<u> </u>		
Ma	gnaloy ":				ey	C	on	nb	in	ati	or	ıs	
Model	Bore/Key	M	odel		100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
Code	Code	Bore		Key	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
M	01203	3/8	х	3/32	*	*							П
M	_ 01403	7 /16	X	3/32	*	*							
M	01404	7/16	X	1/8	*	*							
M	_ 01604	1/2	X	1/8	*	*	*						
M	_ 01804	9/16	X	1/8	*	*	*						
M	02005	5/8	Х	5/32	*	*	*						
M	_ 02006	5/8	X	3/16	*	*	*	*					
M	02206	11/16	X	3/16	*	*	*	*					
M	02404	3/4	Х	1/8	*	*	*						
M	_ 02406	3/4	X	3/16	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 02806	7/8	X	3/16	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	02808	7/8	Х	1/4	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 03008	15/16	X	1/4	*	*	*						
M	_ 10006	1	X	3/16	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 10008	1	X	1/4	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 10408	1 1/8	X	1/4	*	*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 10608	1 3/16	X	1/4			*		*				
M	_ 10808	1 1/4	X	1/4		*	*	*	*	*			
M	_ 10810	1 1/4	Х	5/16		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
M	_ 11210	1 3/8	X	5/16		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
M	_ 11212	1 3/8	Х	3/8			*						
M	_ 11412	1 <i>7</i> /16	X	3/8			*	*	*				
M	_ 11610	1 1/2	Х	5/16				*	*	*			
M	_ 11612	1 1/2	X	3/8			*	*	*	*	*	*	
M	_ 12012	1 5/8	X	3/8			*	*	*	*	*	*	
M	_ 12412	1 3/4	X	3/8				*	*	*	*	*	

Ma	gnaloy ":	Standaı	rd"	Bore K	еу	C	on	nb	in	ati	or	ıs	
Model	Bore/Key	N	Node	el	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	008	900
Code	Code	Bore		Key	ŏ	8	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	8	ŏ	8
M	12414	1 3/4	х	7/16	Г	Г	Г	*	*	*	*	*	Г
M	_ 12816	1 <i>7</i> /8	X	1/2				*	*	*	*	*	*
M	_ 13016	15/16	X	1/2					*	*			
M	_ 20016	2	X	1/2					*	*	*	*	*
M	_ 20416	2 1/8	X	1/2					*	*	*	*	*
M	_ 20816	2 1/4	X	1/2					*	*	*	*	*
M	_ 21220	2 3/8	X	5/8					*	*	*	*	*
M	_ 21620	2 1/2	X	5/8						*	*	*	*
M	_ 22020	2 5/8	X	5/8						*	*	*	*
M	_ 22420	2 3/4	X	5/8							*	*	*
M	_ 22824	27/8	X	3/4							*	*	*
M	_ 30024	3	X	3/4								*	*
M	_ 30824	3 1/4	X	3/4								*	*
M	_ 31228	3 3/8	X	7 /8								*	*
M	_ 31628	3 1/2	X	7 /8								*	*
M	_	3 5/8	X	7 /8								*	*
M	_ 32428	3 3/4	X	7 /8								*	*
M	_ 32832	3 7/8	X	1								*	*
M	_ 40032	4	X	1									*
M	_ 40432	4 1/8	X	1									*
M	_ 40832	4 1/4	X	1									*
M	_ 41232	4 3/8	X	1									*
M	_ 41632	4 1/2	X	1									*
M	_ 41640	4 1/2	Х	1 1/4									*
M	_ 42040	4 5/8	X	1 1/4									*
M	42440	4 3/4	X	1 1/4									*

Shaded Area: AGMA semi-standard bore key combinations.

Part Number Usage: Magnaloy Coupling Hub part numbers may be specified using the following format: Start with letter "M" designating Magnaloy, followed by 3 digit Model Code (100, 200, etc.), then the specific 5 digit Bore/Key Code.

Example: Model 500 Hub with a 1/38 bore and 5/16 keyway would be specified as: M50011210 - No bore hubs are designated as "R" code, ie. M500R.

Bore Tolerances

Over	Include	Tolerance
	1	+.0008/+.0003
1	2	+.0013/+.0005
2	3	+.0018/+.0008
3	4	+.0020/+.0010
4	5	+.0023/+.0010

Additional Coupling Specifications

Model Number	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
Maximum Bore	1 1/8	1 3/8	1 5/8	1 7/8	2 3/8	2 5/8	27/8	3 7/8	4 3/4
Complete Coupling Approx. Weight (Solid Hub)	3/4	1	2	3	4	7	12	18	38
Number of Drive Lugs	3	3	3	3	4	6	6	6	6
Hub Movement for Insert Removal	.74	.74	.75	.98	1.12	1.02	1.50	1.63	2.27
Basic Insert Number	1 <i>7</i> 0	270	370	470	570	670	<i>77</i> 0	870	970

magnaloy coupling company 501 Commerce Drive Alpena, MI 49707 989 356-2186





Magnaloy Couplings are available with a variety of special features which include splined bores. The "Splined Coupling Specifications" chart on page 6 shows several "In-house" splines available for quick delivery. Many additional splined bores are available by contacting the factory, including straight sided "PTO" type splines and metric splines.



The Clamp-Type Coupling utilized the basic Magnaloy coupling with the addition of the clamp feature. Developed to compensate for variations in spline formation methods and tolerances. Assures centering of the coupling and positive retention on the shaft. The clamp feature is suggested for all splined couplings, but is also available in smooth bored and keyed models.



Magnaloy's Steel Bushed Splined Bore* Coupling combines all the design and lightweight features of the Magnaloy Coupling with the added spline tooth strength and wear resistance of steel. Under normal conditions the standard "Splined Bore" coupling will perform satisfactorily and the addition of the "Clamp Feature" compensates for various fit conditions. When heavy cyclic loads, reverse loading and high torque loads exist in combination with fit variations, spline tooth failures and fretting can be corrected by utilizing Magnaloy's steel bushed coupling. Of course, to achieve optimum benefits, Magnaloy's clamp feature is recommended assuring accurate centering and positive retention of the coupling on the shaft.

^{*} Although the steel bushing feature was designed primarily for spline bores, it is also available in smooth bored and keyed sizes.

Splined & Clamp Specifications



Spline Coupling Specifications

Spline Size		Pressure SAE		Major	Std Coupling	Steel Bush	ed Coupling		
Number	Pitch	Spline	Angle	Designation	Diameter	Available	Bushing	Available	
		Code	(Degrees)	Designation	(Inches)	Model Sizes	Diameter	Model Sizes	
9	16/32	0916	30°	Α	0.625	100 - 900	1.250	200 - 600	
13	8/16	1308	30⁰	D, E	1 <i>.75</i> 0	400 - 900	2.625	600 - 900	
13	16/32	1316	30⁰	В	0.875	100 - 900	1.500	300 - 800	
14	12/24	1412	30°	С	1.250	200 - 900	2.250	500 - 900	
15	8/16	1508	30°	F	2.000	500 - 900	3.500	800 - 900	
15	16/32	1516	30°	ВВ	1.000	100 - 900	1 <i>.75</i> 0	400 - 800	
17	12/24	1 <i>7</i> 12	30°	CC	1.500	300 - 900	2.250	500 - 900	
21	16/32	2116	30°		1.375	300 - 900	2.250	500 - 900	
23	16/32	2316	30°		1.500	300 - 900	2.250¹	500 - 900	
27	16/32	2716	30°		1.750	400 - 900	2.625 ²	600 - 900	
40	16/32	4016	30°		2.562	600 - 900	3.875	800 - 900	

Note: 1 - With Model 600 - 900, Bushing O.D. is 2.625.

2 - With Model 700 & 800, Bushing O.D. is 2.875. **Spline Type Identifier Code:** A = Spline, B = Steel Bushing

Clamp Type Code: C = Clamp Type.

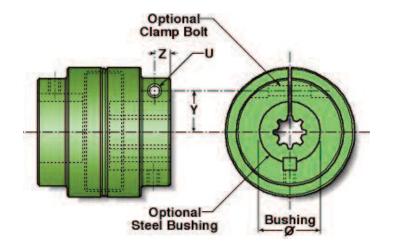
Part Number Usage: Magnaloy Splined Coupling part numbers may be specified using the following format: Start with letter "M" designating Magnaloy, follow with 3 digit Model Code (100, 200, etc.), next use a single letter Spline Type Identifier Code ("A" for regular spline or "B" for steel bushing), then the specific 4 digit Spline Code. If a clamp type coupling is desired, use the letter code "C" after the Spline Code.

Examples: Model 300 hub with 13 tooth 16/32 splined bore: M300A1316. Same item with steel bushing: M300B1316. Same item with steel bushing and clamp: M300B1316C.

Clamp Type Coupling Specifications

Coupling	Bolt Loc	ation	U					
Model	Z	Υ	Bolt Size	Torque Spec.				
100	0.31	0.68	1/4 - 20	130-140 in lbs				
200	0.43	0.75	1/4 - 20	130-140 in Ibs				
300	0.47	0.95	5/16 - 18	210-220 in Ibs				
400	0.69	0106	5/16 - 18	210-220 in Ibs				
500	0.72	1.25	3/8 - 16	300-310 in Ibs				
600	1.13	1.50	7/16 - 14	35-36 ft lbs				
700	1.13	1 <i>.</i> 75	7/16 - 14	35-36 ft lbs				
800	1.30	2.56	1/2 - 13	49-50 ft lbs				
900*	0.75 & 2.19	3.00	3/4 - 10	100-110 ft lbs				

^{*} Model 900 utilizes two bolt clamp design.





Magnaloy Coupling's full range of flexible inserts permit custom design performance for a wide range of applications. All insert materials offer complete electrical insulation, as Magnaloy's design eliminates all metal-to-metal contact.





Part Number Usage: Magnaloy Coupling Insert part numbers may be specified using the following format: Start with the letter "M" for Magnaloy, followed by the 3 digit Basic Insert Number Code (170, 270, etc.), then the specific single letter Insert Material Code. If an optional durometer is being specified, after the Material Code supply the durometer number divided by 10.

Examples: Urethane insert for Model 300: M370U. 80 Durometer Neoprene for Model 200: M270N8.

Neoprene (Code N) - Black material - Standard material with Magnaloy Coupling. Good general purpose material offering good resiliency and load capabilities. Temp range -30°F to +250°F (-34°C to -121°C). Optional 80A durometer (painted Gold) and 90A durometer (painted Silver) are available for slight increased load capability and less resiliency.

Nitrile (Buna N)(Code B) - Painted Blue. Excellent material with petroleum products. Excellent compression set and abrasion resistance characteristics. Temp range -60°F to +250°F $(-51^{\circ}C \text{ to } +121^{\circ}C).$

Urethane (Code U) - Yellow material. Excellent mechanical and physical properties. Offers good medium duty durability and resiliency. Urethane tends to soften at higher temperatures and humid conditions. Temp range -30°F to +150°F (-34°C to +66°C).

Viton (Fluorocarbon)(Code V) - Red material. Excellent fluid compatibility and high temperature characteristics. Good compression set and resiliency. Temp range -20°F to +350°F (-29°C to +177°C).

Hytrel (Code H) - Blue material. Superior physical and mechanical properties and excellent fluid compatibility and high temperature characteristics. Hardness (50D) approaches that of plastic and offers little resiliency. Excellent performance under heavy duty conditions. Temp range -65°F to $+300^{\circ}$ F (-54°C to $+149^{\circ}$ C).

Other materials are available for special applications. Consult factory for recommendations and availability.

Coupling Selection Guide



Service Factors - Load Characteristics

		Type of Prime Mover									
Load Classification	Standard Motor or Turbine	High Torque Motor	I.C. Engine 6 or more cyl.	I.C. Engine less than 6 cyl.							
Uniform (U)	1.0	1.5	1.5	2.0*							
Moderate (M)	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.5*							
Heavy (H)	2.0*	2.5*	2.5*	3.0*							

Uniform Load: Steady loading, non-reversing, torque does not exceed rating.

Moderate Load: Uneven loading with moderate shock, frequent starts, infrequent reversals, peak torque may exceed average rating of prime mover by up to 125%.

Heavy Load: Uneven loading with heavy shock, frequent reversals, peak torque may exceed average rating of prime mover by up to 150%.

* Recommend use of Hytrel Insert.

Drive Unit		Load Sym.
	IAG OIIII	•
Agitators		U
Blowers	C	U
Compressor	J	U
	- Rotary	M
	- Reciprocating	H*
Conveyors -		U
	- Reciprocating	M
	- Screw	M
	- Shaker	H
Cranes & Hoists		M
Crushers		H*
Elevators		M
	- Freight & Pass.	H*
Fans	 Centrifugal 	U
	- Propeller	M
	- Cooling Tower	H
Generators		U
	- Welding	H
Mills		H*
Machine Tools		М
Mixers		М
Paper Mill Machinery		М
Pumps	 Centrifugal 	U
	- Rotary	
	 Reciprocating 	H*
	- On Injection	H*
	Molding Equip.	^п
Screens	= Air & Water	U
	Washing	
	- Freight & Pass.	Н
Stokers		U
Textile Machinery		M
Woodworking Machinery		M
Winches		H*

Selection Method

- 1. Several specifics must be considered to make the best choice of couplings:
 - A. Type of prime mover and load characteristics (see table above)
 - B. Shaft diameter and key size or spline configuration (No. of teeth, pitch ratio, pressure angle)
 - C. Horsepower rating of loads to be transmitted.
 - D. Maximum operating speed (rpm)
 - E. Maximum operating misalignment
 - F. Clearance limitations
- 2. Calculate effective hp/100 rpm by use of table above and select the minimum size coupling recommended
- 3. VERIFY YOUR SELECTION:
 - A. Check for maximum bore size
 - B. Check dimensions for adequate clearance
 - C. Indicate any special insert specification and/or coupling coating for environmental protection, if required

Equation: Effective HP per 100 RPM = rated HP x Service Factor x 100 / RPM

Example: 150 HP, 4 cyl. Diesel Engine Driving a Reciprocating Irrigation Pump operating at 3250 RPM Service Factor - 3.0 (Hytrel Insert Recommended) Eff. HP per 100 RPM = 150 HP x 3.0 x 100 /3250 RPM = 13.85 HP/100 RPM. Model 600 rating with Hytrel Insert is 23.7 HP/100 RPM.

Note: Above service factors are intended for use as a general guide only.

^{*}Recommend use of Steel Bushing and Clamp with Splined Bores.

Installation Instructions



Shaft spacing should be within range given by dimensions 'W' and 'X' as shown in charts on page 4.

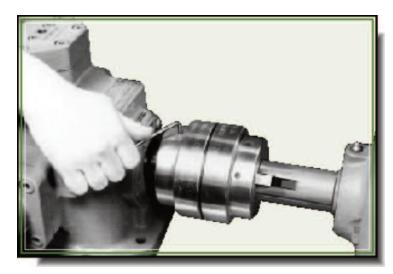
Position each hub on proper size shaft - Magnaloy couplings are bored to standard "push fit" tolerances, if a tight fit exists, check shaft for burrs.

Maximum benefits are obtained with hubs positioned to allow complete shaft engagement within bore. However, some equipment designs do not permit this condition - maximum shaft engagement should be utilized in any case.

Alignment - Place a straight edge (scale) at top and side of coupling. Use a .005 inch feeler gauge under scale for final inspection. This will indicate accurate parallel and angular alignment.

Magnaloy's precision machined outside surfaces permit this simple, but accurate alignment method.





Secure equipment mounts and recheck alignment for movement.

Install the insert in the coupling positioning hubs in contact with lip around outside of insert.

Before tightening set screws, run the coupling and check for separation of hubs or "creep". Recheck alignment and tighten set screws.

With the Steel Bushed/Clamp type couplings, to facilitate installation on the shaft, it may be necessary to slightly loosen the set-screw over the keystock. When securing the coupling on the shaft, first tighten the clamp bolt, then tighten the set-screw against the keystock.

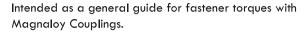
Mis-Alignment Capabilities

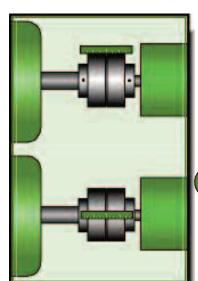


Magnaloy Couplings offer four-way flexibility (parallel, angular, axial and torsional) and require no lubrication. They are easily installed and properly aligned without use of special tools or equipment - a straight edge and hex wrench ar the only tools required. Magnaloy's insert reduces noise and vibration and permits needed flexibility for proper operation within alignment capabilities.

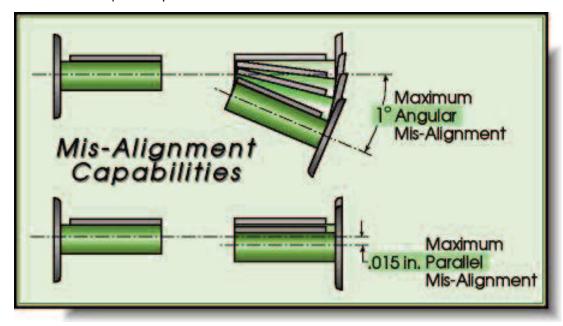
Recommended Torques for Fasteners

Model	Set Screw	Clamp Screw
100	60 - 70 in Ibs	130 - 140 in lbs
200	75 - 85 in lbs	130 - 140 in lbs
300	75 - 85 in Ibs	210 - 220 in Ibs
400	190 - 200 in lbs	210 - 220 in Ibs
500	190 - 200 in Ibs	300 - 310 in Ibs
600	190 - 200 in lbs	35 - 36 ft lbs
700	300 - 310 in lbs	35 - 36 ft lbs
800	300 - 310 in lbs	49 - 50 ft lbs
900	100 - 110 ft lbs	100 - 110 ft lbs





Perfect alignment of equipment shafts, in most cases, is impractical to obtain or maintain, and misaligned equipment produces, excess stress on bearings and the coupling. Magnaloy's insert design will accept misalignment strain and, when excessive, will cause insert wear as a visual and audible indication of misalignment problems. However, Magnaloy's inserts are inexpensive and easily replaces; under normal conditions the insert seldom requires replacement.



magnaloy coupling company 501 Commerce Drive Alpena, MI 49707 989 356-2186



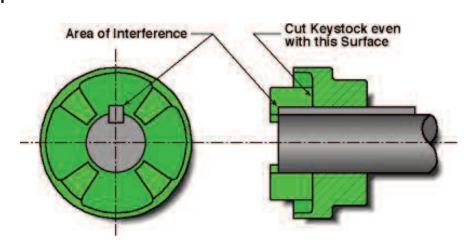
Keystock Interference with Drive Lug

Since the Magnaloy Coupling keyway, in a bored and keyed hub, is broached between the drive lugs, there is a potential for interference with the keystock of the drive hub and the drive lugs of the opposing hub. This interference will result when ALL the following conditions exist:

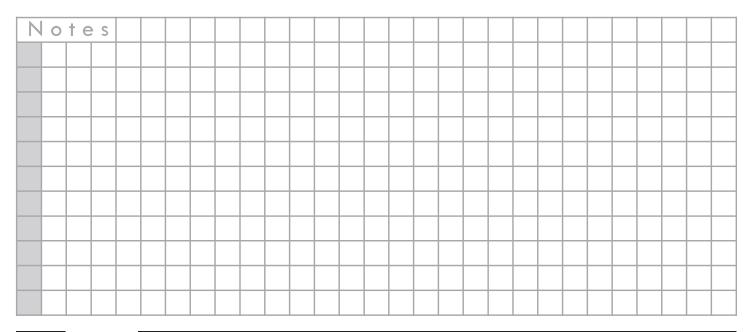
- A) The shaft diameter is Greater than listed below
- B) This shaft extends into the hub insert core area
- C) The keystock on this shaft extends with the shaft into the insert core area
- The interference condition can be corrected by shortening the keystock so it does not extend into the insert core area. The keystock length should be limited to the length of the coupling hub bore.

Interference Potential exists when shaft diameters are greater than shown in this chart.

Model Size	Shaft Diameter	Key Size
100	7/8	1/4
200	1 3/16	1/4
300	1 5/16	5/16
400	1 1/2	3/8
500	1 15/16	1/2
600	2 1/2	5/8
700	2 3/4	5/8
800	3 1/2	7/8
900	4 1/2	1 1/4



Failure to correct this condition will result in assembly difficulty and could cause damage to the drive or driven equipment. Check our web site at www.magnaloy.com for other bulletins.





M12 FEMALE 90°

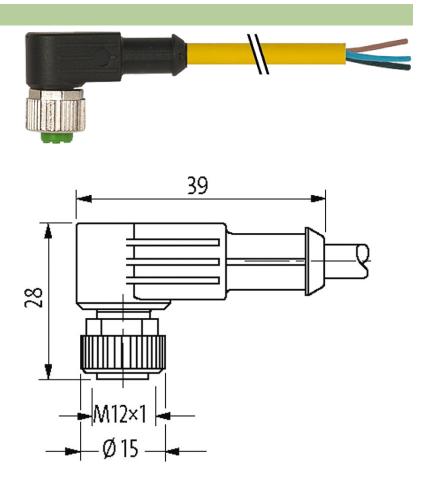
PVC 4X0.34 YELLOW, UL/CSA 5m

Female 90° M12, 4-pole Art-No. 7005 - M12 Lite - (plastic hexagonal screw) on request with cable sleeves

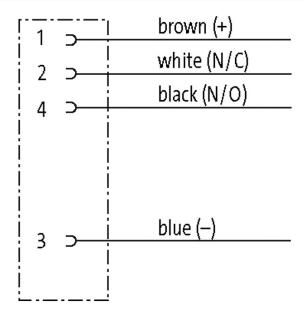
Plastic housings with good resistance against chemicals and oils. The resistance to aggressive media should be individually tested for your application. Further details on request. Further cable lengths on request.

Link to Product

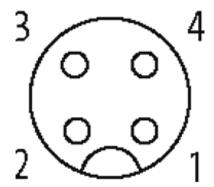
Illustration







Female



Product may differ from Image

Approvals



* only for products with UL/CSA approved cable

cCSAus

Form	
Form	12341
Cables	
No./diameter of wires	4 × 0.34 mm ²
Wire isolation	PVC (br, wh, bl, bk)
Material (jacket)	PVC (UL/CSA)
Outer Ø	5.0 mm ±5%
Bend radius (moving)	10 × outer Ø
Temperature range (fixed)	-30+80 °C



T (5 00 00
Temperature range (mobile) Cable identification	-5+80 °C 014
Cable Type	1 (PVC)
Approval (cable)	UL (AWM-Style 2464/1731), CSA
Cable weight [g/m]	40,70
Material (wire)	Cu wire, bare
	max. 60 Ω/km (20 °C)
Resistor (core)	
Single wire Ø (core)	0.15 mm
Construction (core)	19 × 0.15 mm (multi-strand wire class 5) 4 × 0.34 mm ²
Diameter (core)	
AWG	similar to AWG 22
Material (wire isolation)	PVC
Material property (wire isolation)	CFC-, cadmium-, silicone- and lead-free
Shore hardness (wire isolation)	45 ±5 D
Wire-Ø incl. isolation	1.25 mm ±5%
Color/numbering of wires	br, bk, bl, wh
Stranding combination	4 wires twisted
Shield	no
Material (jacket)	PVC
Material property (jacket)	CFC-, cadmium-, silicone- and lead-free
Shore hardness (jacket)	85 ±5 A
Outer-Ø (jacket)	5.0 mm ±5%
Color (jacket)	yellow
chemical resistance	good resistance to oil, gasoline and chemicals
Nominal voltage	UL 300 V AC
Test voltage	2 000 V AC
Current load capacity	to DIN VDE 0298-4
Temperature range (fixed)	-30+80 °C
Temperature range (mobile)	-5+80 °C
Bend radius (fixed)	5 × outer Ø
Bend radius (moving)	10 × outer Ø
Jacket Color	yellow
Technical Data	
Operating voltage	max. 250 V AC/DC
Operating voltage (only UL listed)	max. 30 V AC/DC
Operating current per contact	max. 4 A
Rated surge voltage	2.5 kV
Material group	IEC 60664-1, category I
Coding	A-coded
Locking of ports	Screw thread M12 × 1 mm (recommended torque 0.6 Nm) self-securing
Compression gland	M12 (SW13)



Protection	IP65, IP66K, IP67 inserted and tightened (EN 60529)
Locking material	Zinc die casting, matte nickel plated
Material	PUR
suitable for corrugated tube (internal \emptyset)	10 mm
General data	
Standards	DIN EN 61076-2-101 (M12)
Mounting method	inserted, tightened
Material (contact)	Copper alloy
Material (contact surface)	Au
Material (gasket)	FKM
Pollution Degree	3
Stripping length (jacket)	20 mm
Temperature range	-25+85 °C, depending on cable quality
Commercial data	
country of origin	DE
customs tariff number	85444290
EAN	4048879207645
eClass	27279218
Packaging unit	1



MSUD VALVE PLUG FORM A 18MM

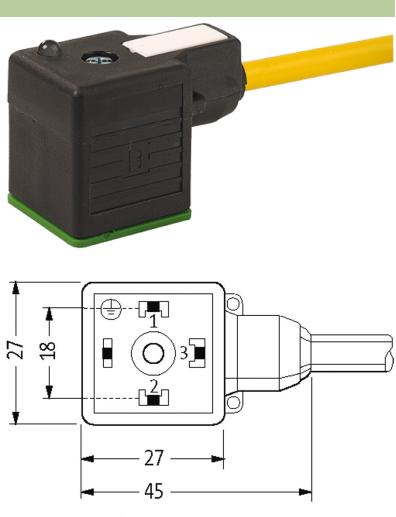
PVC 5X0.75 YELLOW, 5m

MSUD Form A (18 mm) 24 V DC ±25% LED (yellow/green) for pressure switches

Further cable lengths on request. Plastic housings with good resistance against chemicals and oils. The resistance to aggressive media should be individually tested for your application. Further details on request.

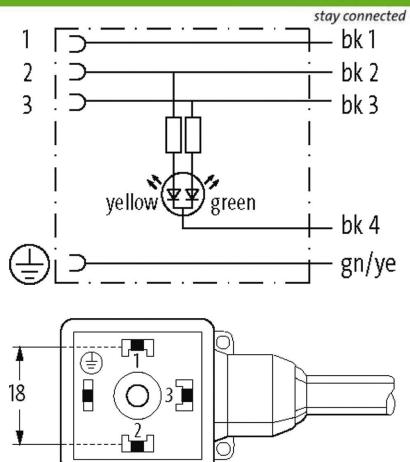
Link to Product

Illustration



Height: 30 mm





Product may differ from Image

Approvals

cCSAus * only for products with UL/CSA approved cable

cosaus only for products with obosa approved cable		
Form		
Form	18141	
Cables		
No./diameter of wires	5 × 0.75 mm ²	
Wire isolation	PVC (bk num, gnye)	
Material (jacket)	PVC	
Outer Ø	7.0 mm ±5%	
Bend radius (moving)	10 × outer Ø	
Temperature range (fixed)	-30+70 °C	
Temperature range (mobile)	-5+70 °C	
Cable identification	018	
Cable Type	1 (PVC)	
Approval (cable)	CE conform	
Cable weight [g/m]	94,60	
Material (wire)	Cu wire, bare	
Resistor (core)	max. 26 Ω/km (20 °C)	



	stay con	IICCCC
Single wire Ø (core)	0.2 mm	
Construction (core)	24×0.2 mm (multi-strand wire class 5)	
Diameter (core)	to DIN VDE 0298-4	
AWG	similar to AWG 18	
Material (wire isolation)	PVC	
Material property (wire isolation)	CFC-, cadmium-, silicone- and lead-free	
Shore hardness (wire isolation)	43 ±5 D	
Wire-Ø incl. isolation	1.8 mm ±5%	
Color/numbering of wires	bk, numbered, gnye longitudinally striped	
Shield	no	
Stranding combination	5 wires twisted around central filler	
Material (jacket)	PVC	
Material property (jacket)	CFC-, cadmium-, silicone- and lead-free	
Shore hardness (jacket)	80 ±5 A	
Outer-Ø (jacket)	7.0 mm ±5%	
Color (jacket)	yellow	
chemical resistance	good resistance to oil, gasoline and chemicals	
Nominal voltage	300/500 V AC	
Test voltage	3 000 V AC	
Current load capacity	to DIN VDE 0298-4	
Temperature range (fixed)	-30+70 °C	
Temperature range (mobile)	-5+70 °C	
Bend radius (fixed)	5 × outer Ø	
Bend radius (moving)	10 × outer Ø	
Jacket Color	yellow	
Technical Data		
Operating voltage	24 V DC ±25%	
Operating current per contact	max. 4 A	
Locking of ports	M3 (recommended torque 0.4 Nm)	
Housing	Black plastic (gray on request)	
Protection	IP67 inserted and tightened (EN 60529)	
General data		
Temperature range	-25+85 °C, depending on cable quality	
Commercial data		
country of origin	CZ	
customs tariff number	85444290	
EAN	4048879190190	
eClass	27279218	
Packaging unit	1	

KLT/KLS Series

Specifications

Pressure Ratings:

Maximum Allowable Operating

Pressure

(MAOP): 150 psi (10.3 bar)

Operating Temperatures:

-40°F (-40°C) to 225°F (107°C)

Element Burst Rating:

150 psid (10.3 bar)

Filtration Rating:

2, 5, 10 & 20 Microns at Beta > 200

Element Condition Indicators:

Gauge: 0-60 psi color coded Switch: SPDT 5A @ 24 VDC and

250 VAC

Materials:

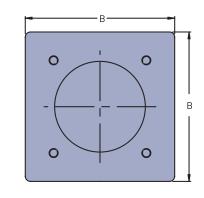
Head & Cover: Cast Aluminum

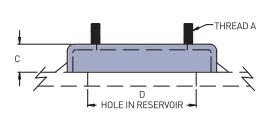
Alloy

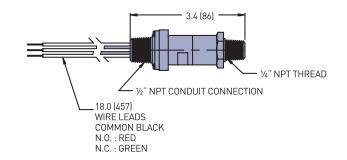
Bypass Valve: Nylon Filter Media: Microglass III Element End Caps: Nylon Weights (approximate):

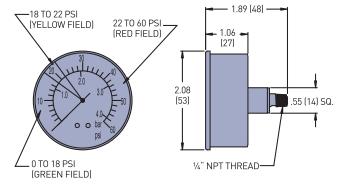
KLT-2 3 lbs. (1.36 kg) KLT-4 4 lbs. (1.81 kg) KLT(S)-7 8 lbs. (3.63 kg) KLT(S)-8 10 lbs. (4.54 kg)

KLT Weld Plate Drawings









Linear Measure: inch (mm)

Dimension	KLT Filter Model			
Dimension	KLT-2/KLT-4	KLT-7/KLT-8		
А	5/16-18 UNC-2A	3/8-16 UNC-2A		
В	5.33 (135)	7.15 (182)		
С	1.00 (25)	1.00 (25)		
D	4.50/3.75 (114/95)	6.25/5.50 (159/140)		

Drawings are for reference only. Contact factory for current version.

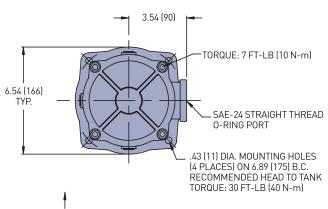
KLT Se e

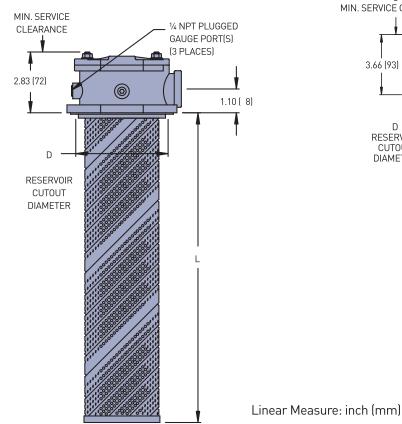
Dimens onal Drawings

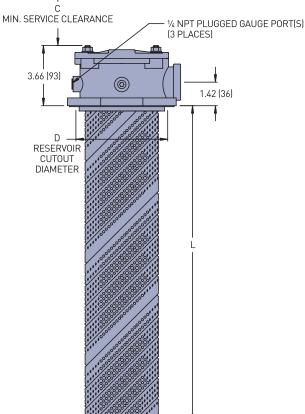
KLT 2 / KLT 4

2.68 (68) TORQUE: 3 FT-LB (4 N-m) 4.72 [120] TYP SAE-16 STRAIGHT THREAD 0-RING PORT 35 (9) DIA. MOUNTING HOLES (4 PLACES) ON 4.96 (126) B.C. RECOMMENDED HEAD TO TANK TORQUE: 11 FT-LB (15 N-m)

KLT 7 / KLT







Drawings are for reference only. Contact factory for current version.

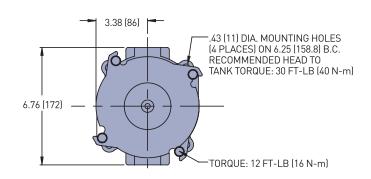
Dimensions	KLT Filter Model		
Difficusions	KLT-2	KLT-4	
С	5.75 (146)	9.50 (241)	
L	4.16 (106)	7.75 (197)	
D	3.6 (93) 3.56 (90)		

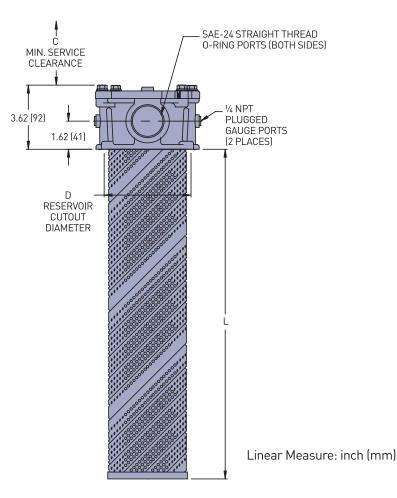
Dimensions	KLT Filter Model			
Difficusions	KLT-7	KLT-8		
С	13.00 (330)	19.25 (489)		
L	11.46 (291) 17.70 (450)			
D	5.36 (136) 5.26 (133)			

KLT Series

Dimensional Drawings

KLS 7 / KLS 8





Dimensions	KLS Filter Model		
Difficusions	KLS-7	KLS-8	
С	13.00 (330)	19.25 (489)	
L	11.46 (291)	17.70 (450)	
D	5.00 (127) 4.80 (122)		

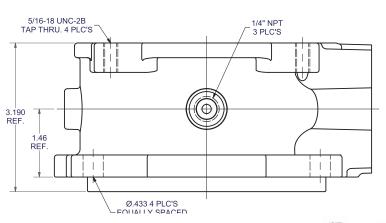
Drawings are for reference only. Contact factory for current version.

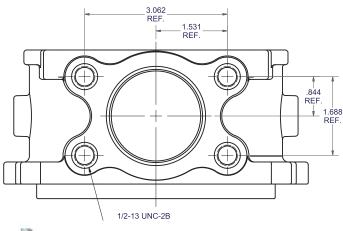
KLT Se e

Dimens onal Drawng

KLT with 2" Port





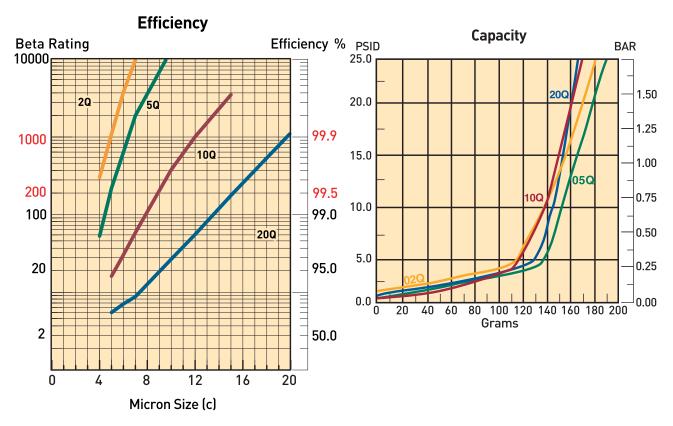




Drawings are for reference only. Contact factory for current version.

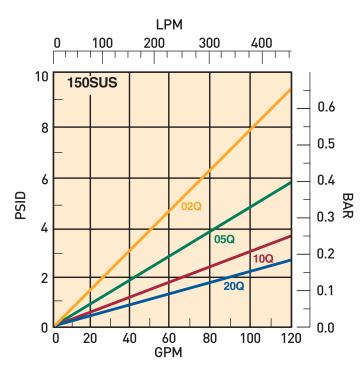
KLT/KLS Series

KLT/KLS-8 Element Performance



Multipass tests run @ 70 gpm to 25 psid terminal - 10 mg/L BUGL

Flow vs. Pressure Loss



KLT and KLS Series

Operating and Maintenance Instructions

A. Mounting

- 1. Standard mounting.
- a. Cut proper size hole in the top of the reservoir.
- b. Drill holes for studs within the proper bolt circle.
- Set the filter into the cutout hole and secure with proper size bolts, nuts and lock washers.
- d. Torque nuts in accordance with drawing.
- 2. Mounting procedure using weld plate.
- a. Rough cut proper size hole in the top of reservoir.
- b. Weld the weld plate concentric to the rough cut hole.
- c. Mount the filter onto the studs and secure with nuts and lock washers.
- d. Torque nuts in accordance with drawing.
- 3. Utilize proper fittings.

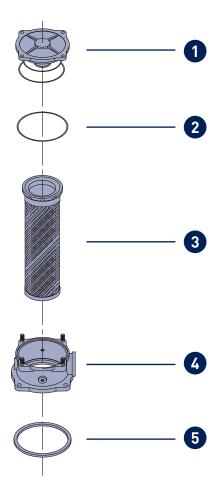
B. Start-Up

- 1. Check for and eliminate leaks upon system start-up.
- 2. Check differential pressure indicator, if installed, to monitor element condition.

C. Service

 An element must be serviced when the indicator indicates service is required.

NOTE: If the filter is not equipped with an indicator, the element should be serviced according to machine manufacturer's instructions.



Parts List

	, arte			
Index	Description	Part Number	Quantity	
1	Cover Assembly (Includ	es Cover o-ring)		
	KLT2/KLT4	937049	1	
	KLT7/KLT8	937047	1	
	KLS7/KLS8	937048	1	
2	Cover o-ring			
	KLT2/KLT4, Nitrile	N72239	1	
	KLT2/KLT4, FKM	V72239	1	
	KLT7/KLT8, Nitrile	N72251	1	
	KLT7/KLT8, FKM	V72251	1	
	KLS7/KLS8, Nitrile	N72251	1	
	KLS7/KLS8, FKM	V72251	1	
3	Element (see How to Order page)			
4	Filter Head (Includes gauge plugs & studs)			
	KLT2/KLT4 (S16)	5841216	1	
	KLT7/KLT8 (S24)	5841224	1	
	KLS7/KLS8 (S24)	937318	1	
	KLS7/KLS8 (2" Flange)	942157	1	
5	Tank Gasket			
	KLT2/KLT4	108x98x5.5B	1	
	KLT7/KLT8	152x136x6B	1	
	KLS7/KLS8 (O-Ring)	N72355 (C.F.)	1	
Not Shown	Weld Plate			
	KLT2/KLT4	300041	1	
	KLT7/KLT8	300042	1	
Not Shown	Pressure Switch	NS-1C-19R/EL	1	
Not Shown	Pressure Gauge	936913	1	

C.F. = Consult Factory

D. Servicing Dirty Element

- Shut system down to assure that there is NO PRESSURE OR FLOW into the filter housing.
- 2. Remove the filter cover.
- 3. Remove and discard the contaminated element cartridge.

E. Before Installing a New Element Cartridge

- 1. Clean the magnetic core with a lint-free cloth.
- 2. Check all seals and replace if necessary.

F. To Install a New Element Cartridge

- 1. Lubricate all seals.
- 2. Mount new filter cartridge.
- 3. Re-install the cover.
- 4. Torque the cover nuts per drawing.

Perform procedures B1 and B2 to ensure no leaks are present.

KLT and KLS Series

How to Order

Select the desired symbol (in the correct position) to construct a model code. Example:

BOX 1	BOX 2	вох з	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
KLT	7	10Q	В	Р	G	524	1

BOX 1: Filter Series				
Symbol	Symbol Description			
KLT	Single port return-line filter			
KLS	Dual port return-line filter (-7 and -8 models only)			

	Filter Model Description
2	30 GPM (115 I/m nominal flow)
4	50 GPM (190 I/m nominal flow)
7	100 GPM (380 I/m nominal flow)
8	120 GPM (455 I/m nominal flow)

BOX 3: Media Code						
Symbol	Description					
02Q	Microglass III, 2 micron					
05Q	Microglass III, 5 micron					
10Q	Microglass III, 10 micron					
20Q	Microglass III, 20 micron					
WR	Water Removal					

BOX 4: Se Symbol	als Description
В	Nitrile (NBR)
V	Fluorocarbon
*NOTE: Nit supplied.	rile tank gasket always

BOX 5: Inc Symbol	dicator Description
Р	No indicator; plugged pressure port(s)
G	Pressure gauge, 0-60 psig
S	Pressure switch

BOX 6: Bypass					
Symbol	Pressure Setting				
G	25 psid (1.7 bar)				

BOX 7: P	BOX 7: Ports					
Symbol	Description					
	KLT-2/4					
S16	SAE-16 (1 5/16"-12)					
	KLT-7/8					
S24	SAE-24 (1 7/8"-12)					
N24	1 1/2" NPT					
Y32	2" Code 61 Flange Face					
	KLS-7/8					
S24	2 x SAE-24 (1 7/8"-12)					
N24	2 x 1 1/2-NPT					

BOX 8: Options					
Symbol	bol Description				
1	None				
TP	Weld plate (KLT only)				

Replacement Elements

Element		Nit	rile		Fluorocarbon			
Code	2	4	7	8	2	4	7	8
20Q	936967Q	936971Q	936975Q	936979Q	937269Q	937273Q	937277Q	937281Q
10Q	936966Q	936970Q	936974Q	936978Q	937268Q	937272Q	937276Q	937280Q
05Q	936965Q	936969Q	936973Q	936977Q	937267Q	937271Q	937275Q	937279Q
02Q	936964Q	936968Q	936972Q	936976Q	937266Q	937270Q	937274Q	937278Q
WR	937258	937259	937260	937261	C.F.	C.F.	C.F.	C.F.

C.F. = Consult Factory





Your Enclosure Source ®

Saginaw Control & Engineering 95 Midland Road Saginaw, MI 48638-5770 Phone: (800)234-6871 Fax: (989)799-4524

http://www.saginawcontrol.com

Part Information - SCE-20EL1606SSLP

→ SCE-20EL1606SSLP

Application -

Designed to house electrical and electronic controls, instruments and components in areas which may be regularly hosed down or are in very wet conditions. Provides protection from dust, dirt, oil, and water. For outdoor application a drip shield is recommended.

Construction -

- 0.075" stainless steel Type 304.
- Seams continuously welded and ground smooth.
- Flange trough collar around all sides of door opening.
- Oil-resistant gasket.
- Collar studs provided for mounting optional panels.
- Stainless steel concealed hinge.
- Removable and interchangeable doors.
- Black quarter turn latches.
- Latches are opened or closed with a screwdriver (optional tamper-resistant inserts are available).
- . Mounting holes in back of enclosure.
- Mounting hardware, sealing washer and hole plug included.
- Removable print pocket furnished if height and width of enclosure is greater than 12 inches.
- · Ground studs on door and body.

Options -

Optional mounting feet available. Door hardware available.

Finish -

#4 brushed finish on all exterior surfaces.
Optional sub-panels are powder coated white.

Industry Standards - (IS5) NEMA Type 4, 4X, 12 and Type 13 UL Listed Type 4, 4X and 12 CSA Type 4, 4X and 12 IEC 60529 IP 66

Product Specifications -

Part Number: SCE-20EL1606SSLP Description: S.S. EL Enclosure Height: 20.00"

Width: 16.00"
Depth: 6.00"
Price Code: S5
List Price: \$726.19
Catalog Page: 218

Est. Ship Weight: 28.00 lbs



Download CAD Package Add to Bill of Material

Optional Accessories -

SCE-20P16 - Subpanel, Flat SCE-BV4XKIT - Kit, Breather Vent SCE-DF20EL16LP - Panel, Dead Front (Wall Mount) SCE-DS16SS - Shield, S.S. Drip SCE-DV4XKIT - Kit, Drain Vent SCE-ELFM16WSS - S.S. EL Flush Mount Frame

SCE-ELFM20HSS - S.S. EL Flush Mount Frame SCE-ELMFK4SS - Foot Kit, S.S. EL Mounting (4pc.) SCE-ELSP3 - KIT, Swing-Out Panel (20 High & Up)

Similar Part Numbers -

SCE-12EL1206SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-12EL2406SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-16EL1206SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-16EL1208SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-16EL1606SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-16EL1608SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-16EL2008SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-20EL1608SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-20EL1610SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-20EL1610SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure SCE-20EL2006SSLP - S.S. EL Enclosure

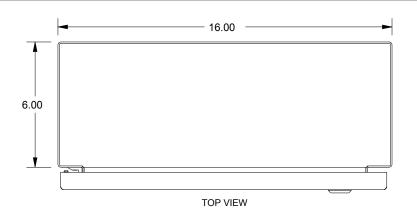
Mounting Foot Kit for Enviroline Enclosures

Installation Information -

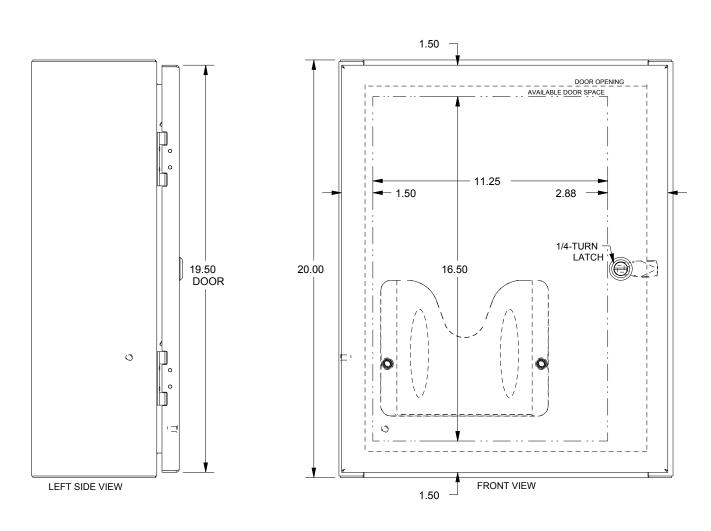
EL Flush Mount Frame
Drip Shield Kit Assembly
Sealing Washer Specifications
Drain/Vents
Dead Front Wall Mount Installation Instructions
Swing Panel Assembly for Enviroline Enclosures
Dead Front Wall Mount < 20 In Height Installation Instructions
Swing Panel ELSP for Encl. Height > 16

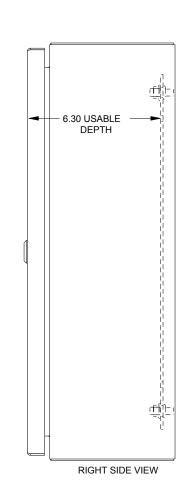
Swing Panel ELSP for Encl. Height <= 16

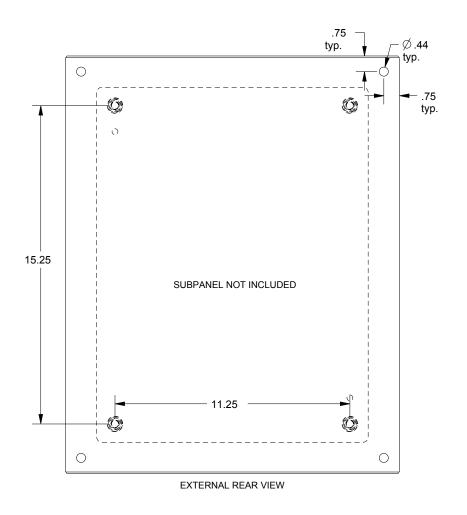
Saginaw Control and Engineering 95 Midland Road Saginaw, MI 48638-5770 (800)234-6871 Fax: (989)799-4524 SCE@SaginawControl.com

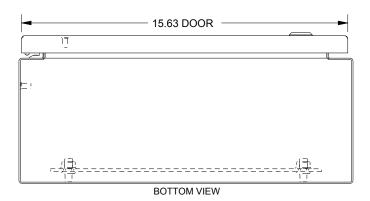


SAGINAW CONTROL & ENGINEERING SCE-20EL1606SSLP

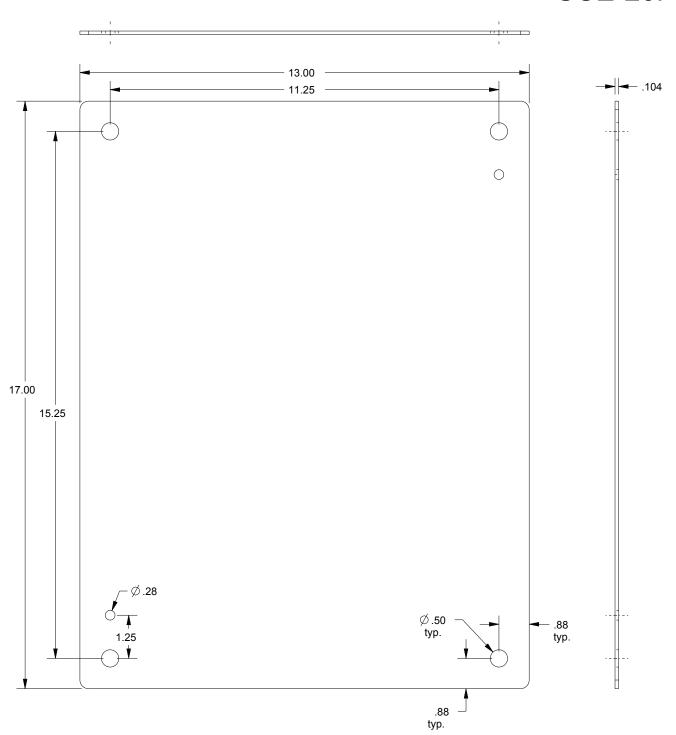








SAGINAW CONTROL & ENGINEERING SCE-20P16



DATA SHEET

Three Phase Induction Motor - Squirrel Cage



Customer Product line : W22 NEMA Premium Efficiency Product code: 11535533 Three-Phase Catalog #: 02018ET3H256TC-W22 Frame : 254/6TC Locked rotor time : 27s (cold) 15s (hot) Output : 20 HP (15 kW) Temperature rise : 80 K Poles Duty cycle : Cont.(S1) : -20°C to +40°C Frequency : 60 Hz Ambient temperature Rated voltage : 575 V : 1000 m.a.s.l. Altitude Rated current : 19.3 A Protection degree : IP55 L. R. Amperes : 133 A Cooling method : IC411 - TEFC LRC : 6.9x(Code H) Mounting : F-1 No load current : 8.00 A Rotation¹ : Both (CW and CCW) Rated speed : 1765 rpm Noise level² : 64.0 dB(A) Starting method : Direct On Line Slip : 1.94 % Rated torque : 8.11 kgfm Approx. weight³ : 164 kg Locked rotor torque : 270 % Breakdown torque : 280 % Insulation class : F Service factor : 1.25 : 0.1305 kgm² Moment of inertia (J) Design : B 50% 75% 100% Output Foundation loads 91.7 92.4 : 280 kgf Efficiency (%) 93.0 Max. traction Power Factor 0.79 0.84 : 444 kgf 0.68 Max. compression Non drive end Drive end 6209 C3 Bearing type 6309 C3 V'Ring Sealing V'Ring Lubrication interval 20000 h 20000 h Lubricant amount 13 g 9 g Lubricant type Mobil Polyrex EM Notes

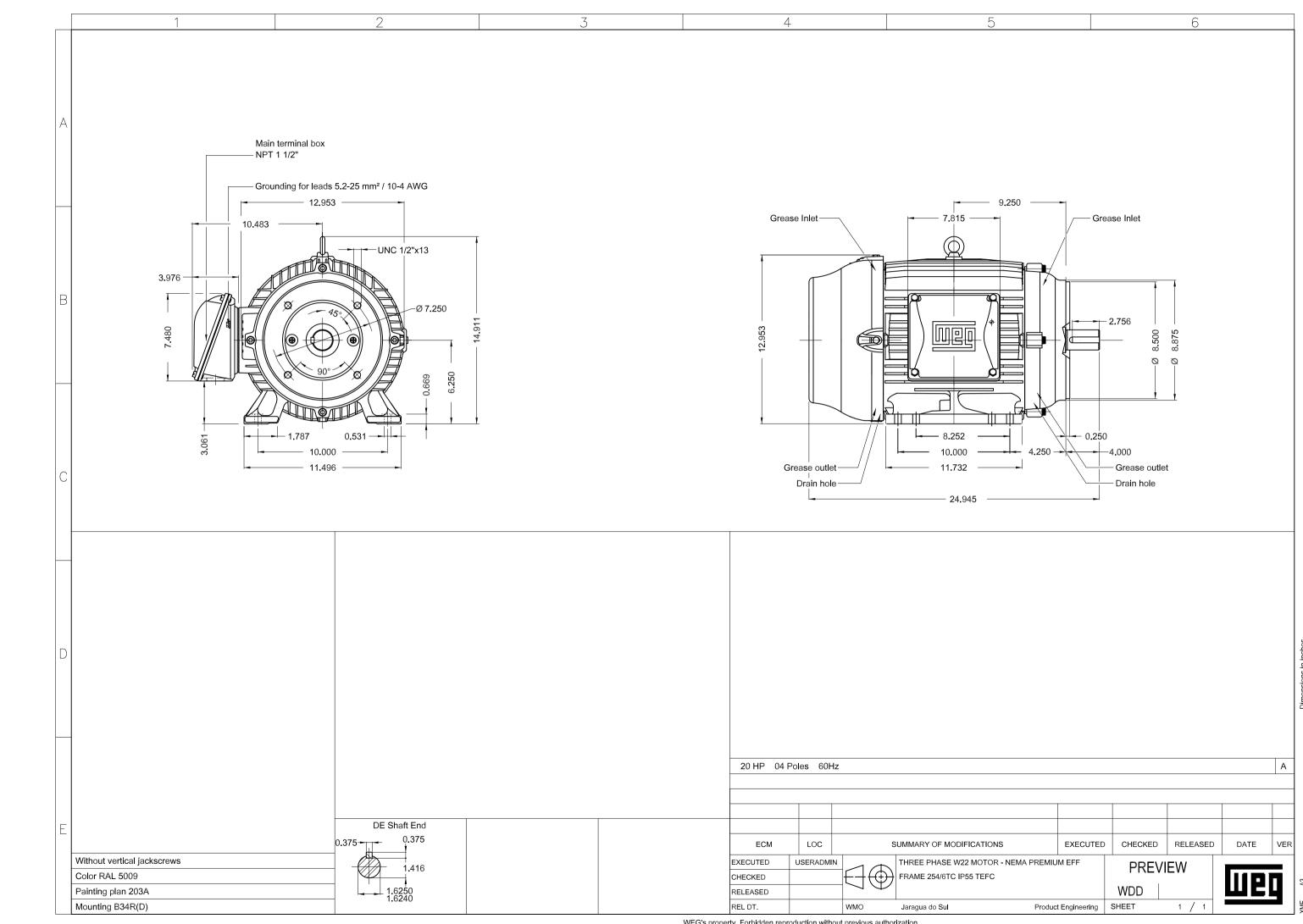
This revision replaces and cancel the previous one, which must be eliminated.

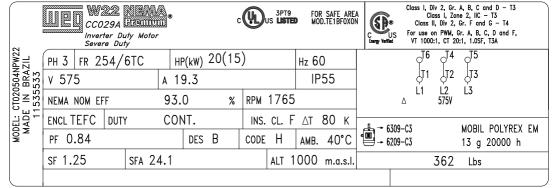
- (1) Looking the motor from the shaft end.
- (2) Measured at 1m and with tolerance of +3dB(A).
- (3) Approximate weight subject to changes after manufacturing process.

(4) At 100% of full load.

These are average values based on tests with sinusoidal power supply, subject to the tolerances stipulated in NEMA MG-1.

Rev.		Changes Summary	Performed	Checked	Date
Performed by					
Checked by				Page	Revision
Date	21/05/2019			1/1	







Thermowells

Threaded, Flanged, Sanitary, Socket, Weld, Weld-in

- ■Process Type Thermowells
- **■**Used on Bimetal Thermometers
- **■**Used on Gas Actuated Thermometers



Thermowells for temperature instruments are recommended for all process systems where pressure, velocity or viscous, abrasive and corrosive materials are present individually or in combination. A properly selected thermowell protects the temperature instrument from possible damage resulting from these process variables. Furthermore, a thermowell permits removal of the temperature instrument for replacement, repair or testing without effecting the process media or the system.

Standard Features

- Process Connections: Threaded, Flanged, Sanitary, Socket, Weld, Weld-in
- Instrument Connection: ½" NPSM Standard (National Pipe Standard Mechanical; A straight pipe thread for mechanical joints)
- Shank Configurations: Reduced, straight, tapered
- Bore Diameter: .260", .385"
- Materials: Brass, AISI 304, AISI 316
- Surface Finish: Brass: 60-100 Ra; AISI 304 & AISI 316: 60-100 Ra Sanitary (AISI 304 & AISI 316): 16-20 Ra

Data sheets: TW.FL, TW.SC, TW.SW, TW.TH, TW.VS, TW.WI



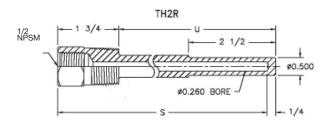
Thermowells

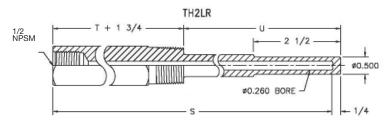
For Bimetal Thermometers & Gas Actuated Thermometers

CODING EXAMPLES									
Туре	Part	Process	Bore/Type	Lag	Shank Design	"U" Dim.	Material	Rating	Facing
	Number	Connection							
Threaded	75-TH2R-045-CC	34" NPT	.260/threaded	None	Stepped	41/2"	304SS		
Threaded	75-TH2LT-055-SS-T5	34" NPT	.260/threaded	5" Lag	Tapered shank	51/2"	316SS		
Flanged	15-FL2T-070-SS-150RF	1½" flanged	.260/flanged	None	Tapered shank	7"	316SS	150#	RF
Sanitary	10-SC2R-045-SS	1" sanitary	.260/sanitary	None	Stepped shank	41/2"	316SS		
Weld	15-WI2T-075-CS	1½" weld-in	.260/weld in	None	Tapered shank	71/2"	CS		
Socket weld	75-SW2R-045-CC	34" NPT	.260/skt weld	None	Stepped	41/2"	304SS		

WIKA THERMOWELL PRODUCT CODING EXPLANATION									
Process Connection	Type / Bore Dia.	Lag	Shank Design		Standard "U" Dimensions (No Lag)		Standard Material	Cap &	
00001.0				Type FL	All Other Types	Length		0.14	
50=1/2"	TH2 = Threaded/.260	Blank=No Lag	R = Reduced	N/A	*015 = 1-5/8"	2.5"	BR=Brass	1= Brass	
75=3/4"	TH3 = Threaded/.385	L=Standard Lag	S = Straight	020 = 2"	025 = 2-1/2"	4"	CC=304SS	2= ST.ST.	
10=1"	FL2 = Flanged/.260		T = Tapered	040 = 4"	045 = 4-1/2"	6"	SS=316SS		
12=1-1/4"	FL3 = Flanged/.385			070 = 7"	075 = 7-1/2"	9"	CS=Carbon Steel		
15=1 1/2"	SC2 = Sanitary/.260			100 = 10"	105 = 10-1/2"	12"	MO=Monel		
20=2""	SC3 = Sanitary/.385			130 = 13"	135 = 13-1/2"	15"	CP=Carp.20		
	SW2 = Socket weld/.260			160 = 16"	165 = 16-1/2"	18"	IN=Inconel 600		
	SW3 = Socket weld/.385			220 = 22"	225 = 22-1/2"	24"	NI=Nickel		
'					ndard "U"		HB=Hastelloy B		
				with	ı lag ("T")		HC=Hastelloy C		
				Type FL	All Other Types		TA=Tantalum		
				020 = 2"	025 = 2.5"		TI=Titanium		
				(T=2")	(T=2")	6"	TC= Teflon coated		
				040 = 4"	045 = 4.5"		Other material,		
				(T=3")	(T=3")	9"	consult factory		
				070 = 7"	075 = 7.5"		for pricing.		
Fo	or Flanged Well, Specify R	ating & Facing		(T=3")	(T=3")	12"		-	
_	ating Facing	ating a racing		100 = 10"	105 = 10.5"		*Note: For ½" NPT prod	cess	
	50#	-		(T=3")	(T=3")	15"	connection the "U" dim	ien-	
	00# FF=Flat Face Flan	nge		130 = 13"	135 = 13.5"		sion becomes 1" to acc modate 1/2" NPSM fema	ale	
	00# RF=Raised Face I	O .		(T=3")	(T=3")	18"	thread. Order as "010", 50TH2R 010 CC.	i.e.	
	00# RJ=Ring Joint Flange			190 = 19"	195 = 19.5"				
	500#	90		(T=3")	(T=3")	24"			



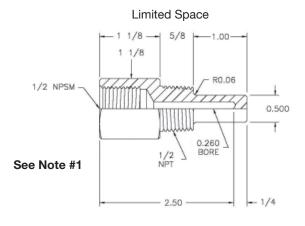


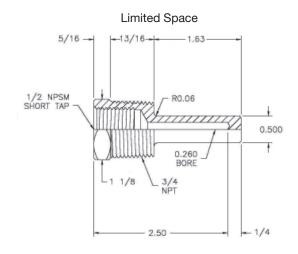


External Thread P	Stem Length S	Insertion Length U	Shank Diameter B
	4"	21/2"	-
	6"	41/2"	.625"
	9"	71/2"	.625"
1/2"	12"	101/2"	.625"
	15"	131/2"	.625"
	18"	161/2"	.625"
	24"	221/2"	.625"
	21/2"	1 5/8"	.5"
	4"	21/2"	-
	6"	41/2"	.75"
	9"	71/2"	.75"
3/4"	12"	101/2"	.75"
	15"	131/2"	.75"
	18"	161/2"	.75"
	24"	221/2"	.75"
	21/2"	1 5/8"	.5
	4"	21/2"	-
	6"	41/2"	.875"
	9"	71/2"	.875"
1"	12"	101/2"	.875"
	15"	131/2"	.875"
	18"	161/2"	.875"
	24"	221/2"	.875"

External	Stem	Insertion	Lag	Shank
Thread	Length	Length	Extension	Dia.
Р	S	Ŭ	T	В
	6"	21/2"	2	-
	9"	41/2"	3	.625"
1/2"	12"	71/2"	3	.625"
	15"	10½"	3	.625"
	18"	13½"	3	.625"
	24"	19½"	3	.625"
	6"	21/2"	2	-
	9"	41/2"	3	.75"
3/4"	12"	71/2"	3	.75"
	15"	10½"	3	.75"
	18"	13½"	3	.75"
	24"	19½"	3	.75"
	6"	21/2"	2	-
	9"	41/2"	3	.875"
1"	12"	71/2"	3	.875"
	15"	10½"	3	.875"
	18"	131/2"	3	.875"
	24"	19½"	3	.875"

Material Temperature - °F.											
Material	70°	200°	400°	600°	800°	1000°	1200°				
Brass	5000	4200	1000								
Carbon Steel	5200	5000	4800	4600	3500	1500					
A.I.S.I 304	7000	6200	5600	5400	5200	4500	1650				
A.I.S.I 316	7000	7000	6400	6200	6100	5100	2500				
Monel	6500	6000	5400	5300	5200	1500					

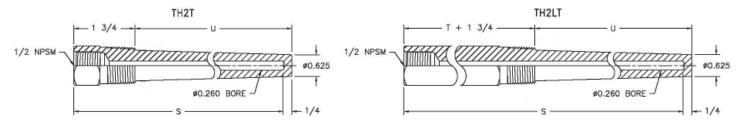




Notes

1. Normal "U" dimension on Limited Space well is 1 5/8" for ¾" NPT and 1" NPT process connection. (For ½" NPT process connection, "U" dimension becomes 1" to accommodate ½" NPSM female thread. Order as "010", i.e. **50**TH2R**010**CC.



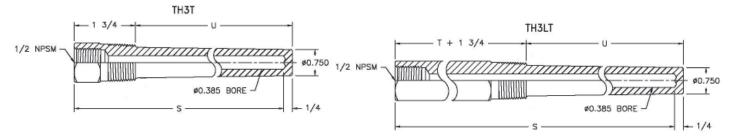


External	Stem	Insertion	Shank
Thread	Length	Length	Diameter
Р	S	U	В
	4"	21/2"	.875"
	6"	41/2"	.875"
	9"	71/2"	.875"
3/4"	12"	10½"	.875"
	15"	131/2"	.875"
	18"	16½"	.875"
	24"	221/2"	.875"
	4"	21/2"	1.063"
	6"	41/2"	1.063"
	9"	71/2"	1.063"
1"	12"	10½"	1.063"
	15"	131/2"	1.063"
	18"	161/2"	1.063"
	24"	221/2"	1.063"

External	Stem	Insertion	Lag	Shank	
Thread	Length	Length	Extension	Diameter	
Р	S	U	Т	В	
	6"	21/2"	2	.875"	
	9"	41/2"	3	.875	
3/4"	12"	71/2"	3	.875	
	15"	10½"	3	.875	
	18"	13½" 3		.875	
	24"	19½"	3	.875	
	6"	21/2"	2	1.063"	
	9"	41/2"	3	1.063"	
1"	12"	71/2"	3	1.063"	
	15"	101/2"	3	1.063"	
	18"	13½"	3	1.063"	
	24"	16½"	3	1.063"	

PRESSURE - TEMPERATURE RATING										
Material Temperature - °F.										
Material	70°	200°	400°	600°	800°	1000°	1200°			
Brass	5300	4750	1100							
Carbon Steel	5950	5750	5450	5250	4000	1750				
A.I.S.I 304	7800	7050	6400	6150	6000	5190	1875			
A.I.S.I 316 7800 7800 7250 7100 6950 5800 2										
Monel	7450	6850	6150	6100	5940	1750				



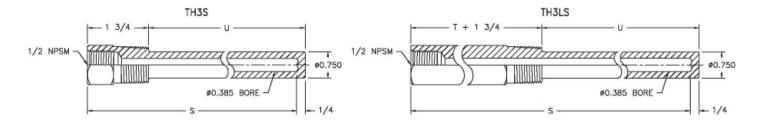


External	Stem	Insertion	Shank	
Thread	Length	Length	Diameter	
Р	S	U	В	
	4"	21/2"	.875"	
	6"	41/2"	.875"	
	9"	71/2"	.875"	
3/4"	12"	101/2"	.875"	
	15"	131/2"	.875"	
	18"	161/2"	.875"	
	24"	221/2"	.875"	
	4"	21/2"	1.063"	
	6"	41/2"	1.063"	
	9"	71/2"	1.063"	
1"	12"	10½"	1.063"	
	15"	131/2"	1.063"	
	18"	16½"	1.063"	
	24"	221/2"	1.063"	

External	Stem	Insertion	Lag	Shank
Thread	Length	Length	Extension	Diameter
Р	S	U	Т	В
	6"	21/2"	2	.875"
	9"	41/2"	3	.875"
	12"	71/2"	3	.875"
3/4"	15"	101/2"	3	.875"
	18"	131/2"	3	.875"
	24"	191/2"	3	.875"
	6"	21/2"	2	1.063"
	9"	41/2"	3	1.063"
	12"	71/2"	3	1.063"
1"	15"	101/2"	3	1.063"
	18"	131/2"	3	1.063"
	24"	16½"	3	1.063"

Material Temperature - °F.										
Material	70°	200°	400°	600°	800° 1000°	1200°				
Brass	5000	4200	1000							
Carbon Steel	5200	5000	4800	4600	3500 1500					
A.I.S.I 304	7000	6200	5600	5400	5200 4500	1650				
A.I.S.I 316	7000	7000	6400	6200	6100 5100	2500				
Monel	6500	6000	5400	5300	5200 1500					





Extended Length P	Stem Length S	Insertion Length U		
	4"	21/2"		
	6"	41/2"		
	9"	71/2"		
3/4"	12"	10½"		
	15"	13½"		
	18"	16½"		
	24"	221/2"		
	4"	21/2"		
	6"	41/2"		
	9"	71/2"		
1"	12"	10½"		
	15"	13½"		
	18"	16½"		
	24"	221/2"		

Extended Lag P	Stem Length S	Insertion Length U	Lag Extension T
	6"	21/2"	2"
	9"	41/2"	3"
3/4"	12"	71/2"	3"
	15"	101/2"	3"
	18"	131/2"	3"
	24"	191/2"	3"
	6"	21/2"	2"
	9"	41/2"	3"
1"	12"	71/2"	3"
	15"	10½"	3"
	18"	131/2"	3"
	24"	19½"	3"

Material	Temp	erature	- °F.				
Material	70°	200°	400°	600°	800°	1000°	1200°
Brass	5000	4200	1000				
Carbon Steel	5200	5000	4800	4600	3500	1500	
A.I.S.I 304	7000	6200	5600	5400	5200	4500	1650
A.I.S.I 316	7000	7000	6400	6200	6100	5100	2500
Monel	6500	6000	5400	5300	5200	1500	



Threaded	Threaded Thermowells - General Use													
Models TH2 (.260 Bore) stepped (reduced) shank, without lag ONLY														
		No Lag	S	304	316			No Lag	S	304	316			
Size	Model	U DIM	DIM	SS	SS	Size	Model	U DIM	DIM	SS	SS			
		1 5/8	21/2	\$26.32	\$27.79			1 5/8	21/2	\$31.91	\$32.79			
		21/2	4	\$33.81	\$39.19			21/2	4	\$37.79	\$43.08			
½" NPT	TH2R	41/2	6	\$42.20	\$47.63	1" NPT	TH2R	41/2	6	\$48.66	\$55.86			
or ¾" NPT	INZN	71/2	9	\$53.07	\$59.09	INPI	ITZK	71/2	9	\$65.13	\$80.85			
74 141 1		10½	12	\$66.74	\$76.01			10½	12	\$85.71	\$97.76			
		13½	15	\$135.53	\$141.86			13½	15	\$161.85	\$169.20			
		16½	18	\$161.70	\$169.34			16½	18	\$192.58	\$202.13			
		221/6	2/	\$226.83	\$250.05			221/2	24	\$226.83	\$250.05			

Threaded Thermowells - Special Configuration

Models TH2 (.260 Bore) & TH3 (.385) bore, tapered, stepped (reduced) or straight shank, with or without lag

		No Lag	With Lag		S		304	316	Carbon
Size	Model	U DIM	U DIM	T DIM	DIM	Brass	SS	SS	ST
	TH2R TH2S	1 5/8			21/2	\$27.50	\$26.32	\$27.79	\$19.99
		21/2			4	\$41.16	\$39.40	\$41.16	\$29.99
½" NPT	TH2LR	41/2	21/2	2	6	\$59.39	\$56.90	\$59.39	\$43.37
or	TH3S TH3LS	71/2	41/2	3	9	\$86.88	\$82.91	\$86.88	\$63.36
34" NPT	TH2T	10½	71/2	3	12	\$114.37	\$109.23	\$114.37	\$83.36
	TH2LT	13½	10½	3	15		\$135.53	\$141.86	
	ТНЗТ	16½	13½	3	18		\$161.70	\$169.34	
	TH3LT	221/2	19½	3	24		\$226.67	\$250.05	
		No Lag	With	Lag S			304	316	Carbon
Size	Model	U DIM	U DIM	T DIM	Dim	Brass	SS	SS	ST
	TH2R TH2S TH2LR TH3S TH3LS TH2T	1 5/8			21/2	\$32.79	\$31.91	\$32.79	\$25.58
		21/2			4	\$49.10	\$47.04	\$49.10	\$38.81
		41/2	21/2	2	6	\$71.01	\$67.91	\$71.01	\$56.01
1" NPT		71/2	41/2	3	9	\$103.78	\$99.08	\$103.78	\$81.73
		10½	7½	3	12	\$136.42	\$130.54	\$136.42	\$107.46
	TH2LT	13½	10½	3	15		\$161.85	\$169.30	
	TH3T TH3LT	16½	13½	3	18		\$192.57	\$201.98	
		221/2	19½	3	24		\$226.67	\$250.05	

Threaded Thermowell Factory Stock						
Part Number	List					
75TH2R015BR	\$27.50					
75TH2R015CC	\$26.32					
75TH2R015SS	\$27.79					
75TH2R025BR	\$41.16					
75TH2R025CC	\$33.81					
75TH2R025SS	\$39.19					
75TH2LR025SS	\$59.39					
75TH2R045BR	\$59.39					
75TH2R045CC	\$42.20					
75TH2R045SS	\$47.63					
75TH2T045CC	\$56.90					
75TH2T045SS	\$59.39					
75TH2LR045SS	\$86.88					
75TH2R075CC	\$53.07					
75TH2R075SS	\$59.09					
50TH2R010BR	\$27.50					
50TH2R010CC	\$26.32					
50TH2R010SS	\$27.79					
50TH2R025BR	\$41.16					
50TH2R025CC	\$33.81					
50TH2R025SS	\$39.19					

NOTE: Stock items shown in **bold**, **blue** print.

Accessories							
Description	Part #	Code	List Price				
Brass Cap & Chain	N/A	Code 1	\$14.70				
SS Cap & Chain	N/A	Code 2	\$23.16				
SS Tag Wired on	N/A	-	\$7.61				
Stamping on Well	N/A	-	\$9.58				
5.3 oz. tube heat	2256045	-	\$32.55				
transfer compound							
Paper Tag	N/A	-	\$2.67				

Bimetal Thermometer - Process Grade - All Stainless Steel Construction Type TI.30, 3" Dial Size - Back Connected

Datasheet TI.30

Applications

- General process instrumentation in the chemical, petrochemical, oil and gas, energy and water/wastewater industries
- Temperature measurement in harsh and aggressive environments
- With liquid dampening suitable for applications with high vibrations

Product features

- Process grade design
- All stainless steel case construction
- Back connected with external reset
- Hermetically sealed per ASME B40.3
- Accurate to 1% of full scale value
- Available with silicone case filling for vibration



Pressure Gauge TI.30

Specifications

Sizes

3" (76.2 mm) - Type TI.30

Accuracy

+ 1.0% full scale value per ASME B40.3 Grade A

Ranges

From -100°F (-70°C) to +1000°F (+540°C) From -50°C to +550°C (as single scale) Reference table on page 2

Working Range

Steady: full scale value
Short time: 110% of full scale value

Over/Under Range Protection

 \leq +500 °F (+260 °C): Temporary up to 50% of full scale > +500 °F (+260 °C): Continuous to 800 °F (+427 °C) Intermittant up to 1000 °F (+538 °C)

Connection

Material: 304 stainless steel Center back mount (CBM), 1/2" NPT

Measuring Element

Bi-metal helix

Pointer

Black aluminum

Stem

Material: 304 stainless steel Diameter: 1/4" (6.35 mm)

Length: 21/2" to 72" (63.5 mm to 1,828.8 mm)

Case

Material: 304 stainless steel Hermetically sealed per ASME B40.3 standard

Weather protection NEMA 4X (IP 66)

External reset slotted hex head on back of case

Dial

White aluminum, dished, with black markings

Dampening

Inert gel to minimize pointer oscillation

Standard Scales

Single: Fahrenheit or Celsius

Dual: Fahrenheit (outer) and Celsius (inner)

Window Gasket

Neoprene

Silicone for ranges -100 °F (-70 °C) and ranges > +550 °F (+260 °C))

Window

Flat instrument glass

Weight

7 oz. (200 g) - 3" dial (76.2 mm);

Add 1 oz. (28 g) for every 2" (50 mm) of stem length

Datasheet TI.30 · 6/2015 Page 1 of 2



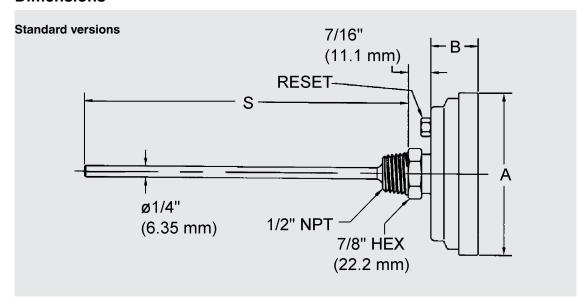
Optional Extras

- Thermowells
- Silicone fill
- Dampened Movement
- Special scales and dial markings
- Acrylic and safety glass windows
- Calibration certification traceable to NIST
- Min/max pointer
- DIN standards

STANDARD RANGES							
Fahrenheit Single Scale	Dual Scale F & C F Outer, C Inner	Celsius Single Scale					
-100/150 F	-100/150 F & -70/70 C	-50/50 C					
-40/120 F	40/120 F & -40/50 C	-20/120 C					
0/140 F	0/140 F & -20/60 C	0/50 C ¹					
0/200 F	0/200 F & -15/90 C	0/100 C					
0/250 F	0/250 F & -20/120 C	0/150 C					
20/240 F	20/240 F & -5/115 C	0/200 C					
25/125 F	25/125 F & -5/50 C ¹	0/250 C					
50/300 F	50/300 F & 10/150 C	0/300 C					
50/400 F	50/400 F & 10/200 C	0/450 C ¹					
50/550 F	50/500 F & 10/260 C	100/550 C ¹					
150/750 F	150/750 F & 65/400 C						
200/1000 F ¹	200/1000 F & 100/540 C ¹						

¹ Not recommended for continous service over 800°F (425°C)

Dimensions



Stem Length
2½" (63.5 mm)
4" (101.6 mm)
6" (152.4 mm)
9" (228.6 mm)
12" (304.8 mm)
15" (381.0 mm)
18" (457.2 mm)
24" (609.6 mm)

WIKA Type	DIAL SIZE	Α	В	S (Stem Length)	
30	3" (76.2 mm)	3-1/4" (82.6 mm)	15/16" (23.8 mm)	As Specified	

Note: Thermowells for temperature instruments are recommended for all process systems where pressure, velocity, or viscous, abrasive and corrosive materials are present individually or in combination. A properly selected thermowell protects the temperature instrument from possible damage resulting from these process variables. Furthermore, a thermowell permits removal of the temperature instrument for replacement, repair or testing without effecting the process media or the system.

Ordering information

State computer part number (if available) /type number/size/range/connection size and locations/options required. WIKA reserves the right to make changes without prior notice.

Page 2 of 2 WIKA Datasheet TI.30 · 6/2015



WIKA Instrument Corporation

1000 Wiegand Boulevard Lawrenceville, GA 30043 1-888-WIKA-USA /770-513-8200 (in GA) Fax 770-338-5118 info@wika.com www.wika.com



HEATER SPECIFICATION

Page 1 of 1

Date Jul 01, 2019

 Status
 Part #
 Description
 Heater Key
 Revision

 Confirmed
 7131DX316205
 PT 2NPT 3KW575/3 STL/SST
 100016594
 0

General Data

KW +5/-10%: 3.00

KW per Circuit:
Voltage: 575

Phase: 3

Circuit Quantity: 1

Line Amps: 3.01

Amps Per Circuit:
Connection Type: Wye

Connection: Permanent Bussing

Element Data

Watts Per Sq.ln: 23.31

Moisture Seal Type: Epoxy Seal
Quantity: 3

Quantity Per Circuit: 3

Sheath Material: 304 SST

O.D. (in): 0.475
Watts: 1000

Volts: 331.98

Fitting Data

Size: 2 NPT
Fitting Material: Steel
Standard ANSI B1.20.1
Gasket Material: None
Accessories: None

Suitable Pipe Schedules

5s, 5, 10s, 10, STD, 40, SchXH, 80

Certification Data

UL Recognized & CSA Certified

Enclosure Data

Type 4 - Cast Aluminum

Designed For Outdoor Use

Application Data

Heated Substance: Other
Process Max Temp. (°F): 100
Process Max Press.(PSIG): 160
Heater Orientation: Horizontal

Sensor Data

Sensor #1

Type: Thermostat 1 Pole 40-120F

Location: Standard

XDim: 7.19 Control: Pilot Duty

Sensor #2

Type: N/A Location: N/A XDim: N/A

Note: See Drawing for referenced XDim Tolerance +/-0.500 in. (12.7mm)

Wire Connection Data

Power

Min. Wire Temp. Rating: 90 Deg. C Wire Size: 14 AWG

Wire Qty: 3

Connection Size: 1" NPT Entry

Connection Qty: 1

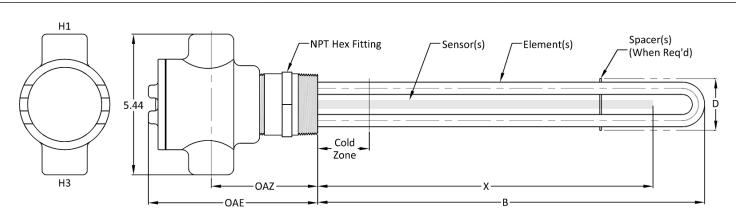
Control

Connection Size: 1" NPT Entry

Connection Qty: 1

Note: See Drawing for Supplied Location, Size and Type





"B": 17.5 in (444.5mm) +/-0.5 (12.7mm)

"Cold Zone": 2.5625 in (65.1mm) +/-0.25 in (6.3mm)

"D": 1.75 in (43.8mm) +0/-0.03 (0.76mm)

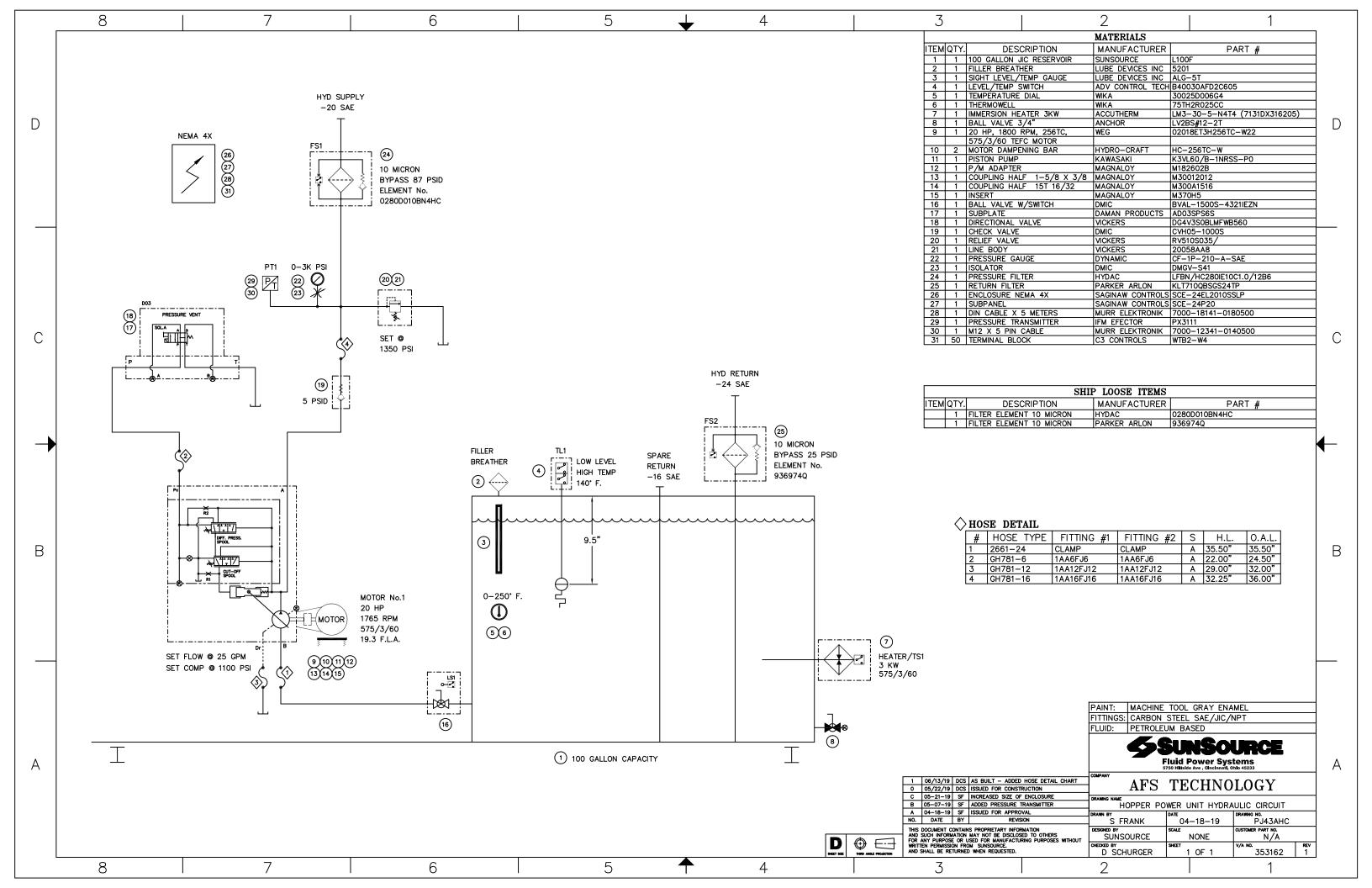
"N": N/A

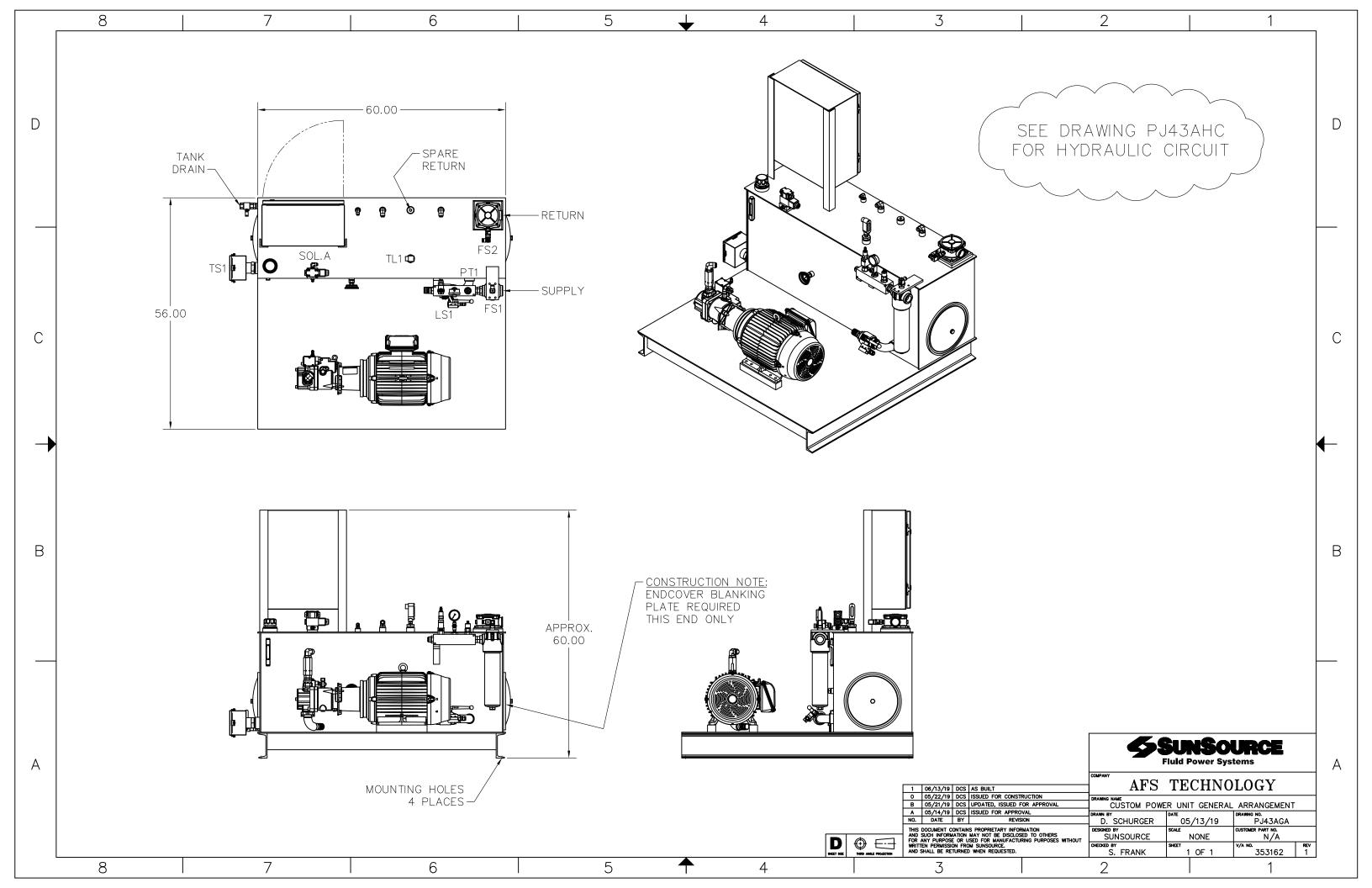
"OAE": 6.125 in (156.0mm) +/-0.25 (6.3mm)

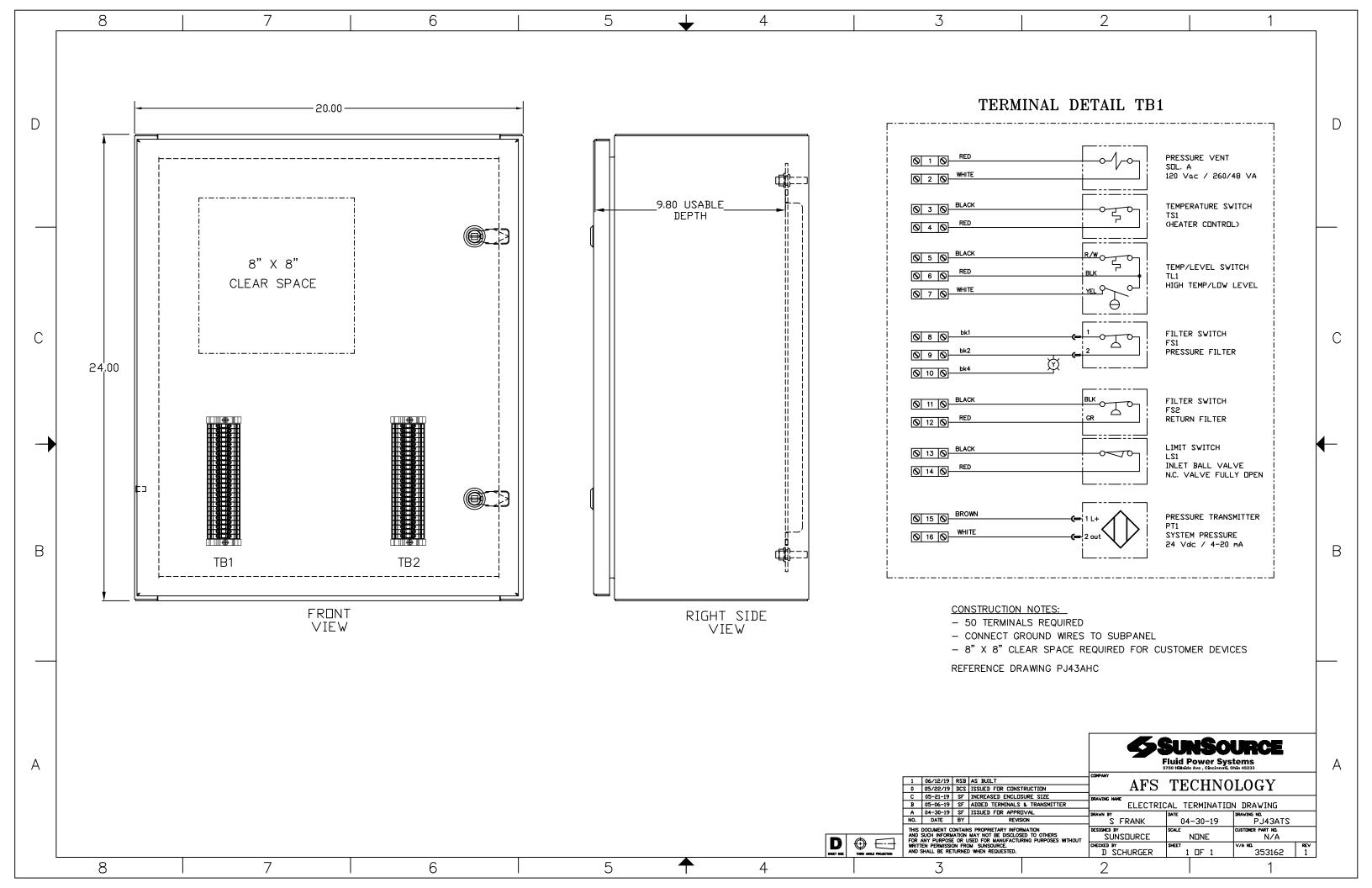
"OAZ": 4.6875 in (118.8mm) +/-0.25 (6.3mm)

Spacers Are Not Required

Connection Locations, Sizes and Types: [H1: 1" NPT Entry] [H2: NA] [H3: 1" NPT Entry] [H4: NA]







Fluid Power Systems 5750 Hillside Avenue

Cincinnati, Ohio 45233

POWER UNIT TEST REPORT

Voice: 513-941-6200

Fax: 513-941-6201

CUSTOMER: AFS TECHNOLOGY

Job #: **PJ43A**

VA#: 353162-00

			•				
SPECIAL REQUIREN	ÆNTS OR DIME	NSIONS	YES/NO	YES,	N0	YES	N0
1. STANDARD BUILD PE	ER DRAWING	VERIFIED		<u> </u>			
2. FITTINGS: CARBON S	TEEL; JIC & ORB	VERIFIED					
3.							
4. PAINT: STANDARD M	ACHINE TOOL GRA	Y VERIFIED		V			
5.		VERIFIED					
6. TEST FLUID: STANDA	RD FOR TEST	VERIFIED		W			
OUTSIDE TANK CLEAN	ED AND SCRAPED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		V.	Ħ		
INSIDE TANK CLEANEI	AND SCRAPED			V.			
ALL WELDS CLEANED	AND CHECKED		W-	U			
DEVIATIONS TO B.O.M.	. •			Æ	V		
DEVIATIONS TO CIRCU	IT			有	V.		
WIRING COMPLETE (IF	APPLICABLE)			Ħ	P		
ARE LOOSE PARTS WIT	H UNIT			Ā			
ANY PART SHORTAGES	(LIST BELOW)			Ħ		村一	
ARE FILTER ELEMENTS	INSTALLED			14	Ħ		
ALL PORTS PLUGGED A	ND CAPPED			Π		Ħ	
LEAKS OF ANY KIND							V
ARE ALL TAGS AND ST	ICKERS PROPERLY	APPLIED					
FINAL PAINT ACCEPTA	BLE					V	
IS UNIT SKIDDED PROP	ERLY					V	
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT I							
DULTATOC	Triory	DDECC	· ·				
PUMPS	FLOW	PRESS	, land				İ
K3VL60/B-1NRSS-	REQUIRED 25 GPM	REQUIRE:	<u> </u>				ŀ
		1100 FSI					
PO (KAWASAKI)	@ 1765 RPM						
NOTES: SEE DRA	AWING FOR SPEC	CIAL NOTES					
SEE DRAW	ING FOR PRESSU	JRE SETTING	GS				
ISO Cleanliness Target:	N/A Actual:						
······································			-				
ASSEMBLED AND VE	LA		I fame of all				
DATE: 6-7-1	i G		<u> </u>	1			
THE THE AND THE) , II		1	1		
TESTED AND VERIFI	EDBY:	N 65/	NCZA	<u> </u>			
DATE: 6 19/19							
FINAL INSPECTION I	3Y: Λ R.						İ
DATE: 1./12/19	700-						

A. ELECTRIC	CAL MOTO	DR(S).	······ TE	ST RE	SUL	rs.		Sand State of the			
MANUFACT	HP 20 HP			RPM		AMP					
WEG: 02018				/	7/2		1/57	7/1/0			
								19 34	max)	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	
									7		
								SF 1.2	5		
B. PUMPS									-		
IDENTIFICATION .	GPM@0PSI	DBA	AMPS	GPM@ PSI	TEST	DBA	AMPS	COMP PUMPS 0 GPM@PSI	DBA	AMPS	
K3VL60/B	25 gpm	75	8.6	23	gpm	54	18-9	⊘ gpm	72	8.4	
(KAWASAKI)	<u>a</u>			@ //	00	•		@//37			
	psi			psi				pśi			
								060	47	0 <i>8</i> 3	
		-						07507	PS []		
								CLP	STAN	DRC	
	1.2										
C. PRESSURE	CONTRO	LS									
IDENTIFICA	TION	LOW	P.S.I.		HIG	H P.S.I		CONTROL	SET @	1	
K3VL60/B : 0			///////////////////////////////////////			157804		//OD PSI			
K3VL60/B : 0						//////////////////////////////////////	3 <i>00)</i> !!!!!!!!!!	25 GPM \/			
					,,,,,,	************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>	1 11/1	
RV510S035/:	Relief Val	///////	11/1/////			1577-		/35 / PSI\			
						/ -> 5		1	<u> </u>		
		<u> </u>									
		p 4									
D LIST AL	II. LEAKS	AND	ODDRC	FIONS	DEDI	TAD NAT	ED IN CC	MPLETING	TENER I	TOT	
D. LEGI AL	UL LILANS)					MILETING	IREL	421	
1,=576	\sim	4	グレノ	7)	4/	iop	72,	1 1		A SEC	
	1420	7 <i>E</i> .s	7 /	102	0 -	- 7.	5244	//			
									21		
	·										
									·		
									,		
UNIT APPR	OVED- VI	S	NO -				ראת	TE: 6/9/	1,9)	
OTHE ENTIN	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-D- 12	10.		•		1017.		1		

Version: B

TEST TECHNICIAN:

2 of 2

Doc ID: SFPSTR